
**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Spook Dion Seized this morning, HX of constant sneezing.

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX & ABDOMEN**
**SPECIES**

Right lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax & abdomen provided, totaling 4 images.

Feline

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**
**BREED**
Abdomen

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

DSH

The liver is appropriate in position and size and presents uniform opacity.

**SEX**

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic tail is not seen.

Neutered Male

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation, and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

**AGE**

15.5

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated. A small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
 DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
 DipECVDI

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

Thorax

The degree of pulmonary inflation is deep. Expansion of the rib cage is noted. A moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern is noted and evenly distributed throughout the lung. Bronchial and peribronchial microlithiasis of the right and left cranial lung lobes is seen.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Loving Care VH

There is no evidence of mediastinal widening. Mild esophageal aerophagia is noted. Course and width of the trachea are within normal limits.

The cardiac silhouette presents within normal limits.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Kristie Steele

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern with bronchial and peribronchial microlithiasis of the cranial lung lobes.

**INVOICE**

46934

**DATE**

4/25/23

**INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The radiographic study reveals a moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern with regional bronchial and peribronchial microlithiasis. Allergic lower airway disease (feline asthma) is a primary differential diagnosis, and commonly associated with bronchial microlithiasis. However, chronic infectious bronchitis such as viral, bacterial, parasitic, or protozoal cannot be ruled out entirely but is considered far less likely.



**PATIENT**

Spook Dion

The radiographic presentation of the abdomen is within age related normal limits.

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

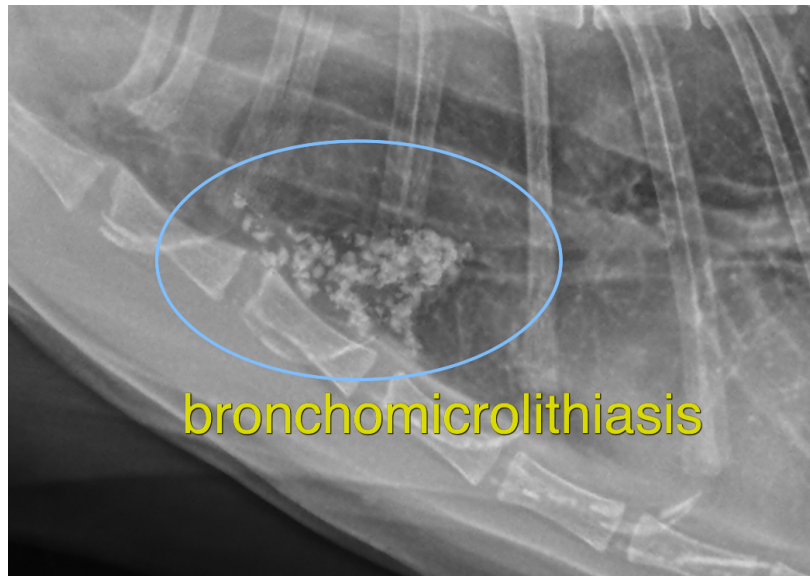
DSH

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

15.5



**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
DipECVDI

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Nele Eley (Ondreka)**, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI  
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,  
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.  
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Loving Care VH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Kristie Steele

**INVOICE**

46934

**DATE**

4/25/23