



PATIENT

Macchia Stefanello

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic snuffing and inspiratory snoring.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Low neutrophils

SPECIES

Feline

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Plain and post contrast studies available for review.

BREED

Feline

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The pictured parts of the dentition are complete and unremarkable in all jaw quadrants.

SEX

Neut Female

Prominence of the soft tissue folds in the nasopharynx is seen. There is no actual nasopharyngeal stenosis, and no polyp is seen.

AGE

5

Mild mucosal swelling of the nasal turbinates is seen within both nasal cavities accentuating their caudal third. The cribriform plate is intact. There is mild fluid accumulation within the ventral aspect of both frontal sinuses. A polypoid mucosal proliferation is seen on the floor of the right frontal sinus in its rostral third.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

The tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, and the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

HOSPITAL NAME

Myerscough
Veterinary Group

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio of < 0.5. The attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern are uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild bilateral nondestructive rhinosinusitis with small right frontal sinus polyp.
- Nasopharyngitis.

REFERRING VET

Anna Stefanello

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

47719

The CT findings are compatible with nondestructive rhinosinusitis. A small polyp is seen within the rostral third of the right frontal sinus. Prominence and folding of the nasopharyngeal soft tissues is seen and suggestive for nasopharyngitis. Dynamic pharyngeal collapse is a potential differential diagnosis or may be present concurrently. Consider lymphoplasmacytic / allergic rhinitis versus infectious rhinitis such as viral or bacterial. Further definition by means of rhinoscopy with upper airway sampling would be ideal if not performed already.

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10-7-21



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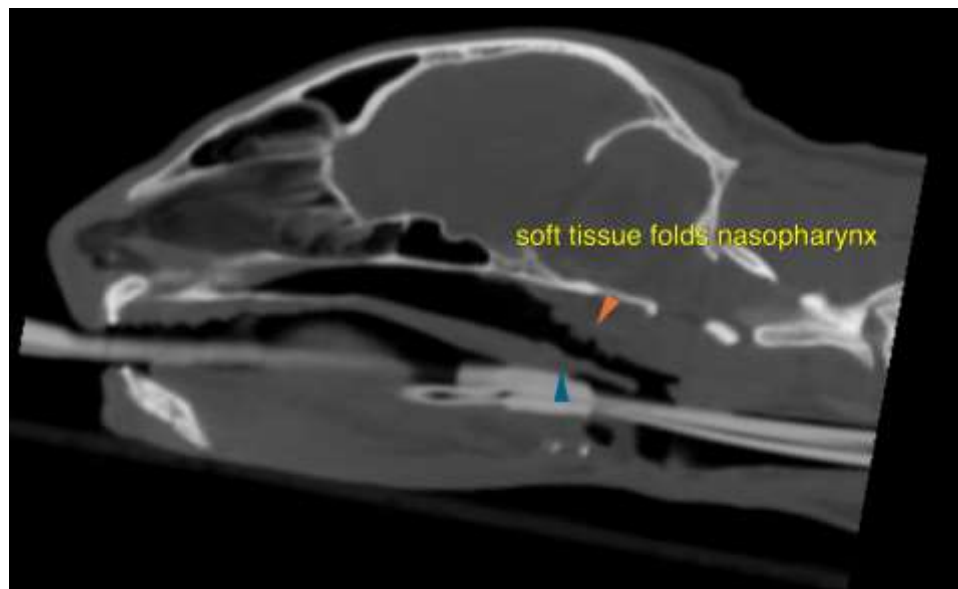
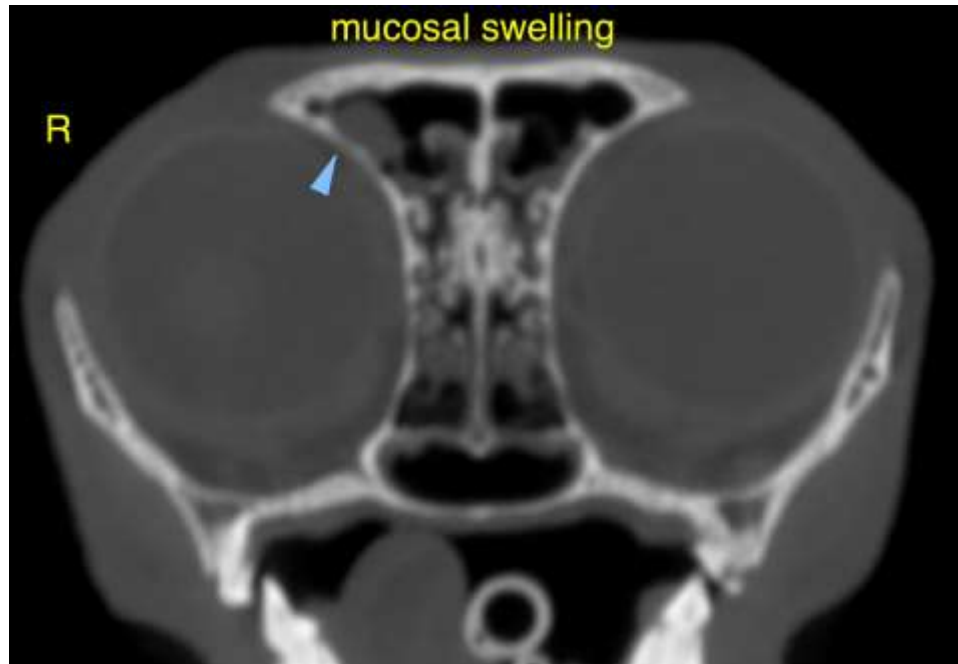
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

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