



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Izzy Jordan Uncomfortable past 5 days. No interest in food past 3 days. Coughing often. No V/D. Has been licking front legs constantly past 2-3 days. Spot under nose appeared 3 days ago and noticed a spot under her left eye yesterday. DVM: Abdomen TENSE, UNCOMFORTABLE TO PALPATION.

SPECIES Rectal examination not performed. Lymph Nodes Rt submandibular LN 1.5 cm diameter, left prescapular LN slightly large. Rest are normal. Musculoskeletal Ambulatory X 4, normal gait. Canine SORE TO PALPATION OF THORACIC SPINE. proprioception normal. Oral ULCERATION RT UPPER LIP, GINGIVAL MASS ADJACENT TO UPPER INCISOR(102)

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Labrador Retriever Mix Right/left lateral and ventrodorsal views totaling 3 images available for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

Spayed One small round metal opacity is superimposed onto the proximal thoracic limbs in the right lateral view and not seen on the left lateral view. This most likely represents a lead bullet fragment in the soft tissues of the thoracic limbs.

AGE The heart is of normal size and shape and there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

9 Years, 11 Months

INTERPRETED BY The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

HOSPITAL NAME The degree of pulmonary inflation is deep. Multiple variably sized soft tissue opaque interstitial pulmonary nodules are seen throughout the parenchyma of all lung lobes.

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

Kim Allyn, DVM

- Multinodular and miliary lung pattern.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE The radiographic study of the thorax reveals multiple pulmonary interstitial nodules. Secondary neoplasia of the lung / metastatic disease is thought by far most likely. Granulomatous pneumonia such as eosinophilic or fungal cannot be ruled out entirely as a differential diagnosis. Consider screening for a primary tumor and ultrasound guided fine needle aspiration of the pulmonary nodules for further definition.

48052

DATE

10-27-21



PATIENT

Izzy Jordan

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever
Mix

SEX

Spayed

AGE

9 Years, 11 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley, DVM
Dr. med. Vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal
Hospital

REFERRING VET

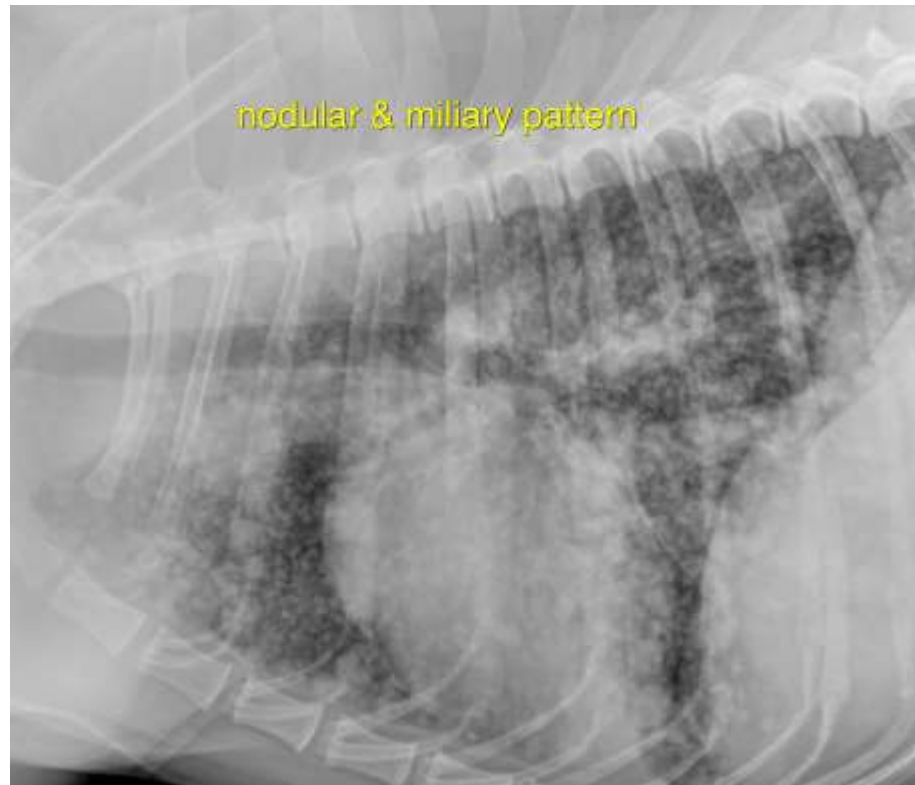
Kim Allyn, DVM

INVOICE

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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