



## PATIENT

Manteiga Rocha

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

DSH

## SEX

FS

## AGE

10Y

## WEIGHT

10.7lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Amanda Causey, DVM

## HOSPITAL NAME

Family Pet Medical  
Center

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Ferrera

## INVOICE

72643

## DATE

11-17-25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Client reports a 6 month history of the patient sounding congested. Significant stertor noted on exam. Normal air flow. No discharge noted. History of suspected IBD. Currently on prednisolone.  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC/Chem - NSF

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

A 2 x 1 x 1 cm sized, left sided, ventral nasal mass extending cranially and with bilateral involvement of the nasal fundus is seen. The mass shows nonuniform contrast enhancement. Associated mild regional turbinate destruction is noted in the left nasal cavity associated with the left ventral nasal concha. Mild left sided nasal fluid accumulation is noted. The cribriform plate is intact. Regional bone destruction is not noted at present.

The left tympanic bulla is filled with fluid attenuating material. The left external auditory meatus and right tympanic bulla and canal present within normal limits.

The regional lymph nodes are within normal limits.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Left sided ventral nasal soft tissue mass with heterogeneous enhancement and mild turbinate destruction as well as bilateral nasal fundus involvement.
- Mild left sided nasal fluid accumulation.
- Left sided otitis media.

## INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The imaging findings raise concern for neoplasia such as lymphoma, adenocarcinoma, or less commonly fungal or bacterial granuloma. The bilateral fundus involvement may reflect mucosal spread or reactive changes. Evidence of intracranial extension is not seen at this time. Definitive diagnosis requires biopsy of the mass for histopathology. Culture and sensitivity can be considered if any secondary infection is suspected.

Consider otoscopic examination with consideration of myringotomy and middle ear sampling for the left otitis media.

Evidence of regional lymphadenopathy is not seen at this time.



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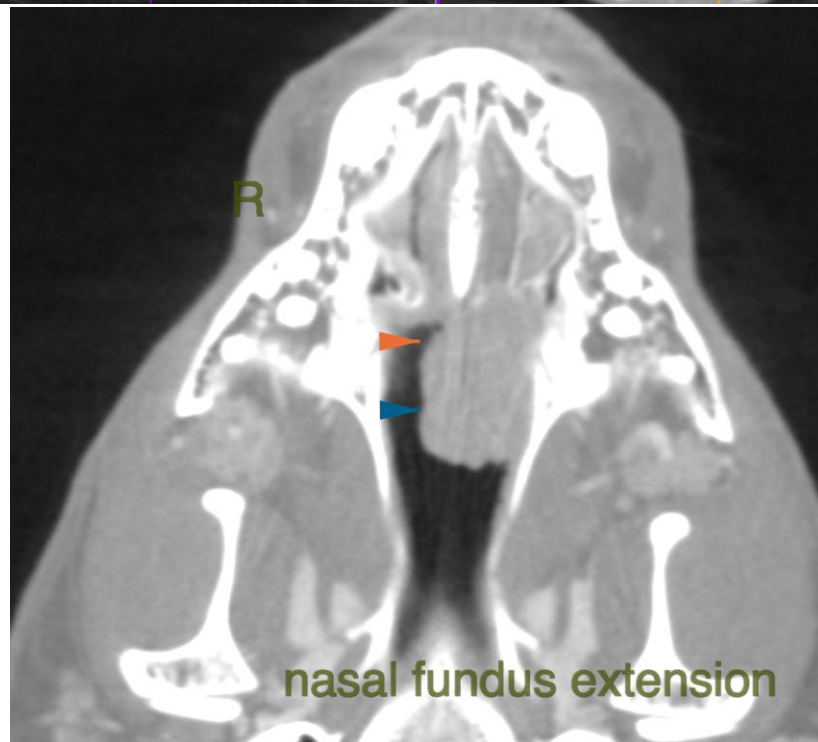
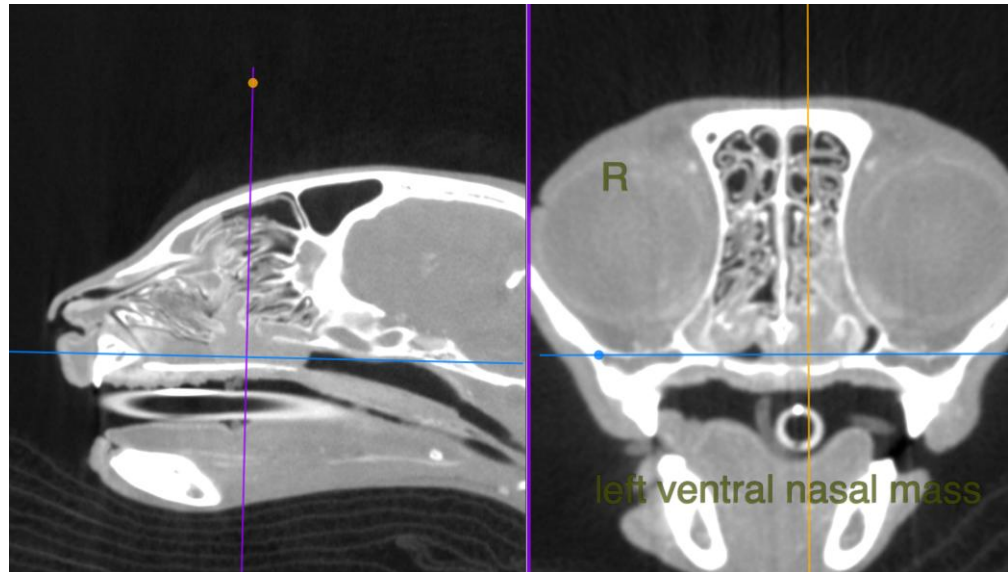
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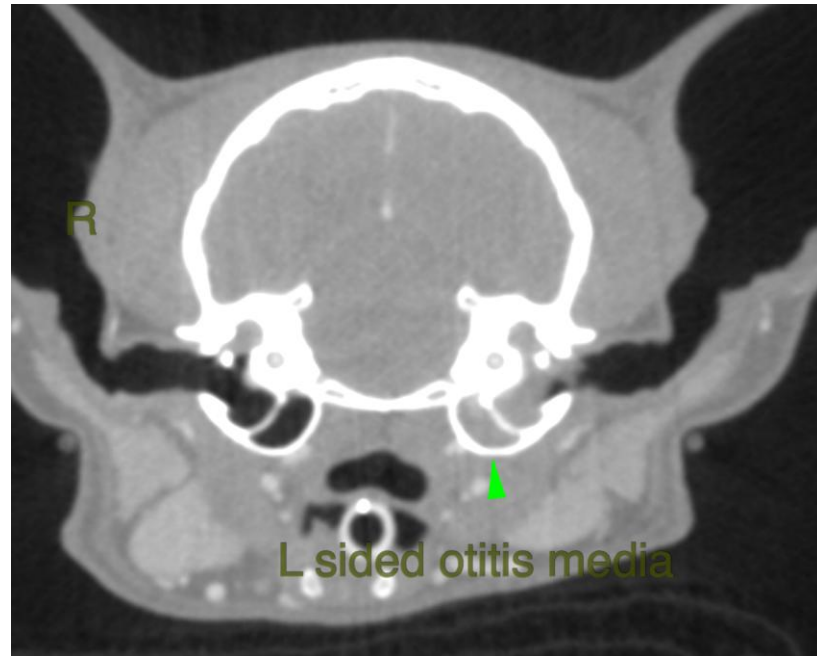
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Amanda Causey, DVM

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI  
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,  
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.  
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