



PATIENT

Lincoln Andruss

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Cock-a-poo

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

11 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Wilson Road
Veterinary Clinic

REFERRING VET

Dr. Yessa

INVOICE

57961

DATE

4-24-23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Lincoln presented to us unable to breathe well, coughing, heavy labored panting, and occasional wheezing on April 24th, 2023. Has a heart murmur, His behavior is otherwise normal for Lincoln. Lincoln had no prior visit pertaining to breathing issues. He has been a client with us since 2021, mainly for recurrent ear infections but also occasionally vaccines.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax totaling 3 images available for review in jpeg format.

Only jpg images were submitted. The transformation from DICOM to jpg only allows for limited manipulation of the image. For the best possible results, we suggest submitting DICOM images in the future. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you need any help with the submission process.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

A fat opaque subcutaneous soft tissue swelling or mass is seen in the left axillary region and within the left lateral thoracic wall.

Severe left sided cardiomegaly with elevation of the trachea due to basico-apical enlargement of the cardiac silhouette, and left atrial tenting is seen. The pulmonary arteries and veins are congested. Increase in perihilar and left caudal lobe interstitial opacity is seen.

The lungs are deeply inflated. The ribcage is expanded.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Severe left sided cardiomegaly with signs of congestive cardiac failure.
- Suspect thoracic wall lipomas.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic study reveals severe left sided cardiomegaly with left atrial enlargement. Underlying endocardiosis with chronic mitral valve regurgitation is considered likely. The radiographic findings support the presence of ongoing left sided congestive cardiac failure. The use of diuretics is indicated and a cardiac echo could be considered in order to complete the assessment, screen for underlying causes, or confirm the tentative diagnosis of endocardiosis, and to adjust the treatment for the patient accordingly.



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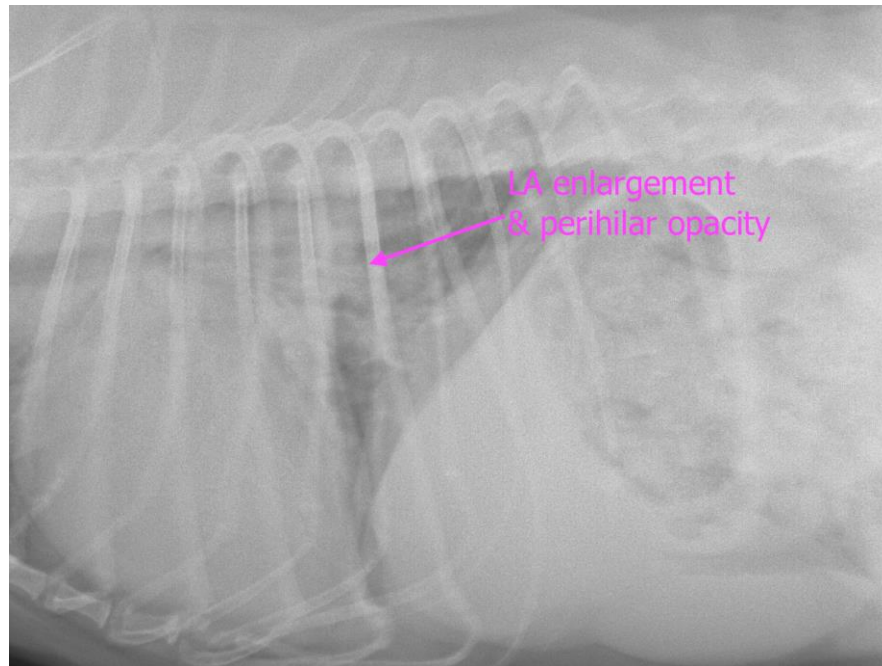
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
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