



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Natasha Conover nausea but no vomiting. abdominal pain (mid abdomen) . blood work pending. history of pancreatitis 4 months ago.

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine Right lateral and ventrodorsal views of the abdomen for review, totaling 3 images in jpeg format.

BREED Only jpg images were submitted. The transformation from DICOM to jpg only allows for limited manipulation of the image. For the best possible results we suggest submitting DICOM images in the future. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you need any help with the submission process.

Boxer

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Caudal thoracic and mid lumbar spondyloses are seen.

SEX

Spayed Female

The abdominal serosal detail is maintained. No abdominal mass effect is noted.

Gastric aerophagia is seen.

AGE

11 Years

There are two wire shaped metal opaque structures of 2.0 and 1.0 cm length seen within the gastric outlet. The small intestinal loops are evenly distributed throughout the mid abdomen. No evidence of abnormal dilation, plication, or radiopaque foreign material is seen. The colon presents within normal limits. The descending duodenum presents gas content and rigid appearance.

INTERPRETED BY RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

- Wire type foreign material in the gastric outlet with no radiographic evidence of peritonitis

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME

Tenafly Vet Center

The radiographic study reveals two pieces of wire type foreign material within the gastric outlet area. At this time there is no evidence of peritonitis. However, such material can bother the patient during the gastrointestinal tract passage, especially in the gastric outlet area. Perforation is a potential and may involve irritation or perforation of the pancreas, the gastrointestinal wall, and less commonly the biliary system. Most of the time, such foreign material does not cause significant or lasting harm.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Han

However, the passage itself can be painful, and on occasion can be harmful. Narrow clinical monitoring and symptomatic treatment of the gastrointestinal signs and pain could be considered. An abdominal ultrasound could be performed in order to rule out recurring pancreatopathy or new pancreatopathy due to the foreign material irritation, and also to further monitor the passage of the material. Prokinetics may be indicated, and a CT study could be considered in case of clinical signs of complication.

INVOICE

43195

DATE

12/3/22



PATIENT

Natasha Conover

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boxer



SEX

Spayed Female

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

AGE

11 Years

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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