



## PATIENT

Jack Wagner

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

Domestic Longhair

## SEX

Neutered male

## AGE

14 years

## WEIGHT

11.9 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,  
MMedVet (Med),  
PhD, Dipl. ECVIM

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Anshu Gupta

## HOSPITAL NAME

Liverpool Village AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Jordan

## INVOICE

69334

## DATE

12/16/25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Decreased appetite for 3 weeks, progressive to anorexia. Rapid weight loss No vomiting or diarrhea

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mild Hypercalcemia 11.9 Mild muscle wasting

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### *Urinary System*

The urinary bladder is full with a normal thickness and smooth appearance of the wall. A small amount of floating, hyperechogenic sediment.

Normal appearance of the trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal appearance and size of the iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized, which can be considered a normal finding.

Normal renal size (left measured 3.5 cm, right measured 4.1 cm), architecture, echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, which maintains a 1:3 cortex to medulla ratio, pelvis, and capsule. No infarcts, mineralization or renoliths evident. Normal color flow pattern is evident in both kidneys.

### *Adrenal Glands*

The left adrenal gland is normal in shape, echogenic appearance, size, position, and appearance of the visible peri-adrenal vasculature. Left adrenal gland measured 0.34 cm in width. The right adrenal gland was not clearly visualized, but appears to be of normal shape, echogenic appearance and size.

### *Spleen*

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma and regular curvilinear capsule. Normal volume of the splenic vasculature without any overt congestion or thrombosis evident. No inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes evident. The spleen measured 0.6 cm in width

### *Liver*

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Normal appearance of the hepatic and portal vasculature.

### *Gallbladder*

The gallbladder is full containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and echogenic appearance of the wall. Normal size and appearance of the cystic and common bile duct.



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## ***Gastrointestinal***

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, 1:3 muscularis to mucosa ratio, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

## ***Pancreas***

The visible sections of the pancreas are of normal size and echogenic appearance with a regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

## ***Free Abdomen***

Normal mesenteric lymph nodes.

No ascites evident.

Hypoechogetic, cystic mass like structure was noted in the mid cranial abdomen measuring 1.9 x 2.0 cm in size containing a small amount of hyperechogenic sediment.

Hyperechogenic appearance of the mesentery surrounding the cystic mass.

## **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Abdominal mass/cyst.
- Urinary bladder sediment.

## **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Etiologies for the abdominal mass/cyst would be granuloma, hematoma, pancreatic pseudocyst, pancreatic abscess or neoplasia.

The most likely etiology for the urinary bladder sediment would be incidental debris with crystalluria and bacterial cystitis a less likely differential diagnosis.

Further assessment would be FPL/PSL assay, three view thoracic radiographs and FNA cytology of the cystic mass. Culture of the cystic fluid would also be recommended.

Specific therapy would be dependent on an etiological diagnosis. Laparotomy could be considered as it may be both diagnostic and therapeutic with further specific therapy depending on an etiological diagnosis.



