



PATIENT

Finn Donhaiser

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Catahoula Leopard

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

65 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti BVSc,
MMedVet, PhD,
DECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

Courtney Carroll, DVM

INVOICE

35657

DATE

2/2/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Pet has confirmed Mast Cell tumor on top of head. Requesting abdominal US to rule out metastasis prior to treatment.
- FNA of two splenic lesions and general liver sample taken today to screen for mast cells
- Pet sedated with dexdomitor for scan

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Small urinary bladder with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident. Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels. Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Small hypoechoic prostate was present.

Normal renal size, architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Both kidneys measured 6.2 cm. Normal colorflow pattern was evident in both kidneys.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. The left adrenal gland measured 2.79 cm in length x 0.62 cm and 0.57 cm in width. The right adrenal gland measured 2.56 cm in length x 0.45 cm in width.

Spleen

Normal size (2.4 cm in width) and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. 2 focal hypoechoic non-vascularized parenchymal nodules were noted in the body of the spleen, one measuring approximately 0.6 cm x 1.1 cm in size, and the other one measuring 0.6 cm in size.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.

Gallbladder

Full gallbladder, containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.



PATIENT

Finn Donhaiser

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Catahoula Leopard

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

65 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti BVSc,
MMedVet, PhD,
DECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

Courtney Carroll, DVM

INVOICE

35657

DATE

2/2/26

Pancreas

Visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

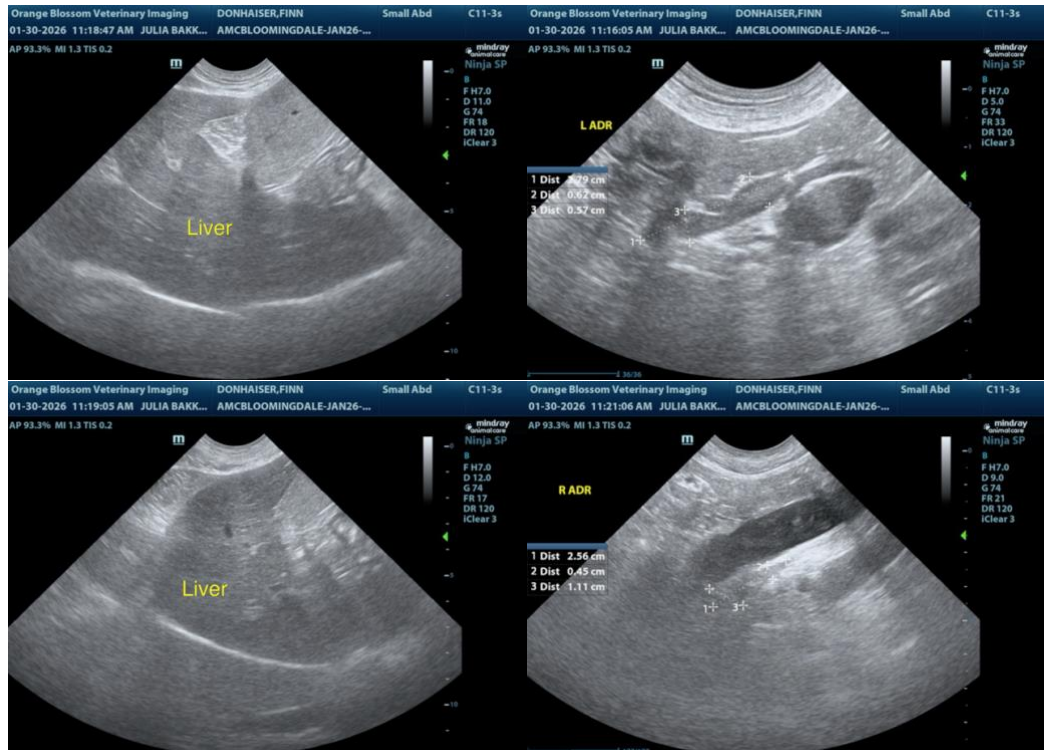
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Splenic nodules

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The most likely etiology for the splenic nodules would be incidental, reactive hyperplasia/extramedullary hematopoiesis, with hematoma, granuloma, and neoplasia less likely differential diagnoses.

Further assessment and therapy needs to be based on the pending cytology results.





