



**PATIENT**

Kamakaze Kiel

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Hx of horners syndrome OS.  
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Remainder of CN exam WNL. Remainder of neuro exam WNL. Unable to do otoscopic exam; No exudate noted on ear swabs; No history of head shaking; No history of pawing at ears. No erythema of ears. CBC - unremarkable; Chemistry - WNL.

**SPECIES**

Ca

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE NECK & THORAX**

**BREED**

S. Husky

Lateral and ventrodorsal views of the neck and right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax totaling 3 images available for review.

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX**

**Neck**

MN

Wet fur artifact is noted.

**AGE**

10

Diffuse cutaneous and subcutaneous heterogeneity appears to be present in the ventral neck with mass effect onto the post laryngeal trachea which appears to be deviated dorsally.

There is mild upper esophageal aerophagia.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley, DVM  
 Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

**Thorax**

Mild T4/5 and T5/6 spondyloses are seen.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Torch Lake  
 Veterinary Clinic

The heart is of normal size and shape and there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

**REFERRING VET**

A Waffle

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

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The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity. The intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

**DATE**

2-7-22



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**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Heterogeneous soft tissue swelling with mass effect in the ventral neck.

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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The radiographic study reveals heterogeneous soft tissue swelling with mass effect in the ventral neck. Consider lipoma, infiltrative lipoma, liposarcoma, abscess/cellulitis, hematoma, wet fur artifact, or soft tissue neoplasia as potential differential diagnoses. Correlate with the clinical palpation and consider sampling for further definition. Pathology with mass effect in the neck can theoretically contribute to the Horner's syndrome.

**BREED**

S. Husky

The radiographic screening of the thorax was within age related normal limits.

**SEX**

MN

**AGE**

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**HOSPITAL NAME**

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Veterinary Clinic

**REFERRING VET**

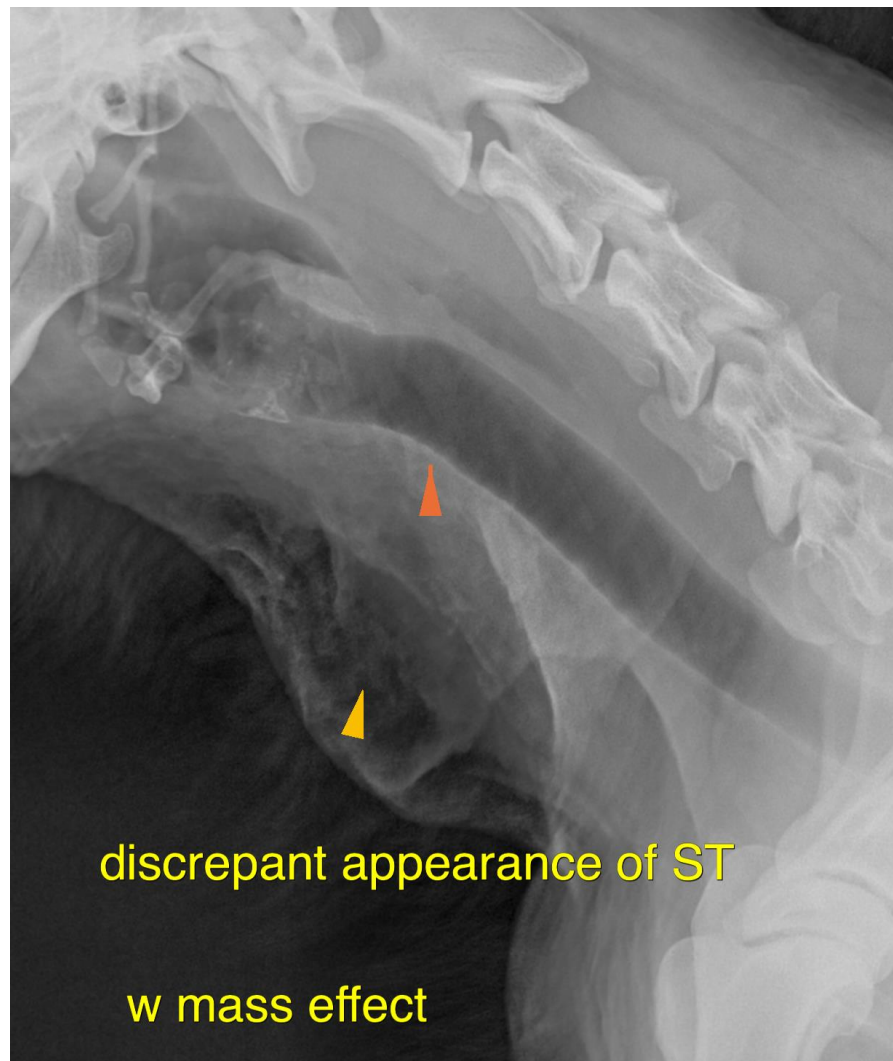
A Waffle

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**SPECIES**

Ca

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Senior lecturer University of Giessen, Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology  
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

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**SEX**

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