



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Annie Elkins	Owner states kitty has been breathing heavily, or acting like she's trying to bring something up - Not a clear description. Duration of several months Indoor/outdoor kitty.
SPECIES	Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Tachypnea No weight loss No fever Bloodwork pending (CBC , Chemistry) Urinalysis pending No murmur
Feline	
BREED	RADIOGRAPH OF THE THORAX
Domestic Short Hair	Right/left lateral and vd views provided for review.
SEX	RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
FS	The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits. The extra-thoracic soft tissues are homogenous without abnormalities.
AGE	The cardiac silhouette is not well-marginated, cardiac size however is considered as normal.
10	The cranial thorax reveals some residuals of barium in the course of the esophagus. Radiopaque material/distension of the latter is not recognized.
INTERPRETED BY	Lung margins are rounded presenting retracted lungs with prominent pleural lines. The lung density appears increased throughout, the cranial thorax is not ventilated.
Sebastian Jawinski, German Board Certified Vet Specialist in Diagnostic Imaging	There are marked granular-like most probably bronchial calcifications superimposing with the cranial heart and dorsal to the trachea noted.
HOSPITAL NAME	The trachea is unremarkable in diameter and course.
Faithful Friends Animal Clinic	The mediastinum presents cranial thickening and soft tissue density. No mediastinal shift is seen.
REFERRING VET	The diaphragm is unremarkable.
Dr. Martha Rideout	RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS
INVOICE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thickening of the cranial mediastinum • Retracted lungs and pleural lines • Granular-like bronchial calcifications cranial lungs
47185	INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS
DATE	Changes of the pleura, mediastinum and the lungs speak for a chronic and more inflammatory process. Aspiration would be my favored differential showing secondary granuloma/bronchial calcification and affection of the lungs and the pleural space. If pleural effusion is not present severe pleural thickening is possible as well, again going along with a chronic issue. Sonographic evaluation of the cranial mediastinum could differentiate a mass/lymphadenopathy from
8-27-21	



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cyst/abscess/fat. Chest CT would be an alternative. A lesion of the esophagus (diverticula, ring anomaly, general distension) is not recognized.

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German Board
Certified Vet
Specialist in
Diagnostic Imaging

HOSPITAL NAME

Faithful Friends
Animal Clinic

REFERRING VET

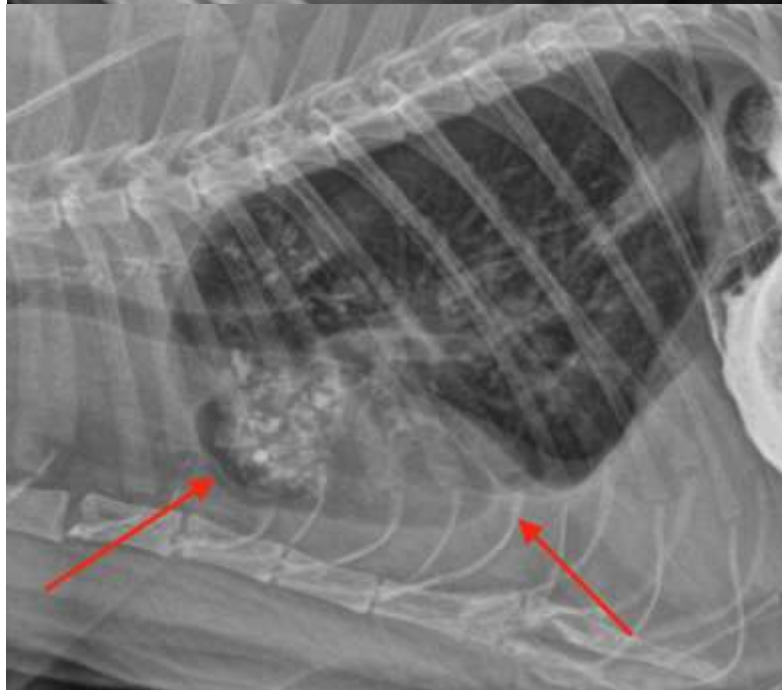
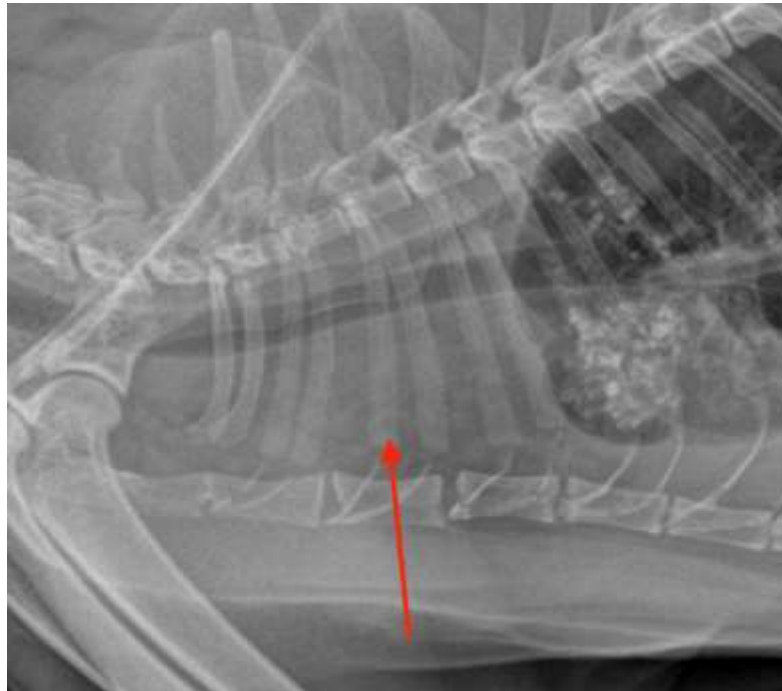
Dr. Martha Rideout

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Feline

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Sebastian Jawinski, German Board Certified Vet Specialist in Diagnostic Imaging
Sebastian.Jawinski@sonopath.com

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