



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Sammy Sarin 1 month history of cough. Initially exposed to kennel cough while boarding. Was started on amoxicillin - 500 mg PO BID X 2 weeks. Has been off for 10 days. Cough sounds productive. No exercise intolerance. Worse at night

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: TPR - WNL PE unremarkable Lung sounds WNL No murmurs noted on auscultation

Ca

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

BREED

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax totaling 3 images available for review.

Labradoodle

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

MN

The heart is of normal size and shape and there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits. The vertebral heart score is 9.5 and within normal limits.

AGE

3

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

Mild esophageal aerophagia is noted and considered incidental.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

HOSPITAL NAME

Torch Lake
Veterinary Clinic

A moderate bronchial lung pattern is noted and evenly distributed throughout the lung. Mild caudodorsal accentuation of the lung pattern is seen and there is mild peribronchial cuffing. Occasional pulmonary osteomas are noted.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Adrienne Waffle

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Moderate bronchial lung pattern with mild caudodorsal accentuation.
- Normal radiographic presentation of the cardiovascular system, trachea, and mediastinum.

INVOICE

52094

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic findings suggest potential for lower airway disease such as infectious bronchitis including viral, bacterial, mixed, or parasitic, as well as eosinophilic/allergic bronchopneumopathy. Consider lower airway endoscopy with airway sampling to further define. If that is not an option, a clinical trial of treatment for bronchitis and lung worm testing could be considered.

DATE

5-11-22



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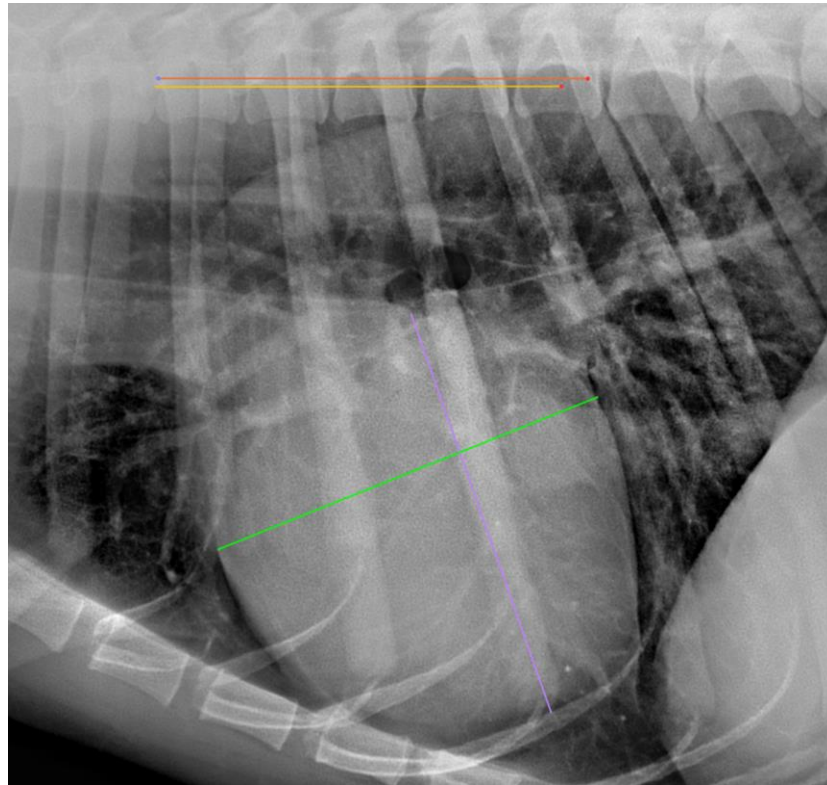
Adrienne Waffle

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,
Senior lecturer University of Giessen, Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com