



PATIENT

Coco Krawiec

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Terrier Mix

SEX

FS

AGE

9Y

WEIGHT

32.5kg

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Mobile Pet Imaging

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging

REFERRING VET

Armstrong

INVOICE

73242

DATE

1-8-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Coco presented for a surgery consult due to a liver mass. She went for her annual exam and routine blood work showed elevated liver enzymes. An abdominal ultrasound performed on 11/24/2025 identified a 7 cm cavitated hepatic mass with multiple smaller hepatic nodules, with findings considered most consistent with hepatic carcinoma.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Multiple small nonobstructive calculi are seen in the renal diverticuli of both kidneys.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

The spleen presents with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

A large, cavitated, ill-defined, mass measuring approximately 12 x 10 x 11 cm is seen emerging from the central division of the liver with a pedunculated attachment and extending into the mid abdomen. Multiple superficial feeding vessels are noted supplying the mass. The mass presents strong heterogeneous contrast enhancement. Occasional small isodense hepatic nodules are present in the other lobes. No significant portal lymphadenomegaly is seen.

The pancreas is evenly contoured; the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Solitary large pedunculated cavitated hepatic mass meeting neoplastic criteria.
- Multiple smaller hepatic nodules.
- Small nonobstructive bilateral renal calculi.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT findings are highly suggestive of primary hepatic neoplasia. The findings are most consistent with hepatocellular carcinoma even though other mass such as sarcoma and adenoma cannot be completely excluded. Lobar origin from the quadrate liver lobe is likely. The mass is pedunculated and in a resectable position. The smaller nodules in the hepatic parenchyma are likely to be benign and represent nodules hyperplasia or regenerative nodules. However, metastatic disease cannot be completely excluded. Surgical consultation for hepatic lobectomy can be considered followed by histopathologic examination of the mass and representative samples of the smaller hepatic nodules after thoracic staging.



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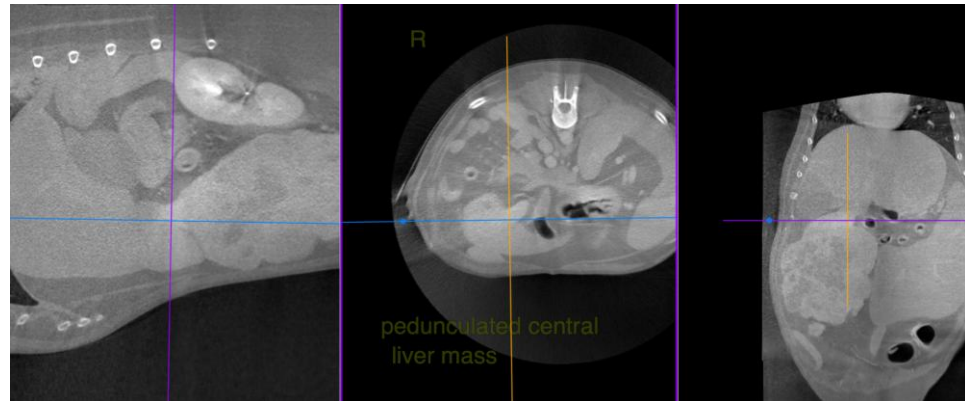
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
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