


**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Ruby Beauflis Last night Ruby ate Dinner around 6:30pm. Around 11:30pm Ruby started to choke/cough and breath heavy. Ruby usually sleeps under a blanket and Delcie said the blanket was moving an excessive amount. Ruby quit choking after a few minutes and then started up again briefly a few times. Then again around 3:30am the choking/ coughing and heavy breathing started up again. Delcie said that Ruby did not sleep at all but just laid there. Ruby has not eaten or drank water since 6:30pm 11/10/2021.

Canine Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: TACHYPNIC, WHEEZING, TACHYCARDIC. No murmur or arrhythmia.

**BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX**

Dachshund Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views totaling 3 images available for review.

**SEX RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Spayed Female The lungs are deeply inflated. A lobar alveolar sign of the left cranial and right middle lobes is seen with maintained pulmonary volume. The remainder of the lung presents a diffuse unstructured interstitial pattern. No evidence of mediastinal widening is seen.

13 Years 4 Months The cardiac silhouette was relatively square in shape. However, no overall enlargement and no specific chamber enlargement is seen. The vertebral heart score is 9.5. Course and width of the trachea considered within age related normal limits.

There is mild to moderate gastric aerophagia.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
 DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
 DipECVDI

A faint nodular soft tissue opacity is seen in the subcutaneous tissue caudodorsal of the shoulder blades.

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**
**HOSPITAL NAME**

Elizabeth AH

- Lobar alveolar sign of the left cranial and right middle lobes with diffuse interstitial lung pattern in the background
- No evidence of cardiomegaly or cardiogenic pulmonary edema
- Aerophagia

**INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**
**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Leon Anderson

Differential diagnoses for the radiographic findings include lobar pneumonia and lobar hemorrhage. Acute respiratory distress syndrome or other type of lung cardiogenic pulmonary edema and lobar neoplasia cannot be ruled out entirely as differential diagnoses, but are considered less likely. Correlation with laboratory values and running a coagulation panel are recommended. Empirical treatment for pneumonia could be considered, unless airway endoscopy with airway sampling is an option. However, stabilization of the patient is certainly a priority at this stage.

**INVOICE**

29775

**DATE**

11/11/21



**PATIENT**

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Ruby Beauflis

**SPECIES**

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Canine

**BREED**

**Nele Eley (Ondreka)**, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI  
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,  
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.  
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

Dachshund

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

13 Years 4 Months

**INTERPRETED BY**

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Elizabeth AH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Leon Anderson

**INVOICE**

29775

**DATE**

11/11/21