



PATIENT

Teak Craigdallie

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

FS

AGE

3Y

WEIGHT

23kg

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDP

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

David Lane

HOSPITAL NAME

Points East West
Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

David Lane

INVOICE

73803

DATE

2-17-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Bilateral shifting forelimb lameness, most recently affecting R>L. On examination there was pain on right BT stretch and right MCP palpation. There was point tenderness on palpation of the right medial compartment. CT imaging revealed the following:
- Joint alignment/congruity is within normal limits bilaterally and there is no evidence of subtrochlear sclerosis.
- There is equivocal sclerosis of the medial coronoid processes. A small osteophyte at the tip of the LEFT medial coronoid process appears attached distally. A similar but more subtle finding is noted in the RIGHT. (see images - pink arrow heads)
- A thin discrete linear region of sclerosis in the distal lateral aspect of the LEFT humeral condyle is likely incidental (see images - yellow arrow), as there is no corresponding subchondral defect.
- There is no joint effusion or abnormalities of the surrounding soft tissues.
- Conclusion: Mild bilateral elbow osteophytosis (left > right) - cannot exclude small fragments from the medial coronoid processes but a greater degree of changes consistent with elbow dysplasia would be expected - equivocal sclerosis of the medial coronoid process may represent normal variation or changes secondary to underlying very mild elbow dysplasia; however, there is no evidence of incongruity.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Right Shoulder

Mild anechoic effusion is noted within the right biceps tendon sheath. The biceps tendon maintains normal echogenicity, delineation, and fiber pattern.

The supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendon present within normal limits. Average maximum thickness of the supraspinatus tendon is 7mm. There is no evidence of biceps impingement or sulcus exostosis.

The subscapularis tendon presents within normal limits. Medial glenohumeral ligament presents intact and smooth measuring 1.5mm in thickness.

Left Shoulder

Minimal anechoic effusion is noted within the left biceps tendon sheath. The biceps tendon maintains normal echogenicity, delineation, and fiber pattern.

The supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendon present within normal limits. Average maximum thickness of the supraspinatus tendon is 7mm. There is no evidence of biceps impingement or sulcus exostosis.

The subscapularis tendon presents within normal limits. Medial glenohumeral ligament presents intact and smooth measuring 1.5mm in thickness.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild bilateral biceps tendon sheath effusion without evidence of tendinopathy.
- Normal ultrasonographic presentation of the rotator cuff and medial compartment.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The ultrasonographic examination of the shoulders reveals mild right biceps tendon sheath effusion



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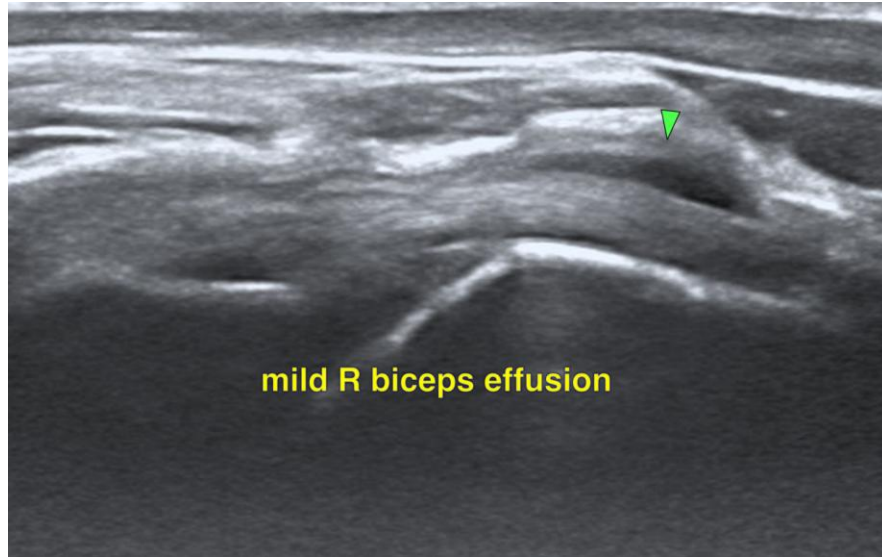
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with normal presentation of the tendon. The effusion in the left biceps tendon sheath is minimal. No evidence of tendon pathology is noted. The shoulder effusion is likely secondary or incidental and not considered an expression of chronic tenosynovitis at this point. The changes should respond to conservative management with restricted activity and NSAID administration. Other sources of clinical lameness should be taken into consideration.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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