



PATIENT

Chotima Nur

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

breathing issue (acting as if choking then stopping) and acting as if she may throw up
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: - harsh sound in both sides of the lung - Blood work:
High Creatinine and elevation for Glucose

SPECIES

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX & ABDOMEN

Right lateral and ventrodorsal whole body views totaling 2 images available for review.

BREED

DSH

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

A mild to moderate amount of subcutaneous and mediastinal as well as pericardial fat are present.

SEX

Spayed Female

The degree of pulmonary inflation is fair.

AGE

4 Years

A moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern is noted. The visibility of the bronchial walls is increased. Most of the bronchi are thin walled. Occasional peribronchial cuffing is seen.

There is no radiographic evidence of cardiovascular pathology.

No abnormal mediastinal widening is noted.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

Abdomen

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal
Hospital

The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic tail is not seen.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

INVOICE

52698

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

DATE

7-5-22

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.



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RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild to moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic study reveals a bronchial lung pattern. The most common underlying cause in cats is allergic lower airway syndrome (feline asthma). However, infectious bronchitis such viral, bacterial, parasitic, or protozoal is a potential differential diagnosis. Consider a clinical trial of treatment for feline asthma versus further definition by means of airway sampling.

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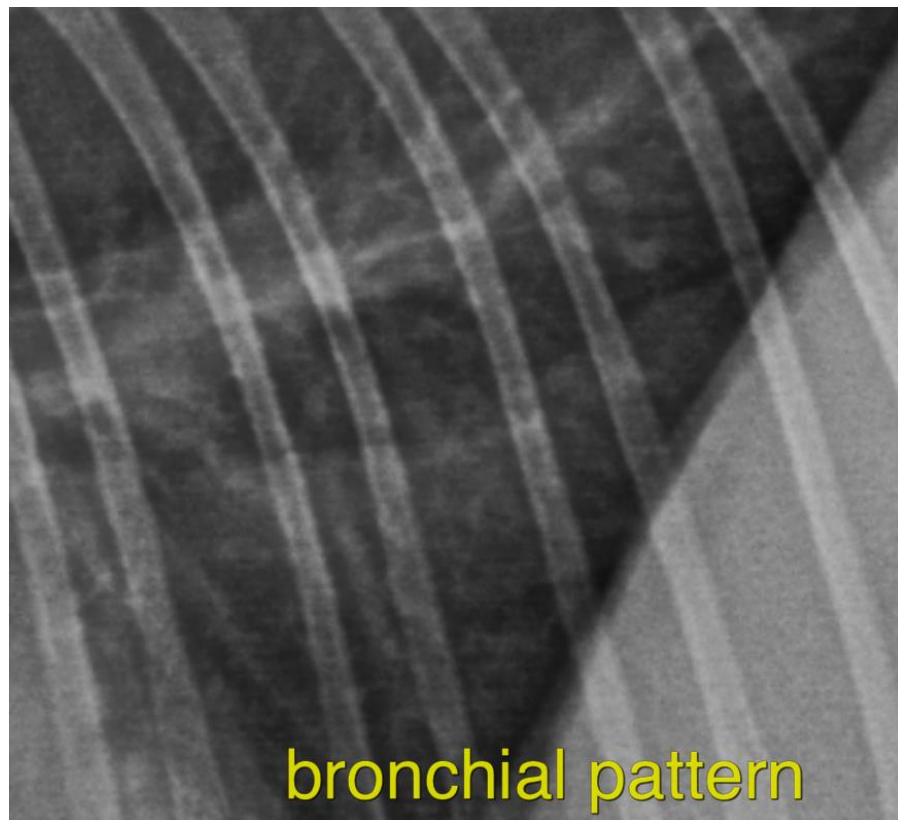
Dr. Boctor

INVOICE

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

Feline

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