



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Andy McFalls Bony swelling/enlargement on the R hock joint. Noticed today, true duration unknown. Hyporexic 1 week. Not moving around much for past 2 weeks, back legs are splaying out. Is sleeping more than usual. No BM in 2 days now. Still urinating normally. Drinking normally. No V/D/C/S.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Inflammatory leukogram. Mild elevation in SDMA. UA: marked proteinuria, hematuria, pyuria.

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED Spine:

DMH The presented spine shows moderate degenerative changes of the lumbosacral transition. There are no signs of a lytic or sclerotic process. There is no evidence of a fracture or subluxation.

SEX Hind limbs:

MN Displayed parts of the pelvis, coxofemoral joints, stifles, left tarsal joint and the metatarsal bones and paws are unremarkable. Signs of relevant joint effusion, osteolysis or synovial thickening are not recognized.

AGE

17

The right tarsal joint impresses with severe, smooth/structured new bone formation causing marked swelling especially at the medial aspects of the joint. Osteolysis and/or periosteal reactions are not obvious. Relevant soft tissue swelling/synovial thickening is not noted. The achilles tendon still is clearly delimited.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Jawinski,
German Board
Certified Vet
Specialist in
Diagnostic Imaging

Thorax/abdomen:

Chest and abdomen show regular, age-related findings without signs of an inflammatory process or even neoplastic/metastatic disease.

HOSPITAL NAME

River Valley
Veterinary Wellness
Clinic

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Severe degenerative changes of the right tarsal joint with marked, smooth and structured new bone formation
- Moderate ventral spondylosis L7/S1

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

REFERRING VET

Devashree Pala

The changes detected at the level of the right tarsal joint appear non-reactive and present structured new bone formation without signs of a florid process. These findings are for example seen with primary (synovial) osteochondromatosis and are interpreted as degenerative and non-aggressive. (Erosive) Osteoarthritis is another differential. Secondary inflammation/activation due to improper load is possible. Neoplasia is currently not suspected.

INVOICE

58207

DATE

5-9-23



PATIENT

Andy McFalls

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DMH

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

HOSPITAL NAME

River Valley
Veterinary Wellness
Clinic

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Sebastian Jawinski, German Board Certified Vet Specialist in Diagnostic Imaging
Sebastian.Jawinski@sonopath.com

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Devashree Pala

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