



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Mico Rivera

SPECIES Canine

BREED Pitbull

SEX NM

AGE 6 Years, 11 Months

INTERPRETED BY Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

Rechecking: limping History: pet is here for recheck limping/ owner states no improvement being on rimadyl for 2 weeks. o feels more so holding leg up at this point C/S/V/D: none E/D/U/D: wnl Diet: FAS Score: 0 Current Medications (dose and frequency): rimadyl 75mg 1 tab bid Known Allergies and Medical Conditions: Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Vital Signs Weight: 82.3 Temp: HR: RR: MM/CRT: Recheck Exam Exam Notes: Hydration: Adequate Mentation: BAR EENT: OU clear. AU clear, no debris. No cough on tracheal palpation. Oral cavity: Moderate dental tartar Lymph Nodes: Submandibular, prescapular and popliteal lymph nodes normal size, shape and consistency Skin: Right thoracic limb--focal superficial linear erosion approximately 2cm in length--owner says he is licking this area. Two macules on right inner thigh. Otherwise healthy hair coat. No ectoparasites seen, skin clean dry and intact. CV/Respiratory: Normal heart rate and rhythm, no murmur, pulses strong and synchronous, normal bronchovesicular sounds. Abd/GI: Soft, non-painful, no fluid wave, no palpable masses or organomegaly. Uro/Perineum: No lesions or abnormalities. Musculoskeletal: BCS = 6/9 Non-weightbearing right pelvic limb lameness. Right pelvic limb: Pain on hip extension. Stifle is more swollen and cannot palpate margins of patella. Positive cranial drawer and medial buttress as previously noted. Pain on stifle extension. Left pelvic limb--grade 2/4 MPL. Pain on left hip extension. Neurological: Alert and appropriate. No deficits noted. Diagnostics & Testing: Radiographs of both stifles as well as VD of pelvis--consult pending Treatment Plan: Written Rx Gabapentin 300mg #60 with 2 refills--1T PO BID Written Rx Amantadine tablets 100mg #30--1 and 1/2T PO SID Recommend refilling/continuing Rimadyl--suspect clinical status of right stifle changed and cause more pain which is why owner thinks Rimadyl was not effective. Consider Adequan injections Discussed CCLR surgery, chronic pain from DJD of hips/MPL left stifle Cytopoint 90mg SQ Dispense Douxo S3 Pyo Mousse--apply to affected areas SID Allison Ward, DVM

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS & RIGHT STIFLE

Mediolateral and craniocaudal views of the right stifle and ventrodorsal hip extended view of the pelvis totaling 3 images available for review.

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary Hospital

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Pelvis

Moderate disuse atrophy of the right hind limb musculature is noted.

REFERRING VET

Ward

The right coxofemoral joint presents within normal age related limits.

Severe dysplasia and subluxation of the left coxofemoral joint with severe osteoarthritic changes represented by a large amount of osteophytes circumferential to the acetabulum, femoral head, and neck is seen.

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The patellae are in situ in both hind limbs at the time of the examination.

Right Stifle Joint

DATE

2-9-23

Moderate articular swelling of the right stifle joint is seen. There is a moderate amount of periarticular osteophytes accentuating the femoral trochlea, distal pole of the patella, and cranial margin of the tibial plateau. Severe cranial thrust of the tibia with respect to the femoral condyles



PATIENT

is noted.

Mico Rivera

Slightly irregular outline and proximal thickening of the patella tendon is noted.

There is mild proximal displacement of the popliteal sesamoid bone.

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RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

BREED

Pitbull

- Moderate right stifle osteoarthritis with radiographic evidence of cruciate ligament pathology.
- Disuse atrophy of the right hind limb musculature.
- Suspect right patella desmopathy likely secondary to the malpositioning of the tibia.
- Severe left hand sided coxofemoral joint dysplasia and osteoarthritis.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

SEX

NM

The radiographic study reveals arthropathy of the right stifle with radiographic evidence of cruciate ligament injury. Full rupture is considered likely based on the severe cranial thrust of the tibia. Concurrent meniscopathy cannot be ruled out. Moderate osteoarthritic changes are seen as well as disuse atrophy of the right hind limb musculature. Surgical intervention is recommended in order to address the presumed biomechanical instability and prevent further damage to the articular structures.

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Note the presence of severe left hand sided coxofemoral joint osteoarthritis secondary to canine hip dysplasia. The degree of disuse appears to be more severe in the right hind limb though.

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Mlco Rivera

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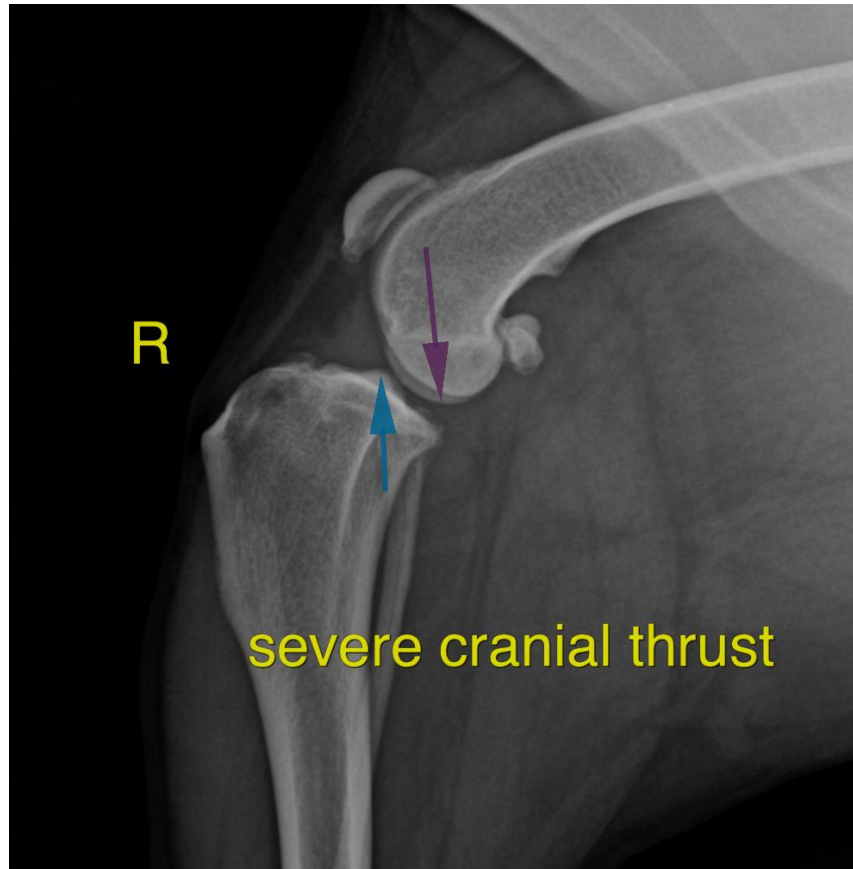
Ward

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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