



**PATIENT**

Festus Sideris

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Festus presented for possible polyps in throat. patient had history of snoring, several years ago primarily vet in up state removed a polyp on the larynx region. history of nasal discharge and congestion, Left ocular discharge as well,

**SPECIES**

Feline

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD & THORAX**

Post-contrast studies available for review.

**BREED**

DSH

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**Head**

Moderate thickening of the mucosal lining is seen throughout the right tympanic bulla. Most of the tympanic bulla, however, is aerated. The osseous wall of the right tympanic bulla presents moderate thickening and irregularity. The left tympanic bulla presents within normal limits. Both external auditory meatuses present within normal limits.

**SEX**

MN

The right medial retropharyngeal lymph node presents mild symmetric enlargement.

**AGE**

4 Years

**Thorax**

Motion related streak artifacts interfere with the assessment of the lung; however, a mild generalized bronchial lung pattern appears to be present with mild peribronchial cuffing.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley, DVM  
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

Mild gastroesophageal reflux with fluid accumulating within the esophagus is seen.

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Chronic right sided otitis media.
- Right medial retropharyngeal lymphadenomegaly.
- Chronic lower airway pattern.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Animal Surgical  
Center

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The CT study reveals no evidence of a nasopharyngeal polyp. The nasopharyngeal lumen is patent, and the nasopharyngeal wall presents within normal limits.

**REFERRING VET**

East Village Animal  
Hospital

There is, however, evidence of chronic right sided otitis media. At this time, there is no fluid or tissue accumulating within the right tympanic bulla. However, extensive swelling of the mucosal lining of the tympanic bulla and thickening of the osseous wall are noted. Consider further otoscopic workup.

**INVOICE**

51120

The bronchopulmonary changes suggest presence of chronic lower airway disease such as allergic versus infectious including viral, bacterial, parasitic, or protozoal. Lower airway sampling could be considered for further definition in case of pertinent clinical signs.

**DATE**

3-23-22



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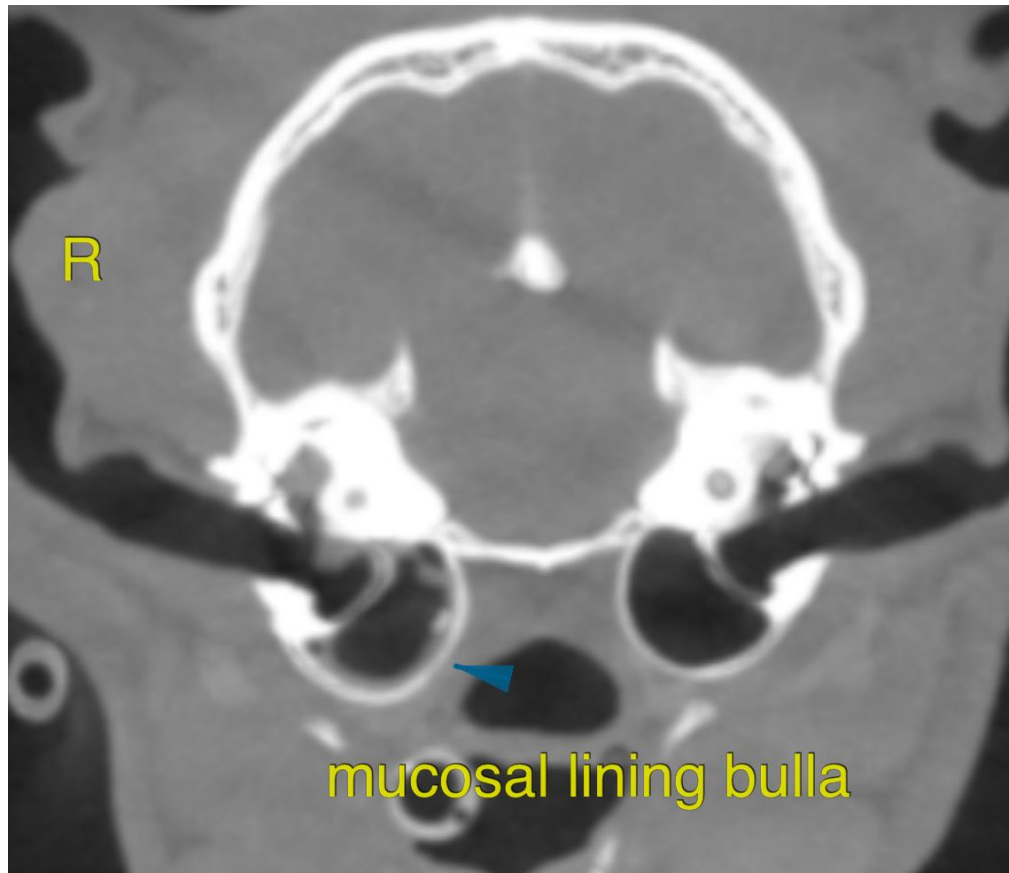
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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