



PATIENT

Milo Solano

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mix

SEX

Intact Male

AGE

5

WEIGHT

15 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Samuel Gabriel

HOSPITAL NAME

CJAH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Gabriel

INVOICE

15027

DATE

9/29/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

has been vomiting on and off for the last year was currently on i/d diet he responded to cerenia tablet but once stopped it he started vomiting again

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: mild intermittent alt elevation (142) on august 2022 cbc : wnl cpl wnl bile acid : pending

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, and cystourethral junction exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 4.3 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.3 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.53 cm width. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.47 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/ Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. Normal hepatic vascular volume was noted. No overt evidence of a portosystemic vascular anomaly was noted. The gallbladder was non-distended in size containing minor, hyperechoic gallbladder debris in the caudal lumen and area of the gallbladder neck. No evidence of gallbladder or peripheral gallbladder inflammation was noted. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.



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Gastrointestinal

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The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material. The gastric body wall width measured 0.3 cm.

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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material. The duodenum wall measured 0.40 cm width. The jejunum wall measured 0.30 cm width. No evidence of mechanical / metabolic gastrointestinal ileus.

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Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

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Pancreas

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The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

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Free Abdomen

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Possible low-grade inflammatory hepatopathy - benign
- Minor gallbladder debris
- Sonographically unremarkable gastrointestinal tract / pancreas

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No evidence of abdominal visceral, specifically gastrointestinal or pancreatic pathology as an obvious cause of the patient's intermittent to possible progressive vomiting. Dietary intolerance / food allergy, occult parasitism, structurally insignificant inflammatory gastroenteropathy, low-grade to chronic pancreatitis (less likely), all potentials.

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Novel protein or hydrolyzed diet trial and gastroprotectant protocol with as-needed gastrointestinal support and assessment of clinical response would be reasonable. Although considered unlikely, resting cortisol level to rule out occult Addison's Disease, may be considered.

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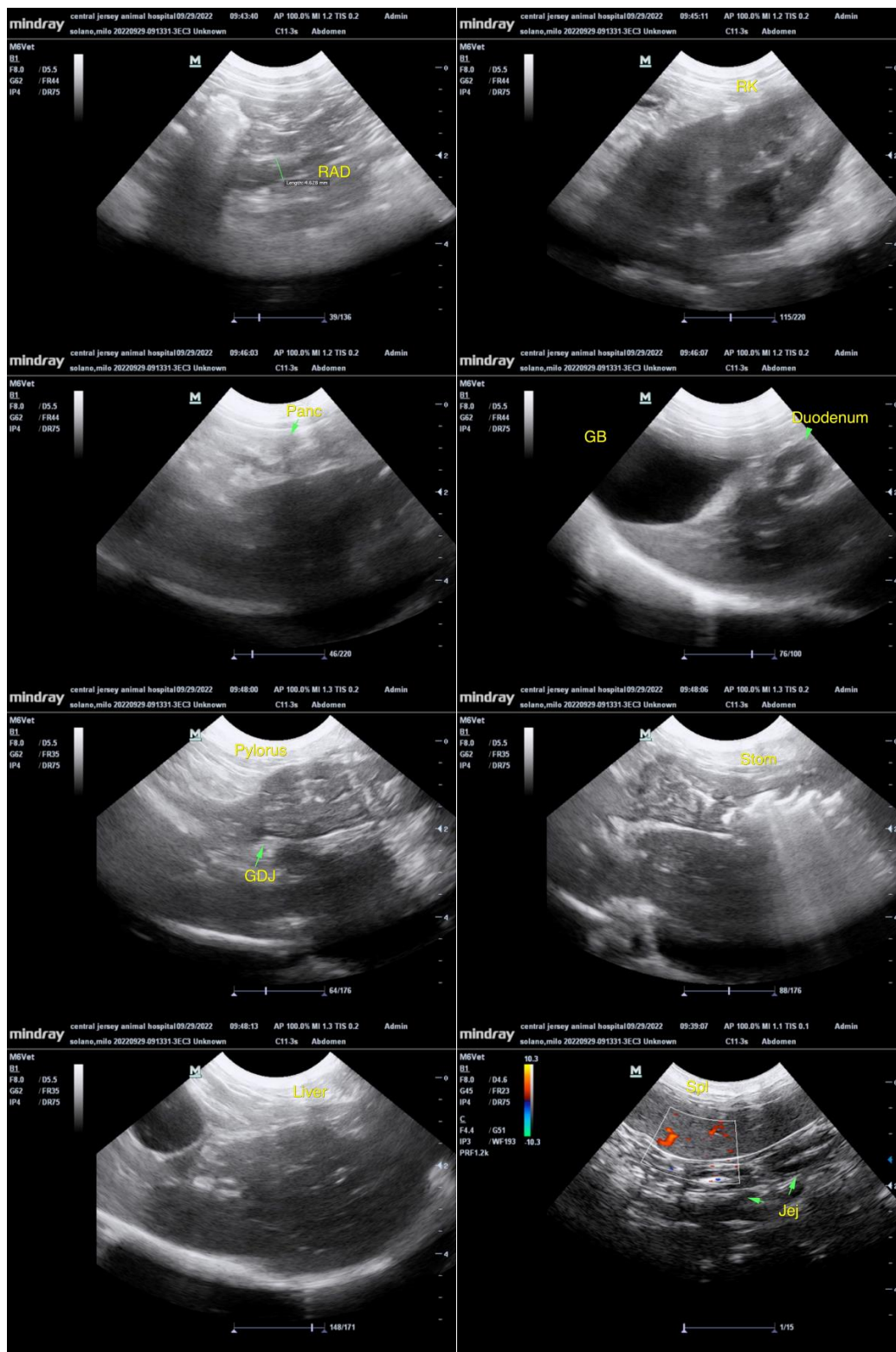
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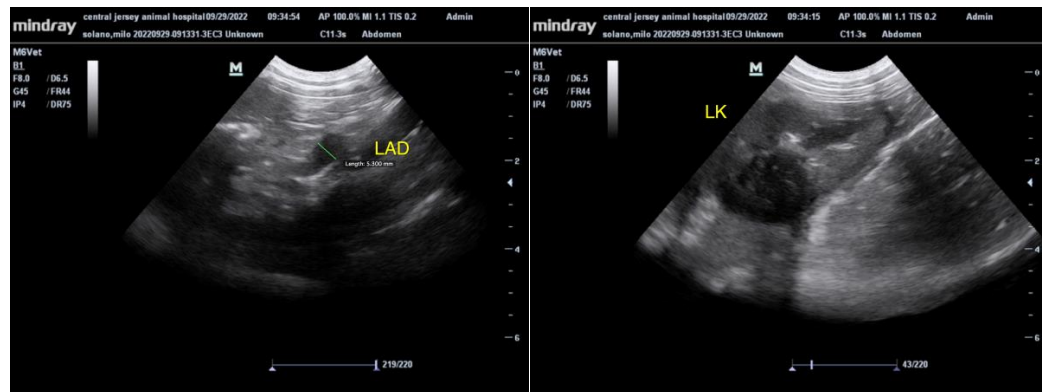
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com