


PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Harley Williams

Front L leg lameness chronic limping for the past 9 months.
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Eyes: bright and clear Ears: clean with no inflammation
 Nose and throat: no abnormality Heart: No noted arrhythmia or pulse deficits, normal subjective
 peripheral circulation Lungs: normal respiratory sounds, rate and effort Abdomen: soft and non-
 painful with no noted abnormalities Musculoskeletal: Abnormal: There is a moderate lameness of the
 left front leg. The left carpus is mildly painful with mild effusion. No elbow or shoulder abnormalities
 are noted. No neck or back pain is noted. Integument: Clean and smooth hair coat Lymph Nodes:
 Normal size and firmness Neurological: No mentation, cranial nerve, or neurologic gait abnormalities
 seen

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boxer

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE FRONT LIMBS (CARPI TO ELBOWS)

Plain study available for review.

SEX

Neutered Male

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The osseous anatomy of the left and right carpus is within normal limits. There is no evidence of
 subluxation, luxation, traumatic osseous injury, or aggressive bone lesions in the left or right carpus. No
 significant soft tissue swelling is seen. The metacarpophalangeal joints present within normal limits.

AGE

6 Years

The assessment of the study is limited by contour blurring and streak artifacts superimposing the
 bones, which is especially the case for the elbows. However, no fragment or fissure of the medial
 coronoid processes is seen. There appears to be mild sclerosis of both medial coronoid processes. The
 joint spaces appear to be congruent. No subchondral bone defects are seen, and the periarticular
 margins are smooth.

INTERPRETED BY

 Nele Eley (Ondreka),
 DVM Dr. med. vet.,
 DipECVDI

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal osseous anatomy of the carpi and elbows

HOSPITAL NAME

Mountain West VH

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT study reveals no evidence of carpal bone injury and no evidence of elbow dysplasia. Consider
 presence of soft tissue pathology such soft tissue trauma or inflammation cannot be ruled out.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Andrew Burton

INVOICE

33543

DATE

12/17/21



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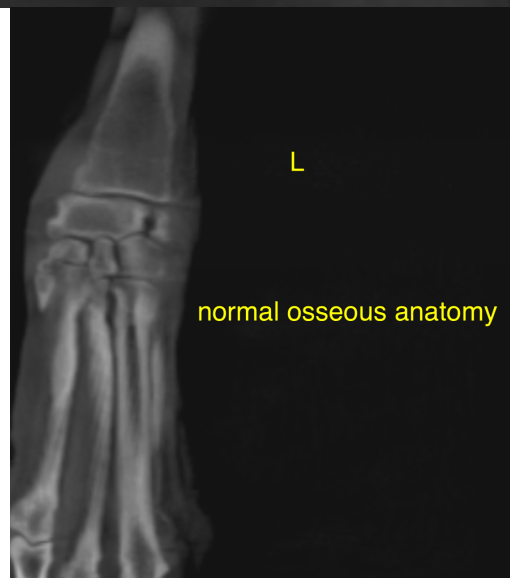
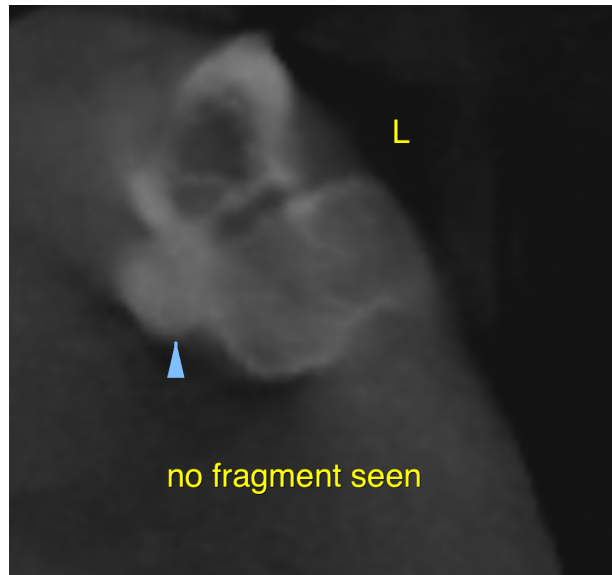
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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