PATIENT

Finn Donhaier

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Catahoula Leopard

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

65 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti BVSc,
MMedVet, PhD,
DECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Julia Bakker, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Orange Blossom VI

REFERRING VET

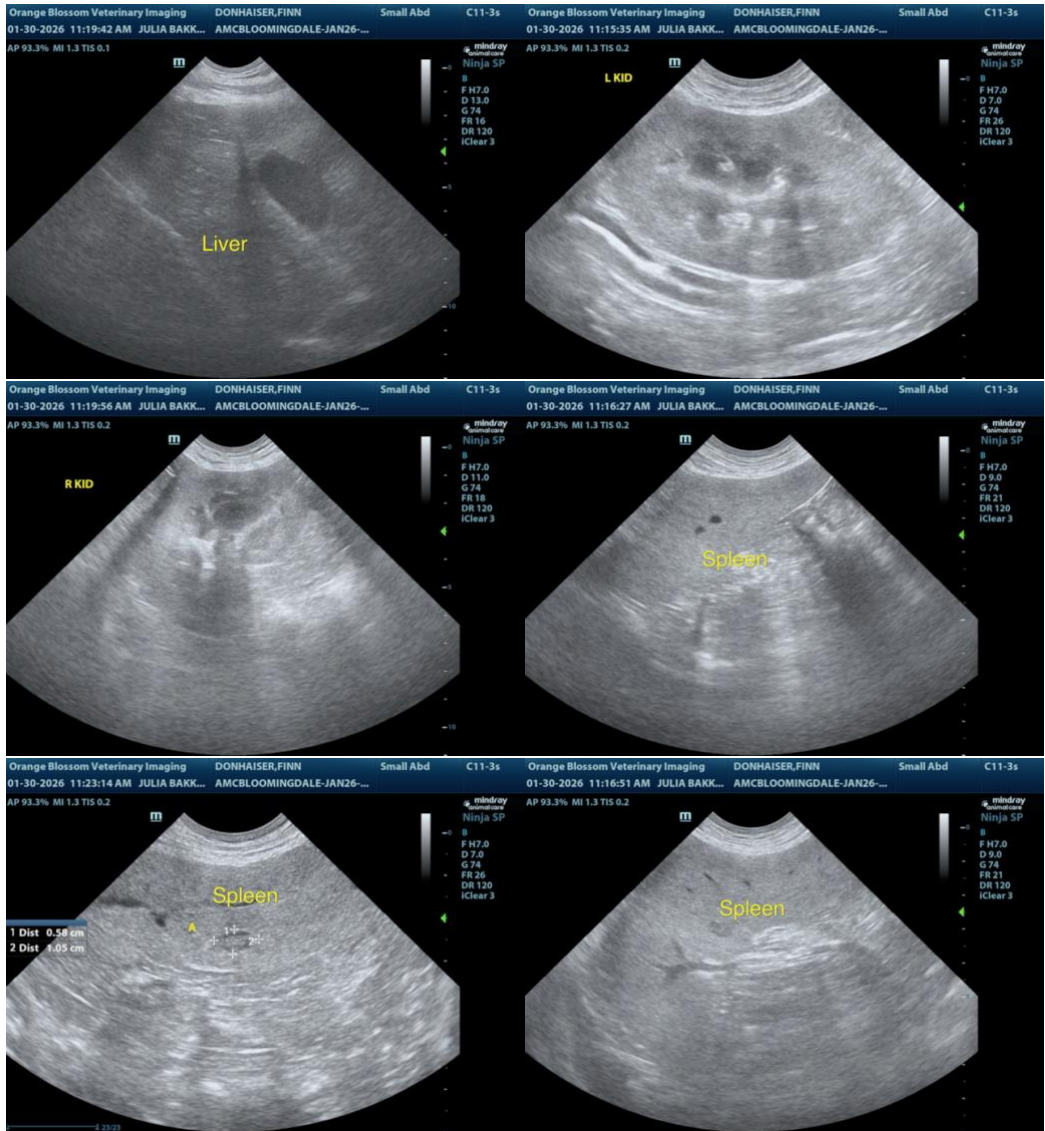
Courtney Carroll, DVM

INVOICE

35657

DATE

2/2/26



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com