



PATIENT

Kiara Hawkins

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

9 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM (Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Danielle Shemanski
DVM, MA

HOSPITAL NAME

Western New York
Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Brenda Buck, DVM

INVOICE

14318

DATE

03/13/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- RDVM REASON FOR REFERRAL:
- The patient presented with a history of pollakiuria, stranguria, and inappropriate elimination, potentially secondary to cystitis or behavioral factors. Kiara is completing a regimen of Clavamox and she is still visiting the litter box multiple times demonstrating prolonged posturing with minimal urine production. The owner also reported hematuria. Appetite and mentation are otherwise within normal limits.
- Of note: Symptoms started shortly after Kiara and the family moved from GA to NY
- These symptoms happened in the past after a different family move
- MEDICATIONS: just finished Clavamox

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: UA: USG >1.050 RBCs and cocci detected

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Small almost empty urinary bladder with a normal thickness (0.30 cm) and smooth appearance of the wall. No sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size, architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. The left kidney measured 3.9 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.4 cm in length. Normal color flow pattern was evident in both kidneys.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. The left adrenal gland measured 0.36 cm in width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.43 cm in width.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 0.80 cm in width.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.

Gallbladder



PATIENT

Kiara Hawkins

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

9 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM (Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Danielle Shemanski
DVM, MA

HOSPITAL NAME

Western New York
Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Brenda Buck, DVM

INVOICE

14318

DATE

03/13/26

Full gallbladder containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

Visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

Thorax

Normal appearance of the heart. No pleural or pericardial effusion was evident.

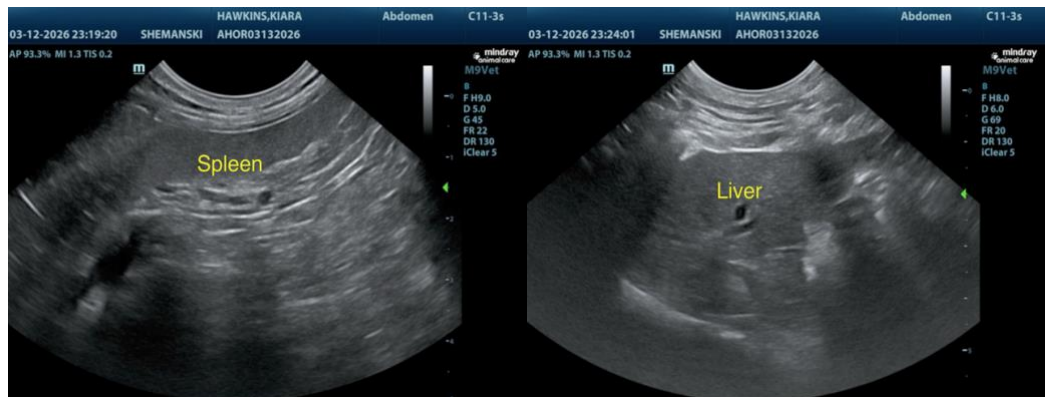
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Normal ultrasound examination of the abdomen.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

As the urinary bladder is almost empty, which may be masking urinary bladder pathology, with the patient's history and presenting clinical signs, the most likely diagnosis would be feline interstitial/idiopathic cystitis.

Further assessment would be to repeat the ultrasound when the bladder contains more urine. Management of feline interstitial/idiopathic cystitis would be feeding a urinary-specific diet and environmental enrichment.





PATIENT

Kiara Hawkins

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

9 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM (Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Danielle Shemanski
DVM, MA

