



PATIENT

Jack Stanton

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi Mix

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

12 years

WEIGHT

36.5 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Hamburg VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Branning

INVOICE

73404

DATE

3/11/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Vomiting, anorexia since Sunday
- History of Dexamethasone PO for OA. (0.5 mg PRN)
- Medications : Dexamethasone, mirtax, cerenia, pepcid, gabapentin
- BUN = 42, Creatinine = 2.8 GLC = 342 HCT = 32.8 on 3/11/26 AlkPhos = 1,936 P = 7.5

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is small with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 5.5 cm, right measured 5.8 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern is evident in both kidneys.

The prostate was small and hypoechogenic measuring 0.9 cm in width.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 1.91 cm in length x 0.39 cm and 0.44 cm in width. The right adrenal gland measured 1.73 cm in length x 0.62 cm and 0.75 cm in width.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 2.6 cm in width.

Liver

Normal size with a diffuse, increased echogenic appearance, normal portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.



PATIENT

Jack Stanton

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi Mix

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

12 years

WEIGHT

36.5 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Hamburg VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Branning

INVOICE

73404

DATE

3/11/26

Gallbladder

The gallbladder is full containing a small amount of dependent, hyperechogenic sediment/small choleliths. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

The pancreas is enlarged (left pancreas measured 1.0 cm in width with a mottled, echogenic and nodular appearance and an irregular capsule. Increased echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Pancreatitis.
- Hepatopathy.
- Gallbladder sediment/small choleliths.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The appearance of the pancreas would be consistent with pancreatitis; however, pancreatic neoplasia needs to be considered as a differential diagnosis.

The most likely etiology for the hepatopathy would be reactive hyperplasia secondary to the pancreatitis with vacuolar and metabolic differential diagnosis, hepatitis and infiltrative neoplasia would be a less likely differential diagnosis.

Further assessment would be CPL/PSL assay and if there is not satisfactory improvement then FNA cytology of the pancreas and liver.

Management of the pancreatitis would be fluid therapy, antiemetics, opioid analgesics and feeding small frequent meals of a low fat intestinal type diet.



PATIENT

Jack Stanton

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi Mix

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

12 years

WEIGHT

36.5 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
 MMedVet (Med),
 PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Hamburg VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Branning

