



PATIENT

Ari Aragon

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Presented yesterday for acute onset of sneezing with blood that started the day before. Fever was noted upon arrival but has improved to normal since then. Owner reported eye infection two weeks ago but pet is acting weird, changed in appetite. PE: mildly enlarged tonsils, swollen pharyngeal area, tongue ulcerations

SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: No nasal discharge was noted prior to CT but during recovery the pet had a prolonged sneezing episode with epistaxis noted.

BREED

Chow Mix

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Plain and post contrast studies available for review.

SEX

Intact Female

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

No significant dental disease is noted.

Mild multifocal mucosal swelling of the nasal turbinates is seen within both nasal cavities. There is no evidence of a nasal mass, foreign material, or turbinate destruction.

AGE

8 Years

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Small otoliths are seen within both tympanic bullae. Otherwise, the presentation of the middle and inner ear is within normal limits. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging

There is mild bilaterally symmetric submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymphadenomegaly with maintained contrast enhancement pattern.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Meaux

- Mild bilateral nondestructive rhinitis.
- Mild generalized lymphadenomegaly in the head region.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

47501

The CT findings are compatible with nondestructive rhinitis. The clinical presentation of epistaxis is somewhat unusual with nondestructive rhinitis. General differential diagnosis includes viral, bacterial, parasitic, and lymphoplasmacytic / allergic rhinitis. However, in this specific case, normal coagulation and systemic normal tension should be ensured. Disease with systemic vasculitis may be a consideration as well also because of the concurrent presence of regional lymphadenomegaly. The pattern of lymph node enlargement is not specific for reactive hyperplasia versus infiltrative pathology and fine needle aspiration is strongly recommended here for further definition.

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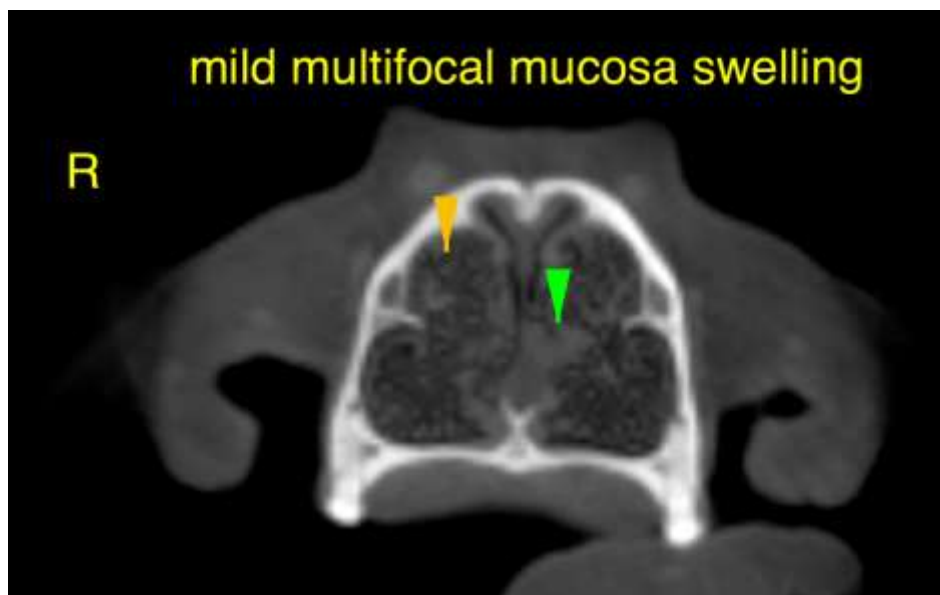
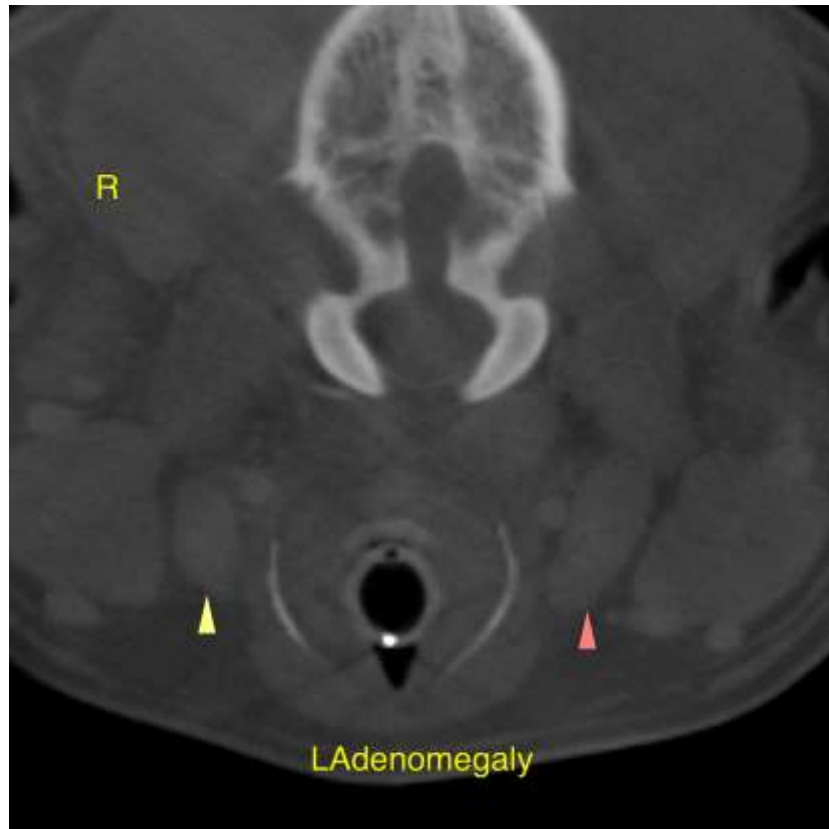
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

Canine

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Senior lecturer University of Giessen, Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

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