



PATIENT

Lady Nieves

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

11Y

WEIGHT

7.5lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDF

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Alexander Estevez

HOSPITAL NAME

Paseos Veterinary
Center

REFERRING VET

Dra. Karina Miranda

INVOICE

73796

DATE

2-17-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

P presented for persistent severe coughing despite administration of tussionex (0.3 mg/kg PO BID) and cough tabs. P was previously diagnosed with collapsing trachea. No murmur is auscultated today or noted in previous physical exams. Owner also noted increased thirst. Blood work today showed renal azotemia. new.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the thorax totaling 3 images available for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The cardiac silhouette presents within normal limits for size. The VHS is 9. Prominence of the right atrium is seen on the lateral and orthogonal views. No discrete heart base mass is visualized.

The pulmonary parenchyma appears normal with no significant alveolar, interstitial, or nodular pattern identified. Bronchi are unremarkable. No evidence of bronchial collapse is noted on static radiographs.

Collapsing trachea is not identified. Dynamic airway collapse, however, cannot be excluded radiographically.

There is no evidence of mediastinal lymphadenopathy.

Other thoracic soft tissues and pleura present unremarkable.

Mild mineralization appears to be present within the biliary tract. (Gallbladder or intrahepatic bile ducts.) No associated soft tissue mass is seen.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Suspect mild right atrial enlargement: Differential age related cardiac remodeling vs valvular disease.
- No radiographic evidence of collapsing trachea on static images. Dynamic tracheal collapse remains possible.
- Normal pulmonary parenchyma.
- Mild biliary mineralization likely benign and incidental.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Yorkshire Terriers are predisposed to collapsing trachea which may not be detectable on static radiographs. Dynamic imaging such as tracheoscopy or fluoroscopy is more sensitive for diagnosis.

Persistent cough in this patient may be multifactorial including early cardiac disease, dynamic tracheal collapse, or chronic airway irritation/inflammation. Dynamic airway evaluation should be considered if tracheal collapse is suspected such as tracheoscopy or fluoroscopy.

Cardiology assessment could be recommended given the right atrial prominence, however, there appears to be no correlate to the mild radiographic changes in the clinical auscultation of this patient.



PATIENT

Lady Nieves

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

11Y

WEIGHT

7.5lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Alexander Estevez

HOSPITAL NAME

Paseos Veterinary
Center

REFERRING VET

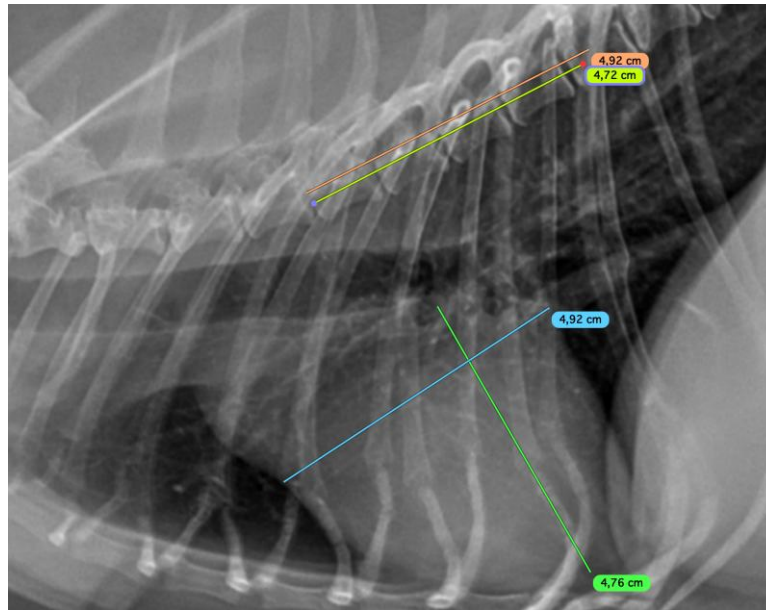
Dra. Karina Miranda

INVOICE

73796

DATE

2-17-26



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.
info@sonopath.com