



PATIENT

Remi Wild

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Germand Shepherd

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

9 years

WEIGHT

95 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rebecca Barnard

HOSPITAL NAME

Southkent VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Kursch

INVOICE

75225

DATE

5/5/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Anemia present on CBC in clinic, low platelets as well. Tender abdomen and potential mass like effect on abdominal radiograph. Strange episode last night - falling over, unsteady on feet, head tilt, nystagmus
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: RBC5.16M/ μ L, Hematocrit 33.0%, Hemoglobin 12.0 g/dL
Plateletcrit 0.13%,

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is full with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal left renal size (left measured 4.2 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern is evident.

The right kidney was not visualized.

The prostate is small and hypoechogenic.

Adrenal Glands

The adrenal glands were not visualized.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. A large, irregular, mottled echogenic poorly vascularized mass in the head of the spleen measuring 4.0 x 7.0 cm. The spleen measures 1.7 cm in width. Hyperechogenic appearance of the mesentery surrounding the mass.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.



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Gallbladder

The gallbladder is small containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

The pancreas was not visualized.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

A small amount of ascites is present.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Splenic mass.
- Gallbladder sediment.
- Ascites.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The likely etiologies for the splenic mass would be hematoma, granuloma and neoplasia such as hemangiosarcoma.

The ascites can be ascribed as secondary to the splenic mass.

The gallbladder sediment can be considered an incidental finding.

Further assessment would be three view thoracic radiographs and echocardiography to evaluate the right atrium and right auricle.

FNA cytology of the splenic mass could also be considered.

Splenectomy would be indicated as it could be both diagnostic and therapeutic with further specific therapy dependent on an etiological diagnosis.



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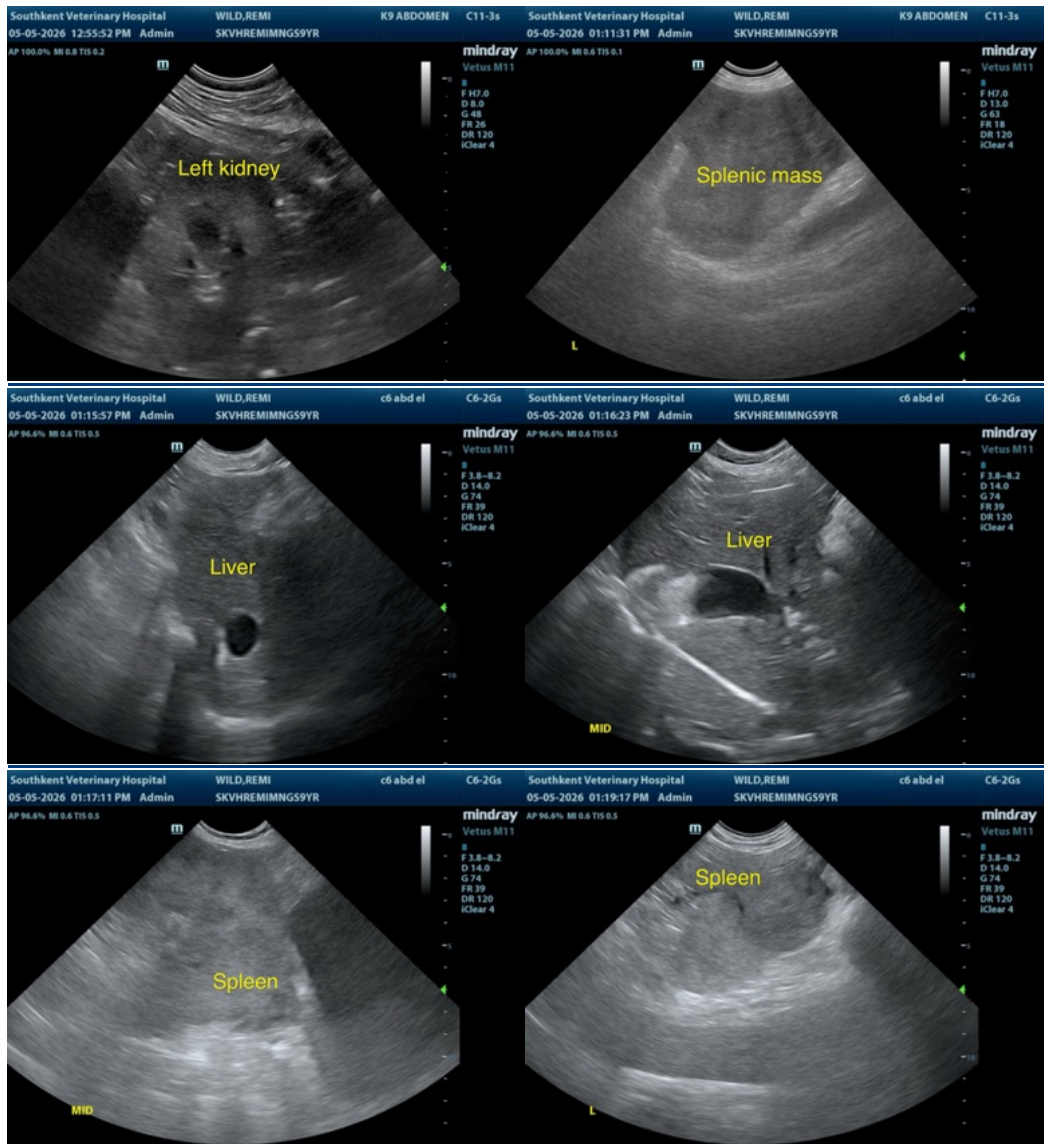
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

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