



## PATIENT

Tucker Cancellieri

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Golden Retriever

## SEX

MN

## AGE

1

## WEIGHT

40kg

## INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

David

## HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Surgical Center  
- Oceanside

## REFERRING VET

Kam

## INVOICE

73483

## DATE

1-27-26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History:

- weight bearing lameness on right thoracic limb. mild effusion on medial compartment of the right elbow joint was noted.
- good ROM on extension of both hip joints were noted
- right thoracic limb lameness r/o elbow FMCP vs OCD vs shoulder OCD vs others

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SHOULDERS, ELBOWS, & CARPI

Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

### Shoulders

Shoulders, humeral heads, glenoid cavities, and articular margins are smoothly contoured and symmetric. No evidence of osteochondral defects, subchondral sclerosis, traumatic osseous injury, or periarticular osteophyte formation is identified. No joint effusion or periarticular soft tissue abnormalities are appreciated.

### Carpri

Carpal bones are normally aligned bilaterally with preserved joint spaces. No evidence of fractures, subchondral bone defects, periarticular bone remodeling, or soft tissue swelling is identified.

### Elbows

Assessment of the elbows is severely limited due to suboptimal positioning with excessive flexion and motion related image degradation. Marked photon starvation and motion blur is seen at the joint level precluding reliable evaluation of the medial coronoid processes, humeral condyles, and joint congruity.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal CT appearance of the both shoulders and both carpi.
- Nondiagnostic evaluation of both elbows due to technical limitations.

## INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The shoulders and carpi do not demonstrate potential sources of pain and lameness that would explain the right forelimb lameness.

The elbow assessment was limited therefore important differentials such as fragmented medial coronoid process, elbow OCD, incongruity, or other joint disease cannot be ruled out based on the current study.

Recommendations: Repeat CT examination of both elbows with optimized positioning, ideally in full extension, minimizing motion artifact and photon starvation.



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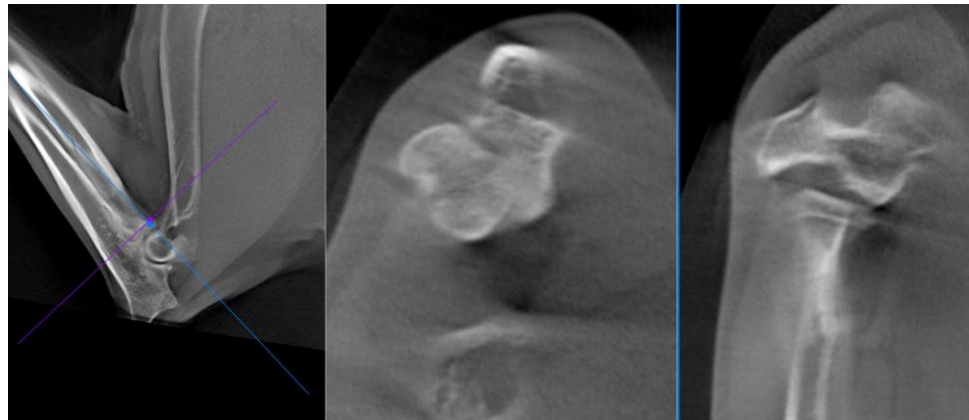
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Nele Eley (Ondreka)**, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI

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