



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Max Corso Reason for Visit: check leg History: 7y 8m old M GSD presents to checl LH leg. O reports pet was running around outside normally yesterday, today didn't want to go outside, appears to have a weak LH leg

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Physical Examination Key -- (N= Normal, A= Abnormal) Hydration: Appears normal. Mentation: BAR. Eyes/Ears/Nose/Throat: NAD to inner pinnae or external ear openings. NAD to eyes or surrounding structures. No nasal discharge. Oral Cavity: Worn teeth (chews on frisbees per owner) Lymph Nodes: NAD on peripheral lymphnodes. Skin: Full haircoat with moderate dry flaking od dosal lumbarregion. Cardiovascular/Respiratory:

BREED Normal on auscultation. Abdomen/GI: Normal on palpation. Urogenital/Perineum: Both testicles in scrotal sac with NAD. Musculoskeletal: BCS 5/9. Ambulatory with a non-weight bearing lameness with knickling on left hindleg but sways and has some knuckling on right hindleg too. No abnormalities detected to any claws on either paw. No abnormalities detected to interdigital paw space on either paw. No left or right cranial drawer sign or tibial thrust. There was no pain on hyperflexion or hyperextension of any joint of the left or right hindleg. Mild decreased extension of both coxofemoral joints (left hindleg exam performed prior to sedation and after sedation. Right hindleg exam performed after sedation. Neurological: No pain on repeated palpation of dorsal spinous processes. Paw replacement normal on both forelimbs. Paw replacement is ABSENT from both hindlegs. Normal extensor strength of forelimbs & hindlimbs.

German Shepherd

SEX Male

AGE RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE STIFLES

7 Years, 8 Months Mediolateral and craniocaudal views of the stifles totaling 3 images available for review.

INTERPRETED BY RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI
No significant articular swelling of the stifle joints is seen.

There is no evidence of cranial thrust of the tibiae.

HOSPITAL NAME The periarticular margins of the right and left stifle joint present intact and smooth.

DPC Veterinary Hospital Mild enthesophytosis in the cranial contour of the patellae is seen at the attachment of the quadriceps, femoris muscle, and patella tendons.

The muscle volume of both hind limbs is symmetric.

REFERRING VET Note the evidence of mild bilateral coxofemoral joint dysplasia and osteoarthritis.

Danley

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal radiographic presentation of the stifle joints.
- Mild bilateral canine hip dysplasia and coxofemoral joint osteoarthritis.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE The stifle joints present within expected limits. No evidence of arthropathy or degenerative joint disease is seen.

3-5-23 Note the presence of mild bilateral canine hip dysplasia and coxofemoral joint osteoarthritis.



PATIENT

Max Corso

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

Male

AGE

7 Years, 8 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary
Hospital

REFERRING VET

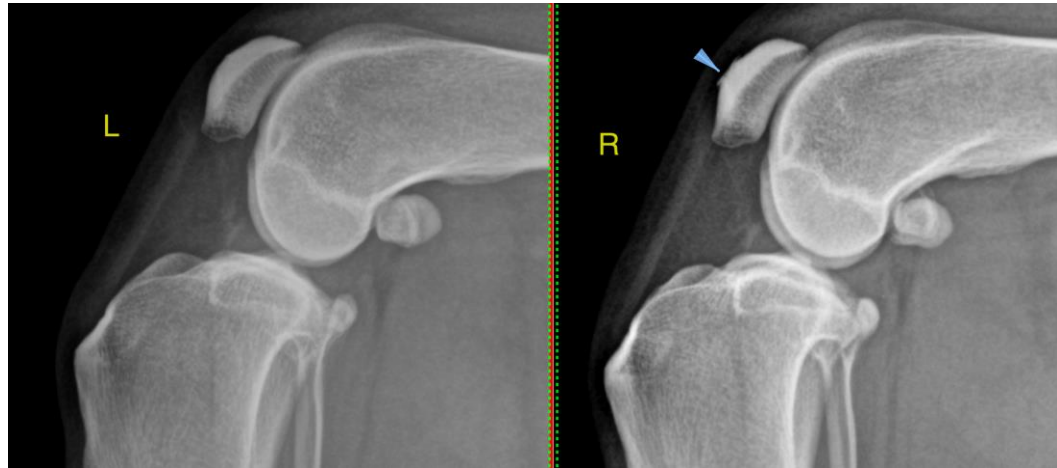
Danley

INVOICE

57066

DATE

3-5-23



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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