

PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Bowie Shafit P presents for chronic, historic upper respiratory issues. Previously treated with abx with improvement but no resolution. On exam today, a grade 3/6 sternal systolic murmur was auscultated. Normal pulmonary auscultation. Referred upper respiratory noises during exam with no nasal discharge.

SPECIES

Feline Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC, Chem 11, feline BNP pending. FeLV/FIV negative

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

BREED

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax, totaling 4 images available for review.

DSH

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

The degree of pulmonary inflation is deep. A moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern is noted and evenly distributed throughout the lung.

Neutered Male

Course and width of the trachea are considered within normal limits.

AGE

There is no radiographic evidence of cardiovascular pathology. Vertebral heart score is 7.2. No mediastinal widening is noted.

8 Years

The thoracic boundaries present within normal limits.

Focal mineral opacity is superimposed onto the area of the portal hilus.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern
- No radiographic evidence of atrial enlargement or volume overload
- Focal mineralization of the liver/biliary tree

HOSPITAL NAME

Nimbus Pet Hospital

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Saum Hadi

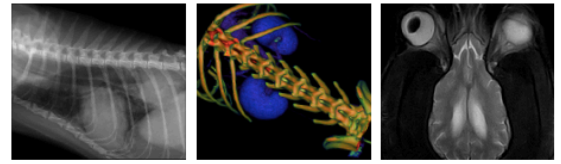
The radiographic study reveals a moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern. Recurrent feline allergic lower airway syndrome is a primary differential diagnosis. Infectious bronchitis such as viral, bacterial, parasitic, or protozoal cannot be ruled out entirely. A clinical trial of treatment for feline asthma could be considered versus immediate further definition by means of airway endoscopy with airway sampling. Lungworm testing could be considered as well. The focal mineral opacity superimposed onto the portal hilus may be situated either within the biliary system or hepatic parenchyma. Mesenteric mineralization is considered less likely.

INVOICE

44530

DATE

8/8/23



PATIENT

Bowie Shafit

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

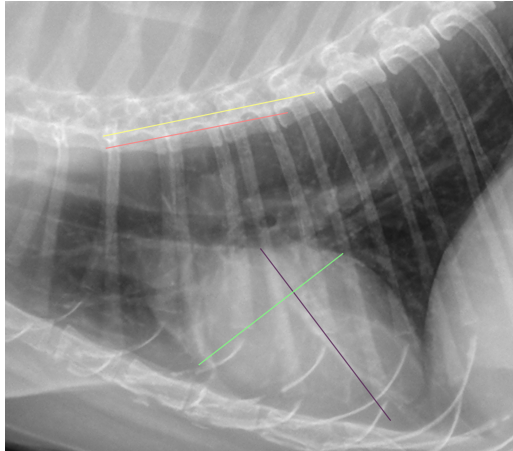
DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

8 Years



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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