

PATIENT

Hopscotch Zimmerman

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic Shorthair

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

12.5 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenna Smith CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Annville Cleona VA

REFERRING VET

Dr. Keck

INVOICE

72074

DATE

3/2/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Weight loss and Normal bloodwork 2/16/26. Ddx: IBD or GI Lymphoma

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is full with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. A small amount of floating, hyperechogenic sediment is noted.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 3.9 cm, right measured 3.9 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern was noted in the kidneys.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.42 cm in width. The right adrenal gland was not clearly visualized, but appears to be of normal shape, echogenic appearance and size.

Spleen

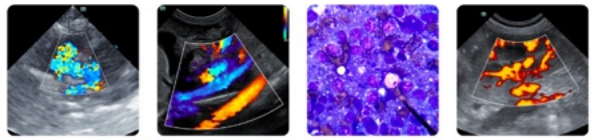
The spleen was diffusely enlarged and measured 1.3 cm in width with a decreased echogenic appearance, but maintained a smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.

Gallbladder

The gallbladder is full containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.



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Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen. The small intestine measured up to 0.3 cm.

Pancreas

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Splenomegaly.
- Urinary bladder sediment.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Etiologies for the splenomegaly would be reactive hyperplasia, splenitis and possibly infiltrative neoplasia.

The most likely etiology for the urinary bladder sediment would be incidental debris with crytalluria, hematuria and bacterial cystitis a less likely differential diagnosis.

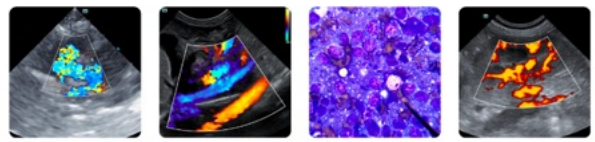
Although the GI tract appears ultrasonographically normal, with the presenting clinical signs an underlying enteropathy such as dietary hypersensitivity, inflammatory bowel disease and parasitic enteritis should still be considered.

Lymphoma and granulomatous enteritis would be an unlikely differential diagnosis.

Further assessment would be urine and fecal analysis, possibly urine culture, cobalamin and folate assay, endoscopy of the upper GI tract with biopsies and FNA cytology of the spleen.

Specific therapy would be dependent on an etiological diagnosis.

Symptomatic management that can be considered would be feeding a novel protein/hypoallergenic diet, course of Fenbendazole, cobalamin supplementation and if there is still not a satisfactory improvement then a course of Prednisolone would then be indicated.



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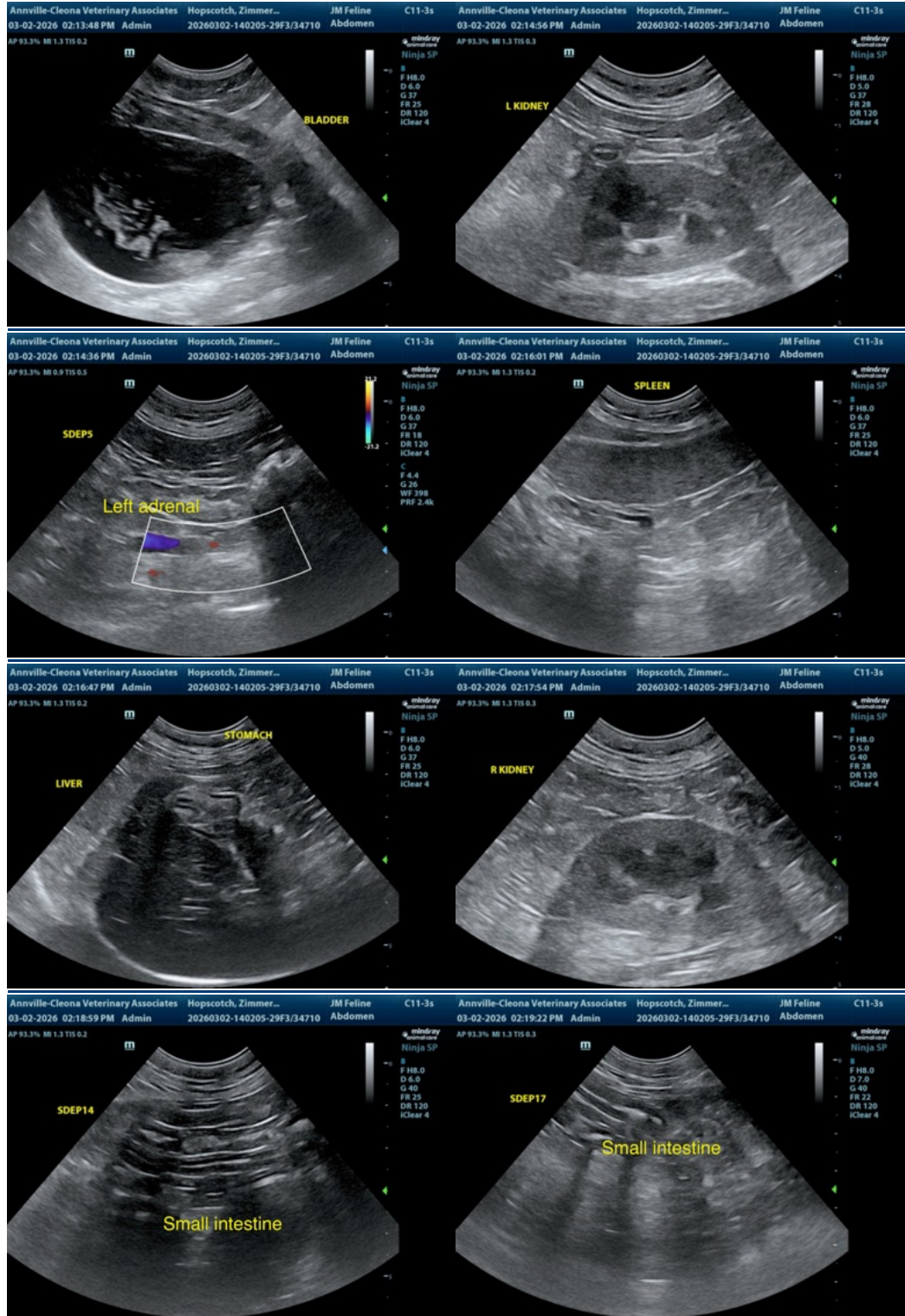
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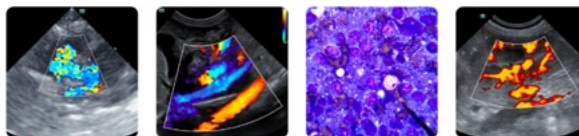
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com