



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Dixie Wyckoff

limping

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Hydration: Appropriately hydrated Mentation: BAR EENT: No nasal discharge; clear no discharge OU; clean no exudate AU; No cough on tracheal

SPECIES

Canine

palpation. Oral Cavity: moderate dental tartar present Lymph Nodes: Symmetrical, no changes in size, shape, consistency Skin: Good hair coat, no signs of ectoparasites. Small pink linear dermal growth ~1 cm on ventral abdomen, small (< 1 cm) SQ mass on LF distal limb laterally CV/Respiratory: No murmur/arrhythmia or crackles/wheezing auscultated. Normal bronchovesicular sounds. Abd/GI: Soft non painful abdomen, no organomegaly, no abnormalities on abdominal palpation Uro/Perineum: N Musculoskeletal: Ambulatory x3. Toe touches with LH. Tibial thrust and cranial drawer LH stifle. BCS 7/9 Neurological: Appropriate

BREED

American Bulldog

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND LEFT STIFLE JOINT

SEX

A ventrodorsal view of the pelvis and mediolateral and craniocaudal view of the left stifle joint are provided for review.

SF

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

The osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the pelvis are within normal limits.

9 Years, 8 Months

The coxofemoral joints present smooth osseous margins. The joint space is mildly diverging medially.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The periarticular bones of the left stifle joint present mild to moderate osteophyte new bone formation and a mild to moderate intracapsular soft tissue swelling is present – distorting the infrapatellar fat pad and the fascial plane caudally. The tibia is mildly cranially subluxated.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary
Hospital

- Mild to moderate degenerative osteoarthritis left stifle joint
- Left sided cranial tibial subluxation
- Articular swelling left stifle joint

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

REFERRING VET

Dr. White

The radiographic study is consistent with left sided chronic degenerative osteoarthritis with concomitant joint effusion of the stifle joint. Given the cranial subluxation of the left tibia, failure of the cranial cruciate ligament is the diagnosis ± meniscal pathology.

INVOICE

49756

The clinically appreciated positive drawer sign and tibial compression test are supporting the diagnosis. Surgical intervention appears beneficial.

DATE

1-22-22



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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