



PATIENT

Gunnar Volz

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

No clinical signs noted and dog is urinating normally. Hx of GE and respiratory infection all completely resolved. Chronic inc in SDMA and CaOx crystalluria but all else WNL. Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: SDMA 17, 12, 16, 15, creat ALL WNL, BUN ALL WNL, K 3.8, all else WNL. PE ALL WNL UA shows 2+ CaOx crystalluria but all else NSF and USG 1.069.

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Right/lateral and ventrodorsal views totaling 5 images available for review.

BREED

Australian
Labradoodle

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

Male Neutered

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

1 Year, 7 Months

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is moderately distended. No abnormal opacities are seen within the visible pathway of the ureters, urethra, and kidneys.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

HOSPITAL NAME

Northvale Veterinary
Clinic

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Stefanie Simon

- Radiographically normal abdomen.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

47753

No evidence of radiopaque calculi or radiopaque sand is seen throughout the upper and lower urinary tract radiographically. Non-radiopaque calculi cannot be ruled out; however, this would not correlate with the biochemical analysis of the crystals in the urine. A urinary tract ultrasound could be considered in order to rule out non-radiopaque material and other structural pathology.

DATE

10-9-21



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no calculi seen

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

HOSPITAL NAME

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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Senior lecturer University of Giessen, Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology
Nele.Eley@sonopath.com

REFERRING VET

Dr. Stefanie Simon

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