



PATIENT

Jeter Raiello

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Retriever Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10

WEIGHT

58 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

WS

HOSPITAL NAME

Aloha Pet & Bird
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Lopez

INVOICE

13394

DATE

1/22/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- History: Jeter presents for evaluation of unilateral epistaxis from the right naris. No V/D/C/S reported.
- Diet: None reported
- Current Medications/ supplements: Unspecified antibiotic course, Eunomb 2 capsules PO q12h.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL & THORAX

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and a plain CT study of the thorax is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Skull

The tooth element 406 is absent.

The right nasal cavity is obliterated by a uniform soft tissue attenuating and heterogeneous contrast enhancing mass. Destruction of the associated nasal conchal structures is seen. The nasal septum is mildly deviated to the left by the mass effect. The right frontal sinus is filled with fluid attenuating material.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

Thorax

The most caudal aspect of the thorax is cropped by the field of view.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation pattern is uniform.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior with randomly distributed interspersed punctuate mineralization.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen, there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.



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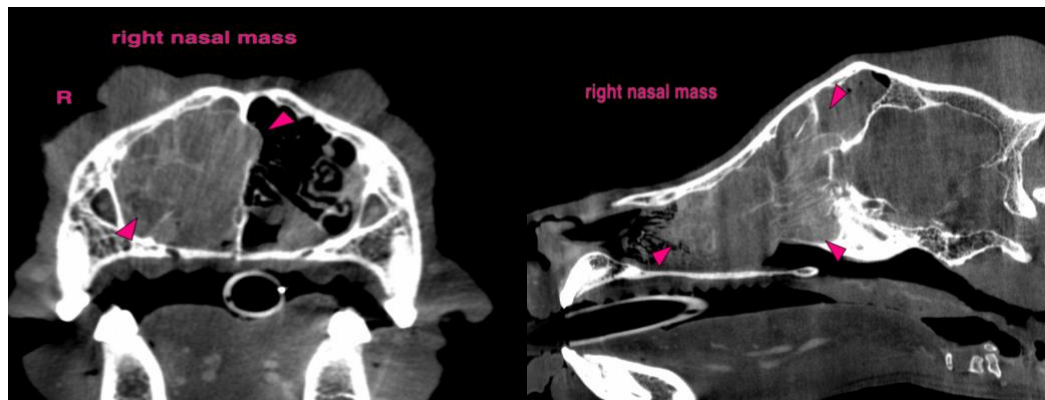
1/22/26

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Right nasal soft tissue mass
- Secondary obstructive sinusitis right frontal sinus
- Absent triadan 406
- Pulmonary osteomas
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The right nasal soft tissue mass is consistent with primary nasal soft tissue neoplasia. Differentials include adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma lymphosarcoma, other. Rhinoscopy including biopsy can be performed for specification. The Adam tumor stage is 1.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com