



PATIENT

Freyja Kurz

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pitbull Terrier

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

3 years

WEIGHT

63 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Melissa Rosen

HOSPITAL NAME

South Bellmore
Veterinary Group

REFERRING VET

Dr. Franko

INVOICE

69270

DATE

12/3/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: anxious vomited multiple times yesterday morning, did not eat was fine last night no change in diet, eating cooked meat mainly hx stomach issues no c/s, diarrhea looks dark and tarry per owner
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: vomiting diarrhea (dark and tarry at home) did not eat breakfast yesterday ALT >1000 - r/o infectious, toxic insult, pancreatitis, neoplasia, other ... Chem17, CBC: hemoconcentration ALT >1000 pli: 288 high Lepto snap- negative sending out cortisol today (12/3/2025)

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is full with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. A small amount of floating, hyperechogenic sediment.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 6.5 cm, right measured 7.1 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.46 cm in width. The right adrenal gland was poorly visualized, but appears to be of normal shape, echogenic appearance and size.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 3.0 cm in width.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.



PATIENT

Freyja Kurz

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pitbull Terrier

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

3 years

WEIGHT

63 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Melissa Rosen

HOSPITAL NAME

South Bellmore
Veterinary Group

REFERRING VET

Dr. Franko

INVOICE

69270

DATE

12/3/25

Gallbladder

The gallbladder is full containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Urinary bladder sediment.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

In essence a normal ultrasound examination of the abdomen as the urinary bladder sediment is most likely incidental debris with crystalluria and bacterial cystitis unlikely differential diagnosis.

On this ultrasound there is no obvious etiology for the presenting clinical signs.

Although the liver appears ultrasonographically normal with the presenting clinical signs and the severely ALT activity, acute hepatitis would be an important differential diagnosis with etiologies being toxin, viral and bacterial.

Further assessment that can be considered would be urinalysis and FNA cytology of the liver. Management would be to continue with the current therapy, feed small frequent meals of a good quality protein diet and adding Ursodiol with regular monitoring of liver enzyme activity.



