



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Capone Roman	Tarry stools, slimy stools. No current meds Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Pending
SPECIES	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Canine	Urinary System
BREED	The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of – cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.
Bichon	
SEX	The residual prostate and aortic trifurcation were free of pathology.
Neutered Male	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 4.2 cm. The right kidney measured 4.3 cm.
AGE	Adrenal Glands
9 Years 9 Months	The adrenal glands were uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm length x 0.47 cm at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm length x 0.48 cm at the caudal pole.
WEIGHT	Spleen
14.4 Pounds	The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.
INTERPRETED BY	Liver
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Gastrointestinal
Jessica Miller	The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. Gastric body wall measured 0.30 cm. Pylorus wall measured 0.47 cm.
HOSPITAL NAME	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. Duodenum wall measured 0.38 cm. Jejunum wall measured 0.26 cm.
Westwood Regional	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with subjective formed feces in the descending colon with non-formed to soft feces in the proximal colon.
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Goldman	
INVOICE	
25834	
DATE	
9/28/21	



PATIENT

Pancreas

Capone Roman

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SPECIES

Canine

Free Abdomen

Several mildly prominent to enlarged mid abdominal jejunal nodes as well as colic nodes were present. Example of colic lymph node measured 0.45 cm diameter. example of jejunal lymph node measured 2.2 cm x 0.48 cm. The lymph nodes were essentially isoechoic to adjacent omentum without evidence of peripheral inflammation and maintaining a normal width: length ratio (<0.5).

BREED

Bichon

SEX

Neutered Male

- Probable mild enterocolitis
- Associated subjectively mild benign to reactive jejunocolic lymphadenopathy.

AGE

9 Years 9 Months

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No overt evidence of significant visceral or gastroenterocolic pathology noted. Fresh fecal analysis to assess for parasitic ova/giardia is recommended. Empirically, conservative therapy for mild enterocolitis (which may include dietary therapy, gastroprotectants, broad-spectrum deworming (even if fecal testing is negative) and appropriate antibiotics should prove beneficial. Although considered unlikely given the normal appearance of the bilateral adrenal glands, resting cortisol to rule out occult Addison's disease (given potential for melena and non-formed stool) may be considered. Correlation with pending lab work recommended.

