



PATIENT

Molly Greenwald

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pomeranian Mix

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

9 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Brandi Kurzowski

HOSPITAL NAME

Corfu VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Greil

INVOICE

69239

DATE

12/2/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: P presented 11/17 for vomiting with blood. Right lateral abdominal radiograph: gastric stomach appears empty. Gas present throughout intestinal tract. No obvious masses or foreign bodies present. P was treated outpatient with cerenia and sent home with cerenia, sucralfate, and fortiflora, and bland diet. 11/28 o notes that p was improving, but not eating again and vomiting bile/blood-restarted carafate, cerenia, and fortiflora.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 11/17/25 CBC: NSF Chem 17: BUN 31 mg/dL (7-27) H ; Amylase 1714 U/L (500-1500) H ; Lipase 5065 U/L (200-1800) H Lytes: WNL

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is small with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 3.6 cm, right measured 3.7 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern is evident in both kidneys.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.3 cm in width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.32 cm in width.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 0.9 cm in width.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.



PATIENT

Molly Greenwald

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pomeranian Mix

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

9 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Brandi Kurzowski

HOSPITAL NAME

Corfu VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Greil

INVOICE

69239

DATE

12/2/25

Gallbladder

The gallbladder is full containing a moderate amount of non-adhered, hyperechogenic sediment. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

Pancreas

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

Free Abdomen

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Gallbladder sediment.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

In essence a normal ultrasound examination of the abdomen with no obvious etiology for the presenting clinical signs.

The gallbladder sediment can be considered an incidental finding.

Etiologies to consider for the presenting clinical signs would be chronic gastritis, Helicobacter gastritis, parasitic gastroenteritis, ulcerative disease, low-grade pancreatitis and atypical Addison's disease.

Further assessment would be fecal analysis, basal cortisol and/or an ACTH stimulation test and endoscopy of the upper GI tract with biopsies.

Specific therapy would be dependent on an etiological diagnosis. Symptomatic management would be to continue with the current therapy and feed small frequent meals of a low fat, intestinal type diet.



PATIENT

Molly Greenwald

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pomeranian Mix

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

9 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Brandi Kurzowski

HOSPITAL NAME

Corfu VC

REFERRING VET

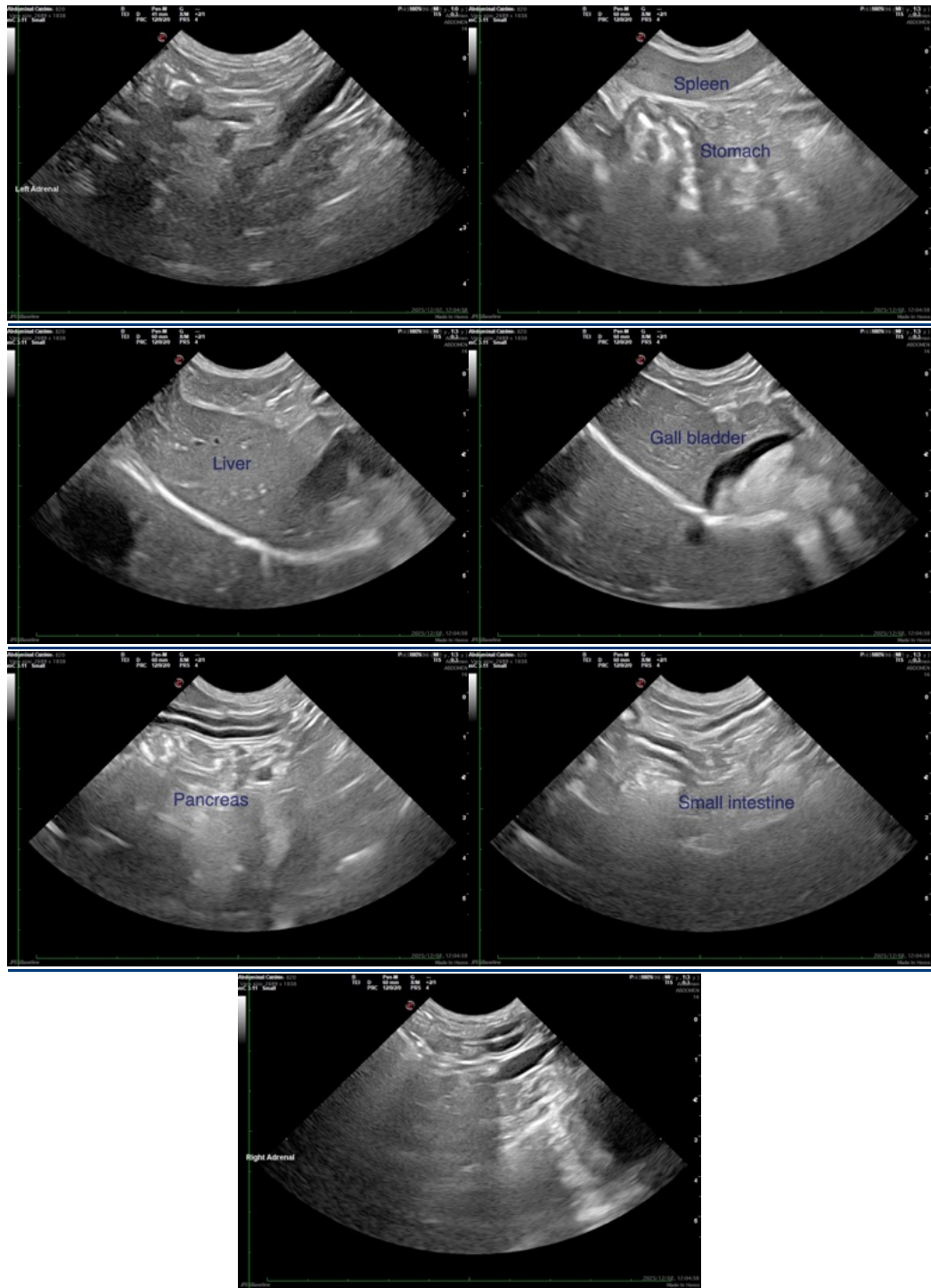
Dr. Greil

INVOICE

69239

DATE

12/2/25



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.



PATIENT

Molly Greenwald

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pomeranian Mix

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

9 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med),
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Brandi Kurzowski

HOSPITAL NAME

Corfu VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Greil

INVOICE

69239

DATE

12/2/25

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com