



PATIENT

Gibbs Miles

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

Male Intact

AGE

10Y, 8M

WEIGHT

82.3lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDF

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Ashlyn Colapietro

HOSPITAL NAME

Queen Creek
Veterinary Clinic

REFERRING VET

Dr. Marissa Gibbs

INVOICE

73452

DATE

1-24-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History:

- 4 week history of epistaxis
- Seen with primary care vet and treated with doxycycline and carprofen with no improvement
- Hx Valley Fever infection 3 years ago, treated with 1 year of fluconazole
- Additional records from previous vet not available

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Inside of nares appears depigmented and mildly ulcerated.
All Chem and CBC values WNL on 1/24/2026

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The grey and white matter distinction and the neuroparenchymal attenuation are as expected. The distribution of contrast enhancement is within normal limits throughout the parenchyma and meninges. The ventricular system is non-dilated and within the limits of the expected volume and symmetry.

Thin and smoothly folded conchae and turbinates with even smooth mucosal lining. The osseous lining of the nasal cavities is intact.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external auditory meatuses present within normal limits.

Mild bilateral submandibular lymphadenomegaly is noted. No other regional lymphadenopathy is detected.

The salivary glands present within normal limits.

The visible dentition is within normal limits.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Structurally normal nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses.
- Mild bilateral submandibular lymphadenomegaly.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Epistaxis with structurally normal nasal cavities may have local or systemic causes such as local: trauma, nasal mucosal inflammation with vascular fragility, non-visible foreign body or trauma, as well as systemic causes: coagulopathy, hypertension, systemic fungal infection, and paraneoplastic syndrome.

The mild submandibular lymphadenomegaly is likely reactive, possibly secondary to chronic inflammation or infection.



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Consider coagulation panel and screening for systemic illness. Rhinoscopy may help identify mucosal bleeding sites, microlesions, or early fungal plaques.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
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