PATIENT

Freyja Kurz

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pitbull Terrier

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

3 years

WEIGHT

63 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Melissa Rosen

HOSPITAL NAME

South Bellmore
Veterinary Group

REFERRING VET

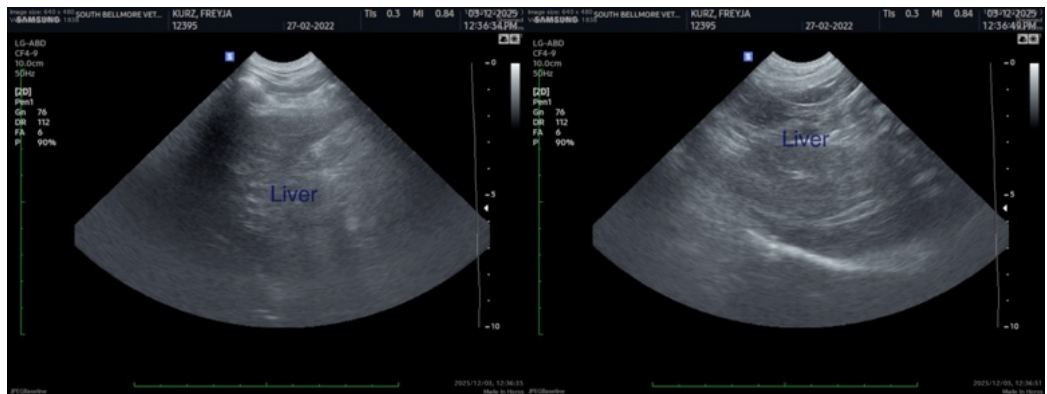
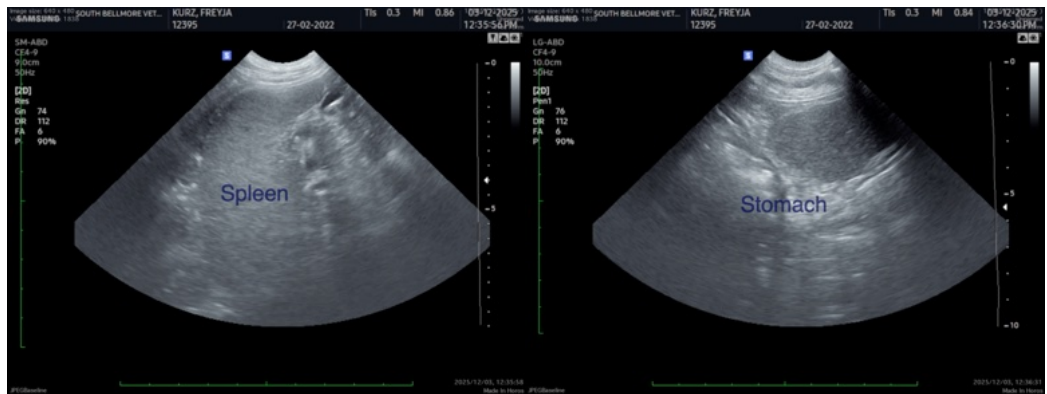
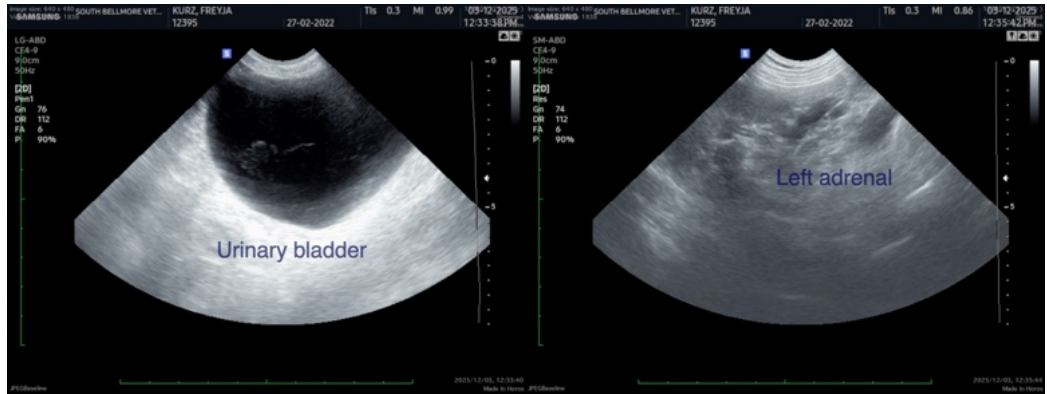
Dr. Franko

INVOICE

69270

DATE

12/3/25





PATIENT

Freyja Kurz

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pitbull Terrier

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

3 years

WEIGHT

63 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Melissa Rosen

HOSPITAL NAME

South Bellmore
Veterinary Group

REFERRING VET

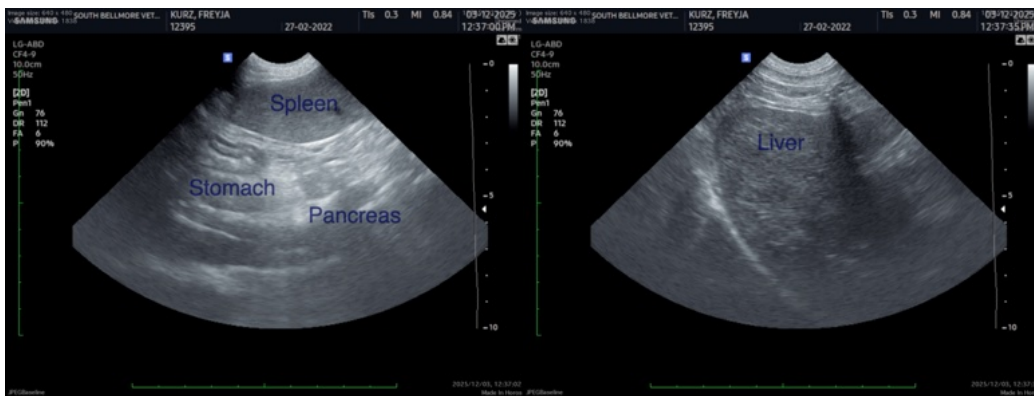
Dr. Franko

INVOICE

69270

DATE

12/3/25



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com