



PATIENT

Greg Muir

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Persistent vomiting, not eating, significant weight loss, bloodwork done at the beginning of October, it was normal

SPECIES

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX & ABDOMEN

Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views of the abdomen with 2 whole body views including the thorax totaling 4 images available for review.

BREED

DSH

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

MN

The heart is of normal size and shape and there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

7 Years

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDF

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

A moderate generalized bronchial lung pattern is noted with even distribution throughout the entire lung.

HOSPITAL NAME

Barry Magill

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

Abdomen

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Barry Magill

There is moderately reduced serosal detail accentuating the cranial and mid abdomen.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

INVOICE

48041

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic tail is not seen.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

DATE

10-27-21

A soft tissue opaque ill-defined mass effect appears to be present in the cranial and ventral abdomen level with the stomach and/or caudal of it.



PATIENT The small intestinal loops are even in diameter, yet they are turgid in appearance with a moderate gas pattern.

Greg Muir

The colon appears to be mostly empty.

SPECIES

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Cranioventral gastric / perigastric abdominal mass effect.
- Reduced serosal detail.
- Bronchial lung pattern.

BREED

DSH

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Consider intraluminal and mural gastric wall thickening versus pancreatopathy or mass effect with in the cranial abdominal mesentery a potential.

SEX

MN

The reduced serosal detail may be due to peritonitis or peritoneal effusion. Further definition by means of abdominal ultrasound is required and strongly recommended.

AGE

7 Years

The bronchial lung pattern may not be of clinical significance; however, low grade underlying allergic lower airway syndrome or infectious bronchitis cannot be ruled out entirely. Further definition is only recommended in case of pertinent clinical signs.

INTERPRETED BY

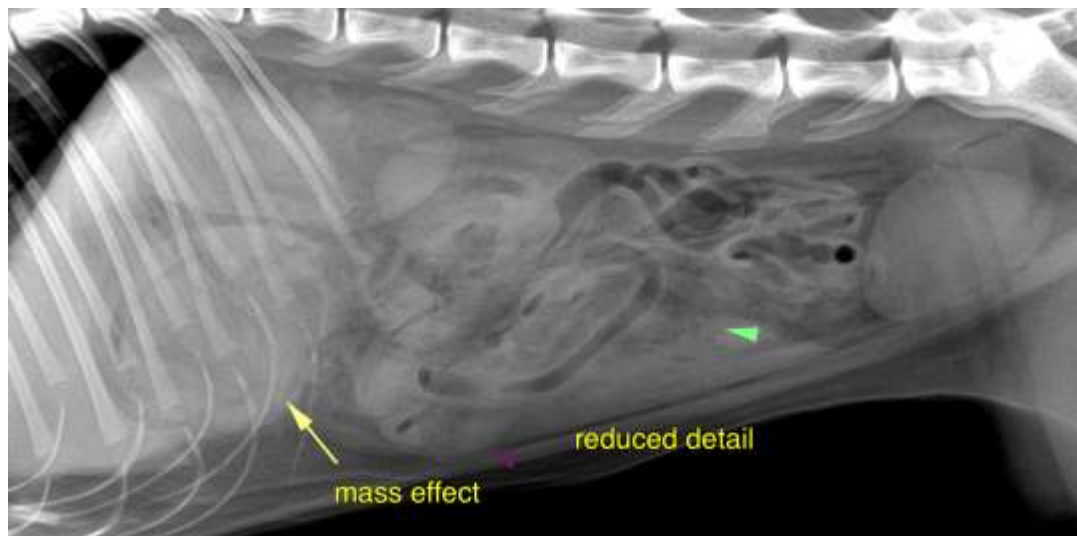
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HOSPITAL NAME

Barry Magill

REFERRING VET

Dr. Barry Magill



INVOICE

48041

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

DATE

10-27-21

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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