



PATIENT

Kali Anderer

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Australian Shepherd
Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11 Years

WEIGHT

51 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sara Brethel DVM,
DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

Kristen Henry, DVM

INVOICE

35122

DATE

12/29/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: On Global FAST scan, appreciated changes in liver, possible changes in spleen, and one area of B lines in chest -- concern for cancerous changes, recommend thoracic radiographs for metastasis check and to visualize liver as well. Due to possible early metastasis in lungs, suspected liver mass, and intermittent cough, do not recommend anesthesia at this time. Bicavitary scan to screen for disease prior to considering anesthesia for mass removal on leg.

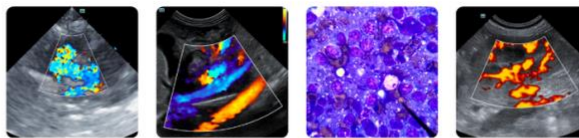
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Thoracic radiographs: Radiographs are of diagnostic quality. The cardiac silhouette is mildly enlarged (VHS ~11) and is mildly rounded (especially left lateral view). There are mild age related bronchointerstitial lung changes throughout the thorax, as well as rounded increased opacities ventral to the carina (best visible Left lateral). The pleural space and mediastinum are normal, no lymph node enlargement present. The trachea is normal without compression or collapse. The included abdomen reveals a normal gas distended stomach and few normal small intestinal loops. There is suspected enlarged liver lobe ventral to stomach on Left lateral view.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	Underest	--	1.13	1.0	41.17	--	NM
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LAD LA MAX 4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	--	1.87	0.91	23.18	3.4	3.4	2.0

Cardiac Presentation

The mitral valve leaflets are mildly thickened with mild mitral regurgitation posteriorly directed. There is no prolapse of the mitral valve leaflets. The left atrial size is normal. Left ventricular internal dimensions during diastole are within normal limits and systolic function is preserved in the face of mitral regurgitation. There is normal right atrial size without tricuspid regurgitation. There is no prolapse of the tricuspid valve leaflets and no evidence of pulmonary hypertension based upon tricuspid regurgitant velocities. The right ventricle subjectively appears normal in structure and function. The aortic and pulmonic valves have normal morphology and the corresponding outflow



PATIENT

Kali Anderer

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Australian Shepherd
Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11 Years

WEIGHT

51 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sara Brethel DVM,
DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

Kristen Henry, DVM

INVOICE

35122

DATE

12/29/25

velocities are within normal limits. There is no evidence of pulmonic or aortic insufficiency. The aorta appears normal. The pulmonary artery and associated branches appear normal. There is no evidence of pleural effusion, pericardial effusion, or intracardiac masses.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

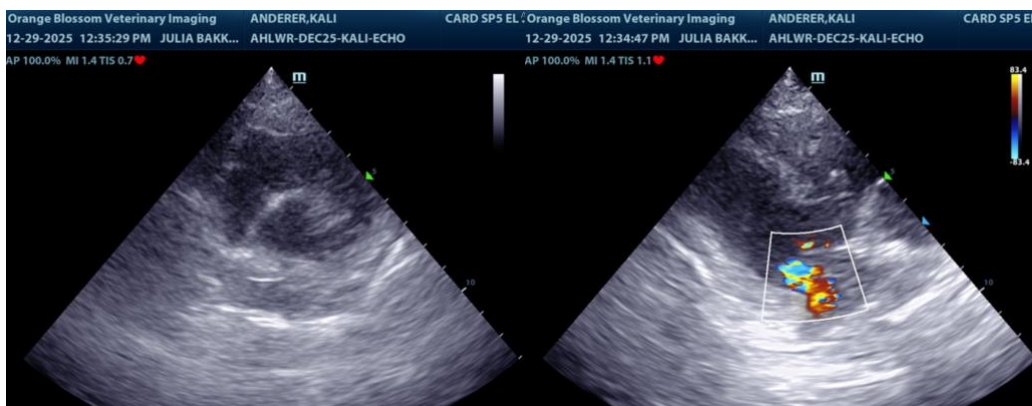
- Degenerative valve disease, ACVIM stage B-1

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The patient has degenerative valve disease ACVIM stage B1 and no cardiac medications are indicated at this time. Since this can be a progressive condition, serial monitoring is recommended. A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 10-12 months. A sooner recheck is recommended if the patient develops cardiovascular clinical signs or the heart murmur is worsening in intensity. Elective anesthetic procedures should be well tolerated.

Recommend obtaining a blood pressure on the patient to ensure it is <160mmHg. If the blood pressure is elevated recommend following ACVIM guidelines for systemic hypertension and treating if indicated.

Standard perioperative fluid rates should be well-tolerated. Medications like dexmedetomidine and other alpha 2 agonists are best avoided. Ketamine is also best avoided. Anticholinergics can be used in the case of a clinically significant bradyarrhythmia (i.e., bradycardia with concurrent hypotension). If the patient is on an ACEi, recommend not giving this therapy the day of anesthesia.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sara Brethel DVM, DACVIM (Cardiology)

info@SonoPath.com



PATIENT

Kali Anderer

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Australian Shepherd
Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11 Years

WEIGHT

51 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sara Brethel DVM,
DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

Kristen Henry, DVM

INVOICE

35122

DATE

12/29/25