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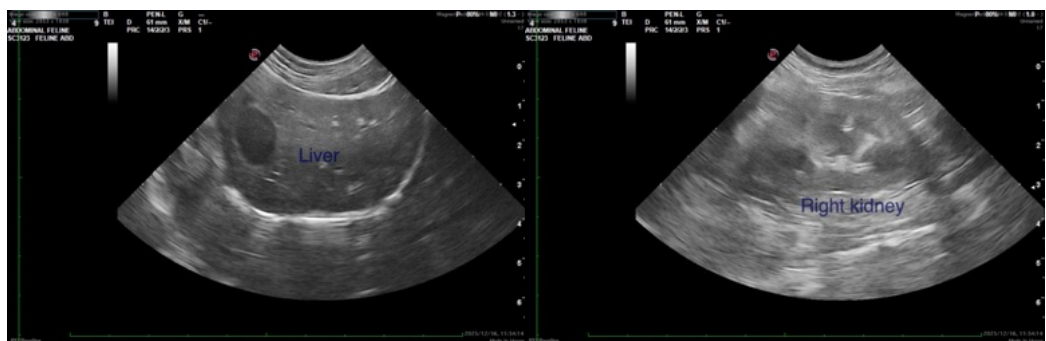
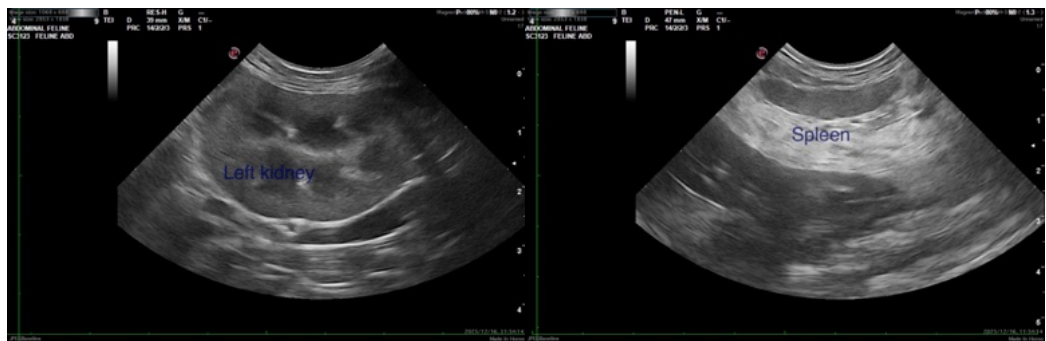
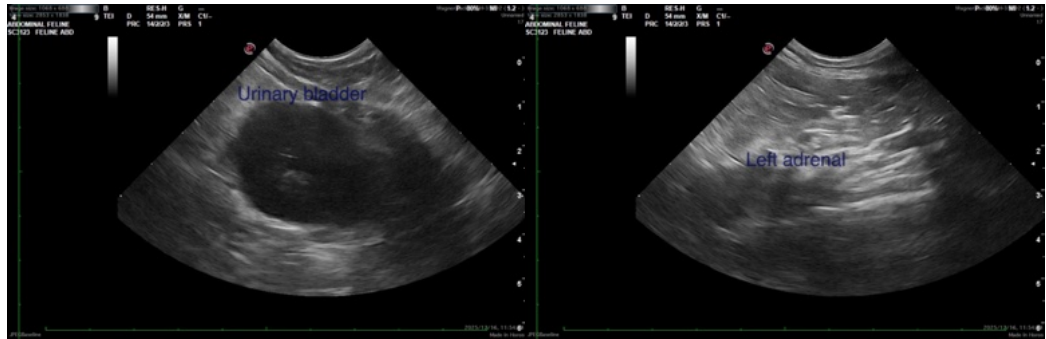
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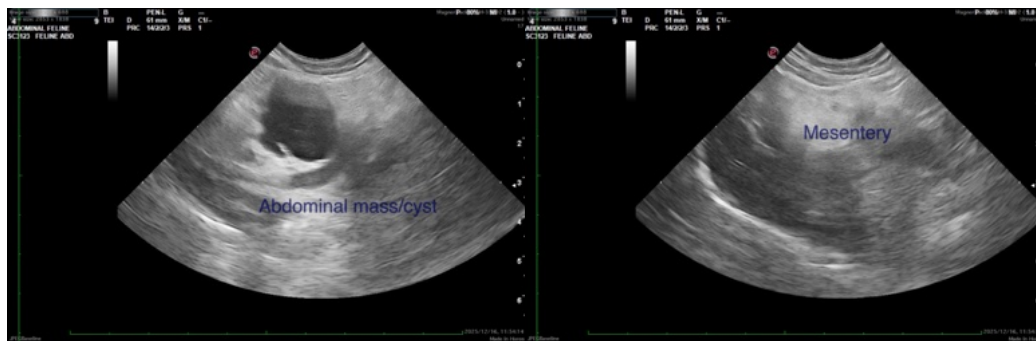
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)

[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)