



## PATIENT

Scotch Malfoy Johnson

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Labrador Retriever Mix

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

9 years

## WEIGHT

76 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,  
MMedVet (Med),  
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Varujan  
Belekdanian

## HOSPITAL NAME

Overpeck Creek AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Varujan  
Belekdanian

## INVOICE

71997

## DATE

2/26/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Scotch is a 9-year-old MN Labrador Retriever mix who presented for an AUS. Patient is having some symptoms of PU/PD according to owner.
- Rise in the patient's ALP (748 on 1/23/2026 vs 290 on 1/24/2025). Aside from a rise in ALP, lab work was overall unremarkable - urine concentration was around 1.042.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### *Urinary System*

The urinary bladder is small with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 6.5 cm, right measured 6.6 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern is evident in both kidneys.

The prostate is small and hypoechogenic.

### *Adrenal Glands*

The left adrenal gland is normal in shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.72 cm in width. The right adrenal gland was not visualized.

### *Spleen*

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 2.6 cm in width.

### *Liver*

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.



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## ***Gallbladder***

The gallbladder is full containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

## ***Gastrointestinal***

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

## ***Pancreas***

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

## ***Free Abdomen***

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

## **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Normal ultrasound examination of the abdomen.

## **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

On this ultrasound there is no obvious etiology for the presenting clinical signs or the elevated ALP activity. The urine specific gravity of 1.042 is not consistent with the history of polyuria and polydipsia.

Although the liver appears ultrasonographically normal, with the elevated ALP activity an underlying hepatopathy such as reactive hyperplasia, vacuolar and metabolic should still be considered.

Further assessment would be FNA cytology of the liver; however, a tru cut or wedge biopsy may be required for a final etiological diagnosis.

Symptomatic management that can be considered would be the use of Ursodiol with regular monitoring of liver enzyme activity.



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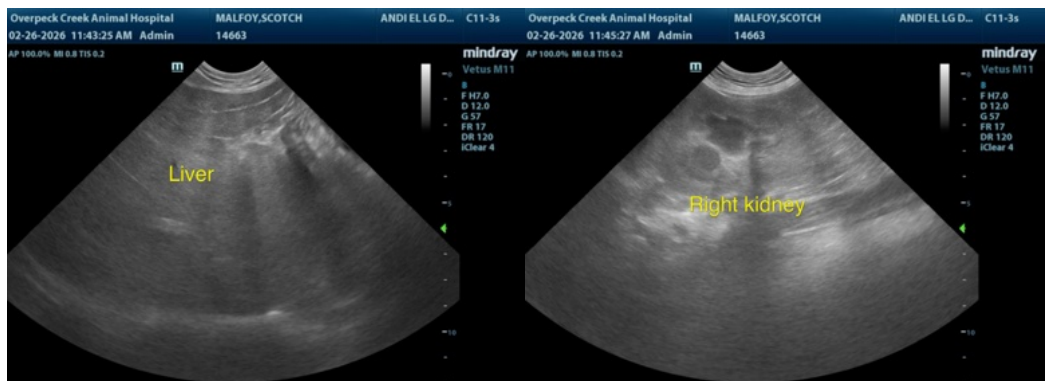
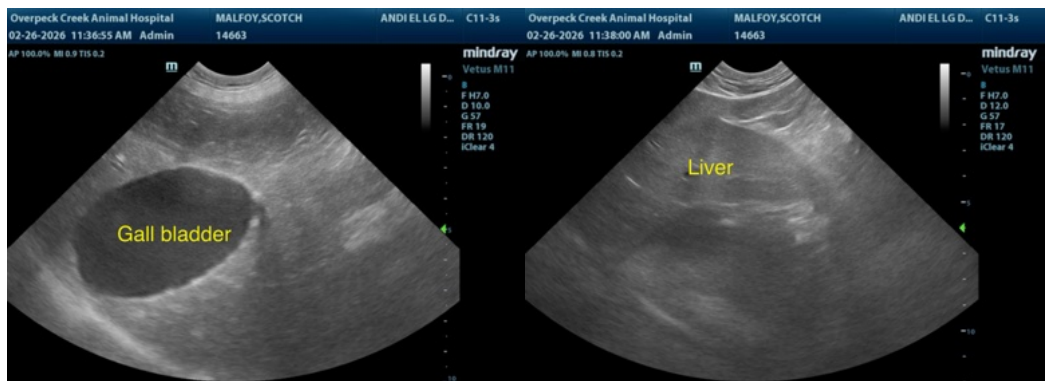
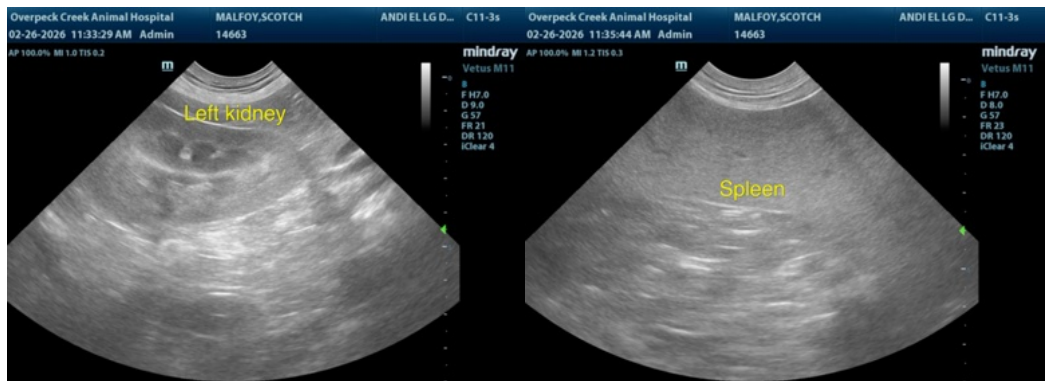
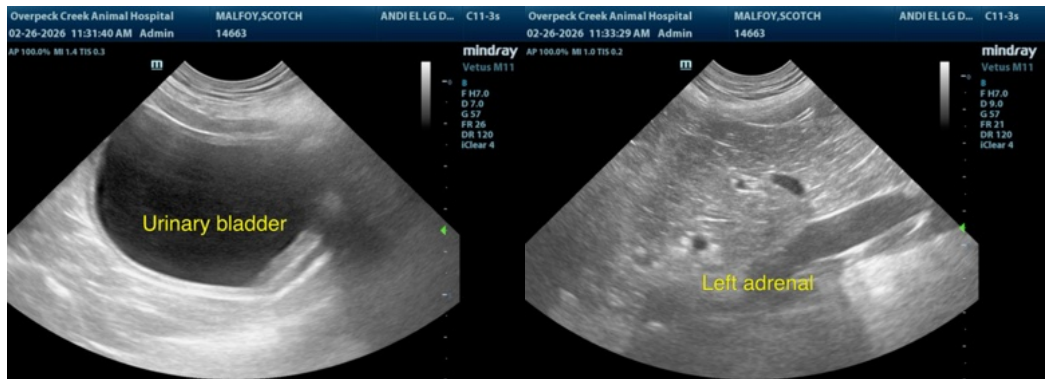
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

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