WEIGHT

14.4 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

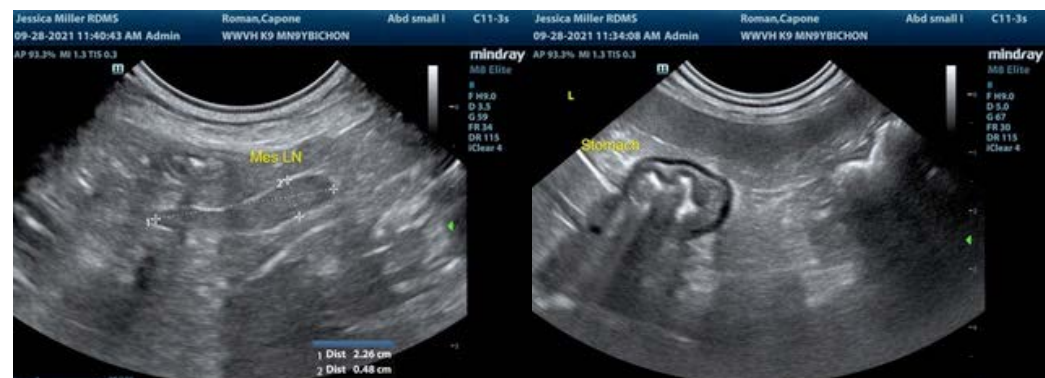


IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jessica Miller

HOSPITAL NAME

Westwood Regional



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PATIENT

Capone Roman

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Bichon

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

9 Years 9 Months

WEIGHT

14.4 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jessica Miller

HOSPITAL NAME

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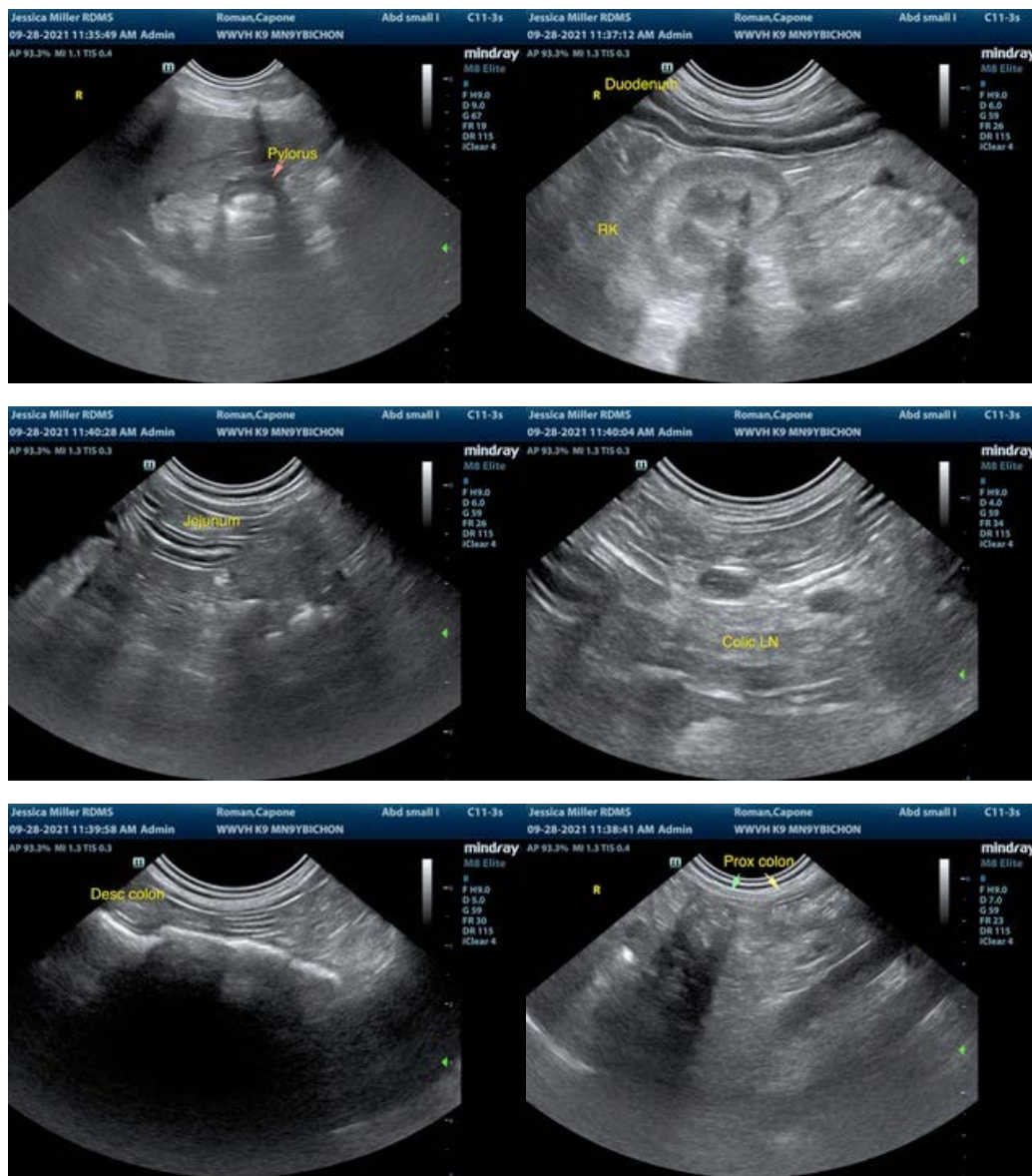
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
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