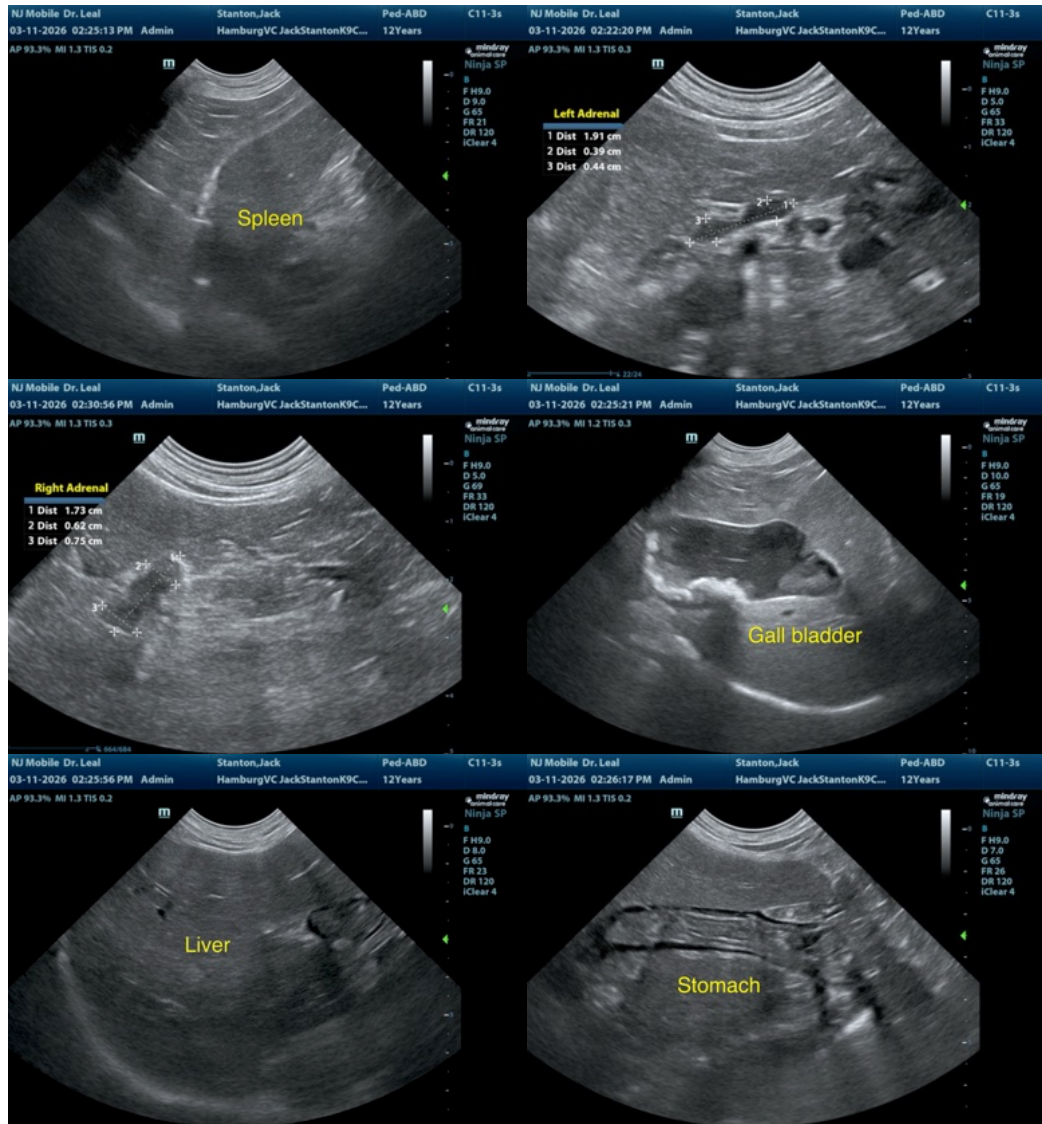
INVOICE

73404

DATE

3/11/26

Monitoring of blood glucose would be recommended and if there is not a satisfactory improvement once the pancreatitis is resolving then insulin therapy may be required.





PATIENT

Jack Stanton

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi Mix

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

12 years

WEIGHT

36.5 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Hamburg VC

REFERRING VET

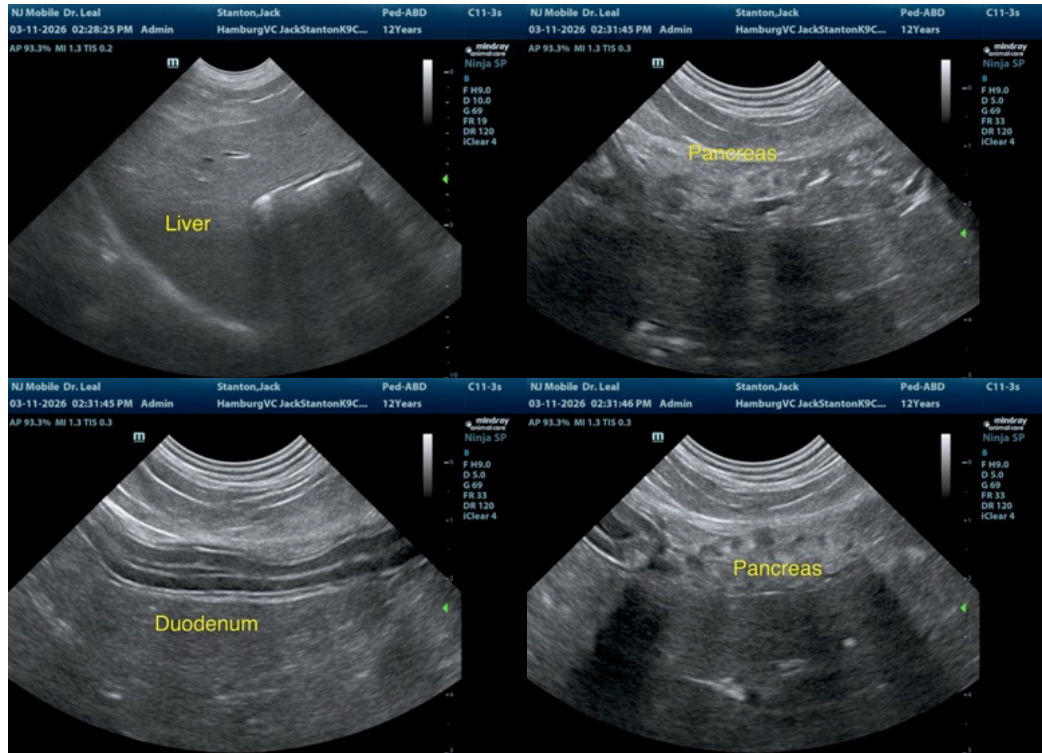
Dr. Branning

INVOICE

73404

DATE

3/11/26



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com