

**PATIENT**

Baby Travis

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Baby presented for nasal discharge- snot and blood clots coming out of nose . This was first noted september 2021 and progressed over this period. She often does not want to eat
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: low mono high bun and creatine high Glucose

SPECIES

Feline

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Plain study available for review.

BREED

Domestic Long Hair

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The assessment is limited to the availability of a plain study only.

SEX

FS

The dentition is incomplete. All premolar and molar teeth are absent. Atrophy of the alveolar crest is noted in all quadrants.

AGE

16 Years

The left nasal cavity is filled with soft tissue and fluid attenuating material. Multifocal mineralization of the nasal turbinates is seen. Mild irregular thickening of the left nasal bone is noted as well. A large amount of layered fluid attenuating material is present within the nasal fundus. A mild amount of fluid attenuating material is seen ventrally within the right nasal cavity. A moderate amount of fluid attenuating material and focal mineralization is seen within the left frontal sinus. The right frontal sinus presents within normal limits. No turbinate destruction is seen.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

A small polypoid soft tissue attenuating structure of 2mm diameter is seen within the horizontal part of the left external auditory meatus.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Chronic bilateral nondestructive rhinosinusitis with mild left nasal bone hyperostosis.
- Presumed hematoma within the nasal fundus.
- Polypoid epithelial proliferation in the left external auditory meatus.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Surgical
Center

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Short

The CT findings are compatible with chronic nondestructive rhinosinusitis with presumably relatively fresh hemorrhage. No discreet mass can be identified; however, it is known that there is some overlap between the imaging findings of rhinitis and neoplasia, especially in cats which is why the imaging study should be complemented by rhinoscopy with sampling. Otoscopic workup should be considered as well.

INVOICE

48364

DATE

11-15-21



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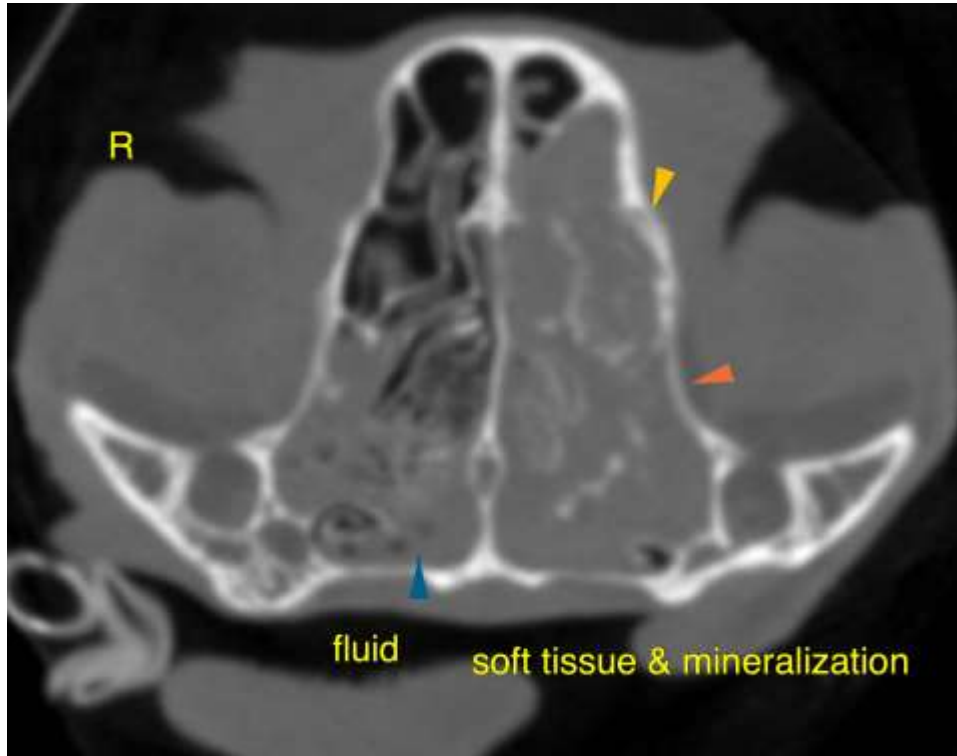
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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