



PATIENT

Buddy Malysheva

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

intermittent episodes of vomiting and diarrhea

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the abdomen totaling 3 images available for review.

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

Three, small nodular soft tissue opacities are seen in the right inguinal area.

The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX

Male Neuter

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

5 Years

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

The stomach contains a mild amount of gas. No evidence of abnormal gastric content or gastric malpositioning is noted.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal
Hospital

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter with no evidence of abnormal dilation and evenly distributed throughout the ventral abdomen. The cecum contains a moderate amount of gas and is seen in its anticipated position.

The ascending, transverse, and descending colon contain a moderate amount of fecal matter.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal radiographic presentation of the abdomen with no evidence of gastrointestinal ileus.
- Suspect presence of right inguinal subcutaneous nodules.

INVOICE

52683

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic presentation of the abdomen is within normal limits. No radiographic signs of mechanical small intestinal ileus are found. Functional ileus remains a potential. Further definition by means of abdominal ultrasound could be considered as a potential next step in case of persistent clinical signs.

DATE

7-4-22



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

Canine

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