



PATIENT

Baxter Kelly

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Bernese Mountain Dog

SEX

Male

AGE

5 Months, 3 Weeks

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

INVOICE

57724

DATE

4-10-23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Discharged from VSR on 4/5/23 from hospitalization tx of pneumonia Came home with slight limp on RF from ER, chewed catheter out at and had a catheter blow in that leg Has gotten worse Talked to VSR they said it was due to IV catheter blowing. Does high five with both paws but RF he doesn't lift very high We saw him in March for RF lameness, sent with Rimadyl, resolved Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: NA

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ELBOWS, SHOULDERS, & PELVIS

Mediolateral, neutral, and flexed and craniocaudal views of both elbows, mediolateral views of both shoulders, and ventrodorsal hip extended view of the pelvis totaling 9 images available for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Elbows

A mild radioulnar step formation, subtrochlear notch sclerosis of the ulna, and low opacity of the medial coronoid process are seen within both elbows. There is mild flaring of the proximal radial metaphysis. The findings are bilaterally symmetric. No evidence of subchondral bone defects is seen.

Shoulders

The subchondral bone of the humeral head presents within normal limits in both thoracic limbs. There is no evidence of osteochondritis or osteoarthritis.

Pelvis

The femoral heads are round, well developed, and deeply situated within the acetabular groove. The joint spaces are narrow and even. The femoral head centers are medial to the dorsal acetabular rim. No evidence of osteoarthritic changes is seen.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Suspect bilateral medial coronoid pathology.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic findings of both elbows are subtle and suggest potential for medial coronoid pathology with mild joint incongruity. A final conclusion cannot be drawn at this point since the medial coronoid process is typically not completely mineralized until 6 months of age earliest in large breed dogs. Narrow clinical monitoring under systemic NSAID treatment, rest, and restriction of the daily caloric intake could be considered as well as radiographic recheck of the elbows in 4-8 weeks.



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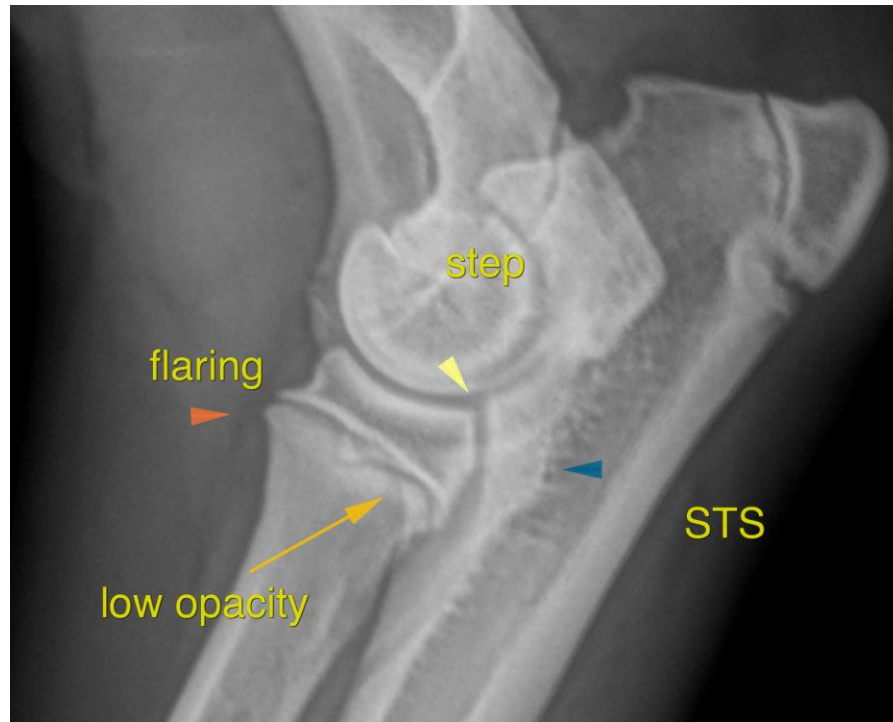
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
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