



PATIENT

Frodo Cochran

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic Shorthair

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

13 years

WEIGHT

8 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Arch Gordon

HOSPITAL NAME

Coral Ridge AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Gordon

INVOICE

71133

DATE

2/2/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Weight loss and intermittent vomiting
- Slight anemia on CBC- otherwise labs unremarkable - HCT 302 - (31 -51 %) pro BNP elevated at 152 (0-100 pml l) fecal negative

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is full with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. A moderate amount of floating, hyperechogenic sediment.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 3.7 cm, right measured 3.9 cm), increased echogenic appearance, some loss of cortico-medullary differentiation and normal pelvis and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.75 cm in length x 0.31 and 0.28 cm in width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.85 cm in length x 0.24 cm and 0.21 cm in width.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 0.6 cm in width.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.

Gallbladder

The gallbladder is full containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.



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Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen. Normal thickness of the small intestine (up to 0.3 cm) with no loss of layering, but with segmental increase in the muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal peristaltic activity and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Prominent mesenteric lymph nodes measuring up to 0.4 x 1.0 cm in size maintaining a normal shape and echogenic appearance.

No ascites evident.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Enteropathy.
- Mesenteric lymphadenomegaly.
- Urinary bladder sediment.
- Age related renal changes versus early chronic kidney disease.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Etiologies for the enteropathy would be dietary hypersensitivity and inflammatory bowel disease with emerging lymphoma a less likely differential diagnosis.

The most likely etiology for the mesenteric lymphadenomegaly would be reactive hyperplasia secondary to the enteropathy with lymphadenitis and infiltrative neoplasia a less likely differential diagnosis.

The most likely etiology for the urinary bladder sediment would be incidental debris with crystalluria and bacterial cystitis a less likely differential diagnosis.

Further assessment would be urinalysis, possibly urine culture, cobalamin and folate assay and endoscopy of the upper GI tract with biopsies.

Specific therapy would be dependent on an etiological diagnosis. Symptomatic management that can be considered would be feeding small, frequent meals of a novel protein/hypoallergenic diet, cobalamin supplementation and if there is still not a satisfactory improvement then a course of Prednisolone would then be indicated.