HOSPITAL NAME

Western New York
Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

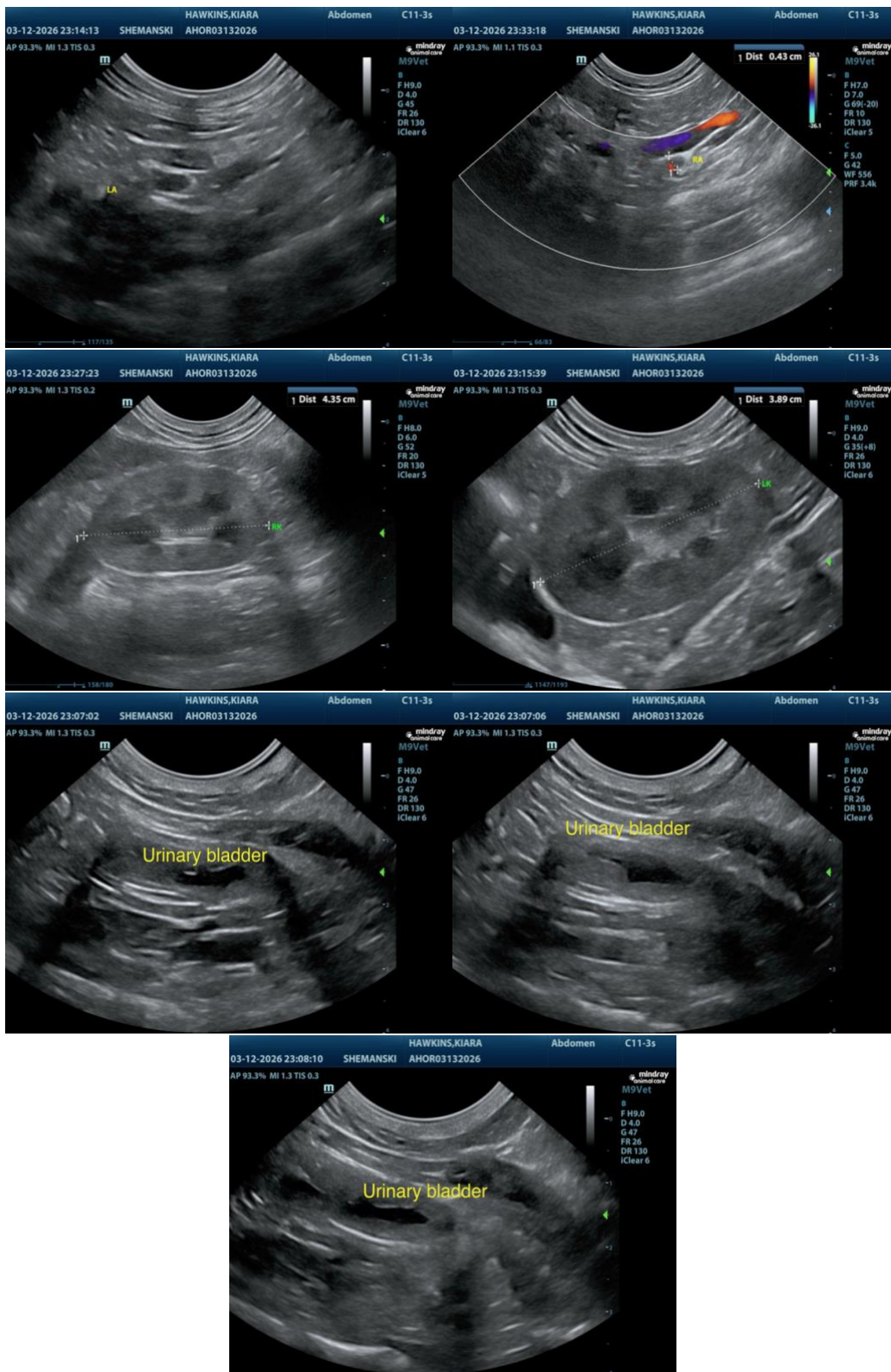
Dr. Brenda Buck, DVM

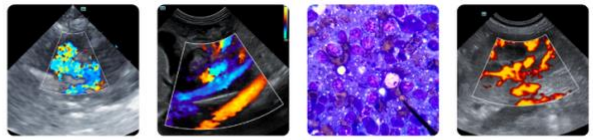
INVOICE

14318

DATE

03/13/26





PATIENT

Kiara Hawkins

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

9 pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM (Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Danielle Shemanski
DVM, MA

HOSPITAL NAME

Western New York
Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Brenda Buck, DVM

INVOICE

14318

DATE

03/13/26

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com