



**PATIENT**

Jovie Forster

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Coughing, Weight loss, Decreased Appetite

**SPECIES**

Canine

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX**

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views totaling 3 images available for review.

**BREED**

Labrador Retriever

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

There are mild spondyloses within the caudal thoracic spine.

Moderate bilateral shoulder and elbow osteoarthritis is noted.

**SEX**

FS

The degree of pulmonary inflation is moderate. A moderate generalized bronchointerstitial lung pattern with peribronchial cuffing is noted and evenly distributed throughout the lung. No evidence of concurrent mediastinal lymphadenomegaly is found.

Course and width of the trachea are considered within normal limits.

**AGE**

11 Years

The cardiac silhouette presents within normal limits with no specific chamber enlargement. The vertebral heart score is 9.8.

There is no evidence of abnormal mediastinal widening.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley, DVM  
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

There may be mild enlargement of the sternal lymph node.

Spondylosis like new bone formation is noted at the sternebrae.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

New Bridge  
Veterinary Practice

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Moderate generalized bronchointerstitial lung pattern.
- Suspect mild sternal lymphadenomegaly.
- Bilateral shoulder and elbow osteoarthritis.
- Mild spondyloses.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Abina Glennon

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The radiographic findings suggest presence of chronic lower airway disease such as eosinophilic / allergic bronchopneumopathy, irritant bronchitis, or infectious bronchitis including viral, bacterial, and parasitic. The presence of concurrent upper airway disease should be ruled out.

**INVOICE**

55608

The visible cervical and intrathoracic trachea present within normal limits.

There was no evidence of cardiovascular pathology. Further definition by means of upper and lower airway endoscopy with airway sampling could be considered.

**DATE**

12-14-22

The sternal lymph nodes drain part of the thoracic wall, mediastinum, and cranial abdomen which is why the possibility of abdominal pathology might be considered too depending on the clinical picture.



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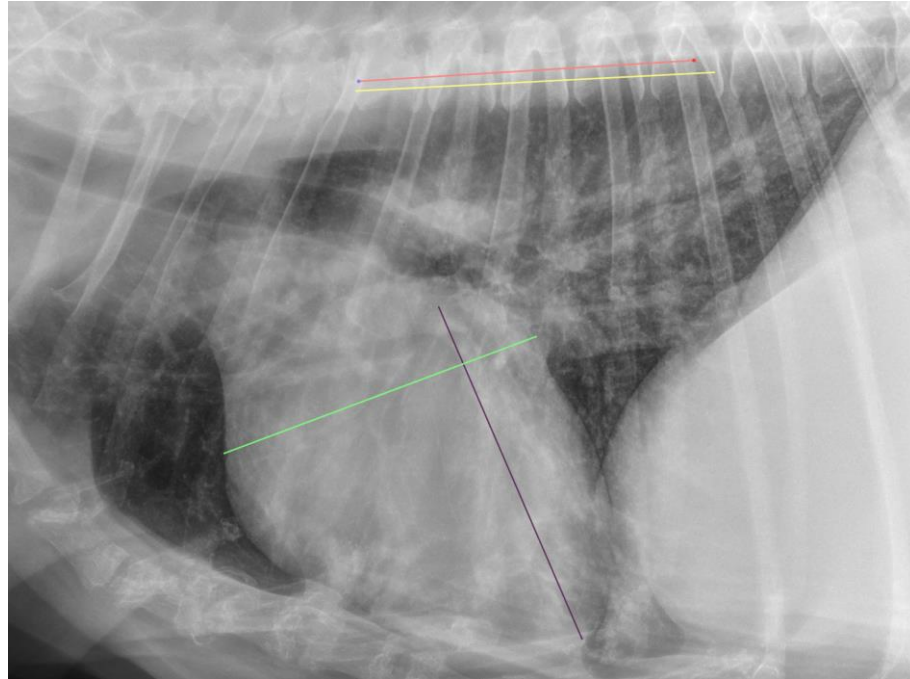
Labrador Retriever

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FS

**AGE**

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

New Bridge  
Veterinary Practice

**Nele Eley**, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI  
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,  
Senior lecturer University of Giessen, Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology  
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Abina Glennon

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