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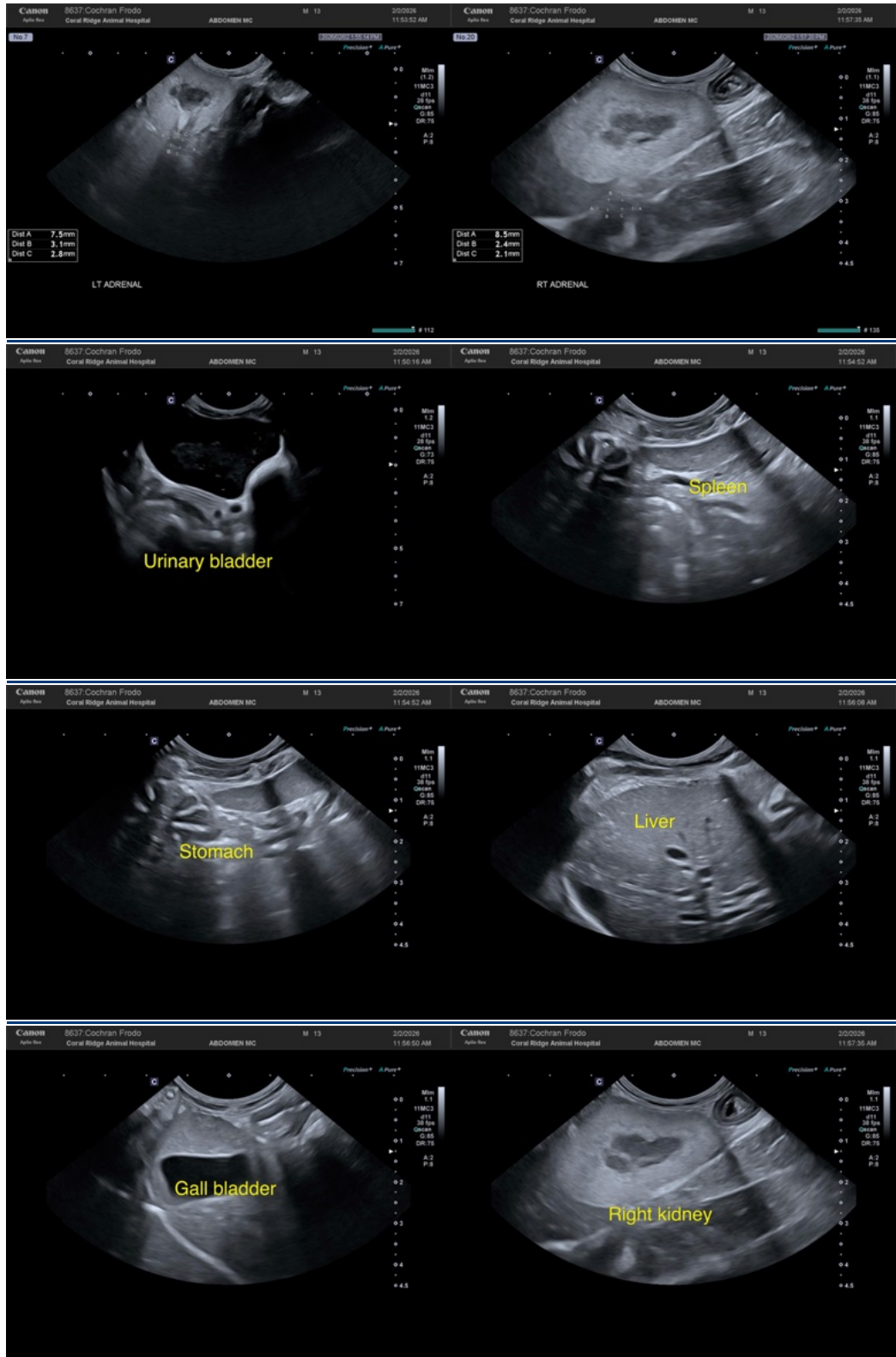
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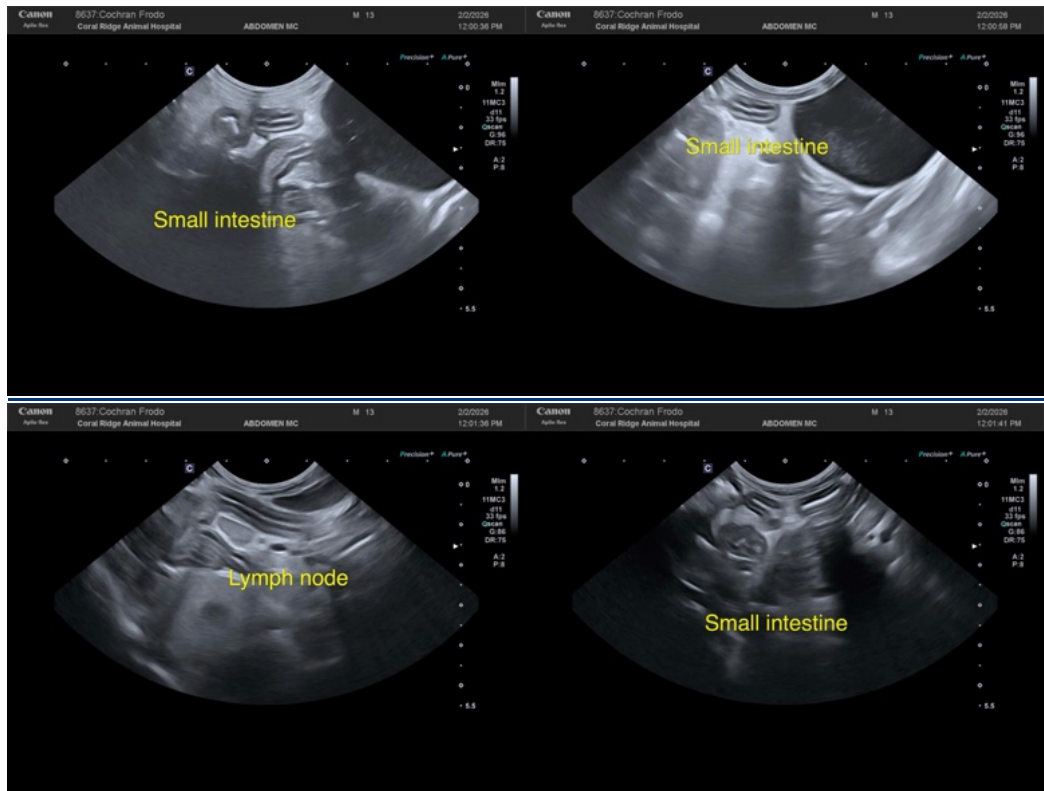
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com