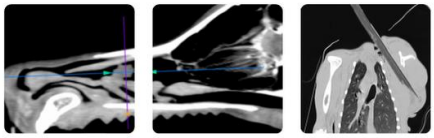

PATIENT

Harley Stanfield

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever Mix

SEX

Neutered

AGE

8Y, 8m

WEIGHT

87

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Carissa Hayden

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

INVOICE

73284

DATE

1-12-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

-Lameness LH is getting worse. -Adequan helped make him happier possibly, but he is using the leg less. - He has been falling from his leg giving out. -Trouble getting up. - Grumpier than usual Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE: Auscultation of the heart and lungs was normal. The remainder of the exam is the same as it was last week. Sending out BW today.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE BILATERAL STIFLES & PELVIS

Mediolateral and craniocaudal views of both stifle joints and lateral and ventrodorsal views of the pelvis totaling 6 images available for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Pelvis

The coxofemoral joints present within age related normal limits. Evidence of joint incongruity, osteoarthritic changes, or aggressive bone disease is not seen.

The lumbosacral junction presents within age related normal limits.

Moderate loss of muscle volume is noted in the left hind limb.

Stifles

Moderate to severe articular swelling of the left stifle joint is noted. There appears to be mild cranial thrust of the tibia with respect to the midpoint of the femoral condyle. Osseous remodeling of the fabellae and periarticular osteophytes at the tibial plateau, patella, and femoral trochlea are seen.

The right stifle joint presents within age related normal limits.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Moderate signs of osteoarthritis of the left stifle joint with radiographic evidence of cranial cruciate ligament insufficiency.
- Normal age related presentation of the right stifle joint and coxofemoral joints.
- Disuse atrophy of the left rear limb musculature.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic study confirms moderate osteoarthritis of the left stifle joint and suggests potential for cranial cruciate ligament insufficiency. The noted radiographic changes are most likely secondary to intraarticular soft tissue pathology such as cranial cruciate ligament injury and/or meniscopathy. Clinical correlation is required. Further definition by means of advanced imaging such as MRI or arthroscopy could be considered in case of questionable clinical findings. Consider surgical intervention to address presumed biomechanical instability of the stifle joint secondary to cruciate ligament injury.

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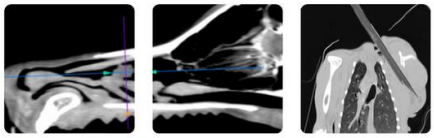

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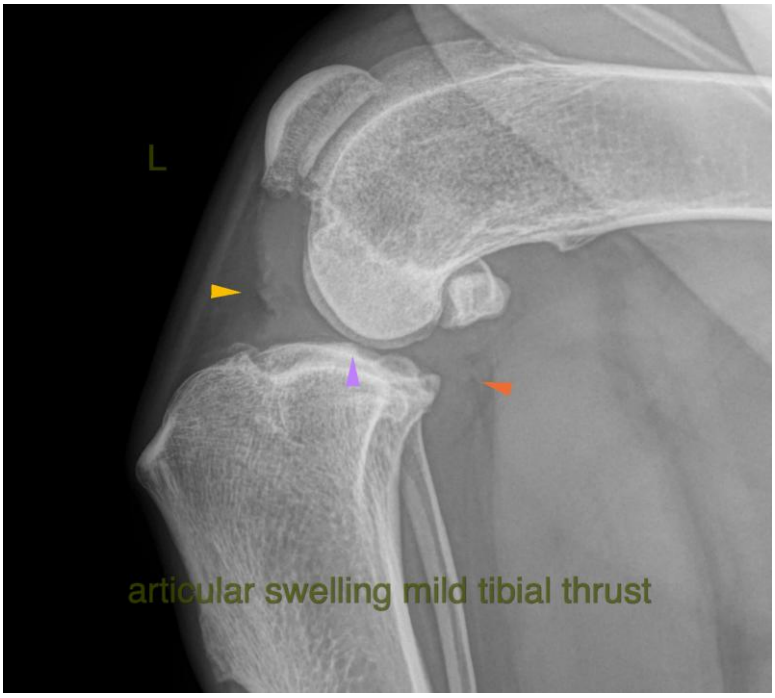

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.
info@sonopath.com