



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Dingo Aldape P was HBC on 8/26/22. Neighbor ran over the LPL. Radiographs were performed on 8/26, but the O declined review at that time. P was seen on 8/30 for a bandage removal and the lameness has not improved.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE on 8/26: Abrasions along the medial aspect of the left stifle and the lateral aspect of the left hock. Torn digital pad of digit III of LPL pes. Toe touching lameness along the left pelvic limb. Moderate effusion along the left tarsometatarsal joint. PE on 8/30: Scabbing abrasions. Granulating digital pad III of LPL pes. Persistent toe touching LPL lameness. Left tarsometatarsal joint effusion resolved.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE TARSI

Dalmation Multiple orthogonal views of the left hind limb and single mediolateral view of the right hind limb totaling 9 images available for review dated 8-26-22.

SEX Review of the tarsal region requested.

M

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE Moderate periarticular swelling is noted circumferential to the left tarsus. No evidence of subluxation or luxation of the left tarsus is seen.

5 Months The distal tibial growth plate appears to be slightly wider on the left side when compared to the right side, however, no evidence of malalignment and no discrete fracture line is seen.

INTERPRETED BY The tarsal bones are well aligned and in situ.

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI No evidence of traumatic injury of the metatarsal bones is seen.

HOSPITAL NAME RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- DTLAvets
- Soft tissue swelling circumferential to the left tarsus after road traffic accident.
 - Potential for Salter Harris type 1 or 5 injury.

REFERRING VET INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Endo Traumatic osseous or articular injury of the left tarsus is not seen. Salter Harris type 1 or 5 injury of the distal tibial growth plate cannot be ruled out entirely. Injury to the tarsal ligaments with dynamic instability is another potential differential diagnosis, however, at this time, the radiographs do not prove osseous or articular malalignment.

INVOICE

53855

DATE

8-31-22



PATIENT

Dingo Aldape

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Dalmation

SEX

M

AGE

5 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

DTLAvets

REFERRING VET

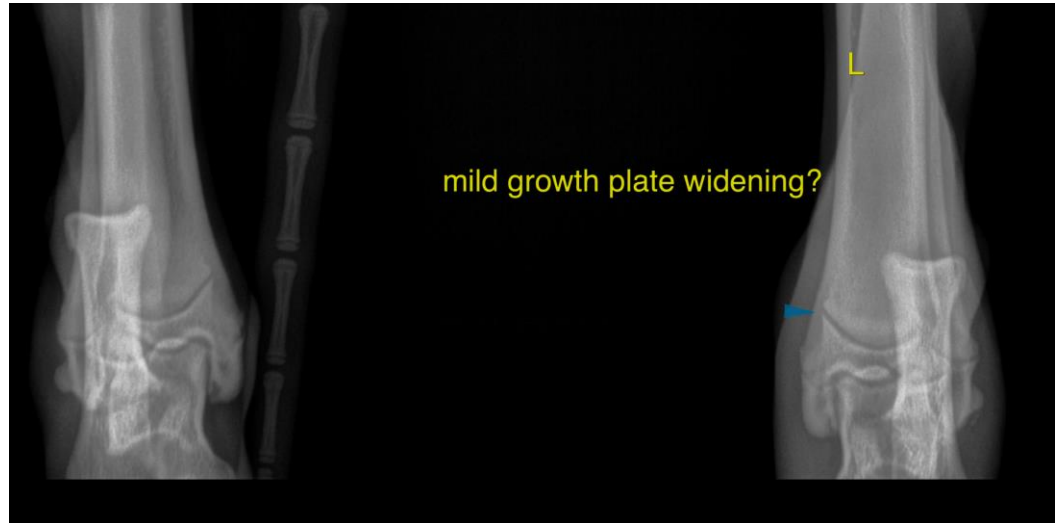
Endo

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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