



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Hugo Henderson

No current medications. ALP has been steadily increasing since 2019. Now it is 1200.

**SPECIES**

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ALP 1272, ALT wnl, CBC wnl, USG 1.031, neg protein/glucose

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**BREED**

Dachshund

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

**SEX**

MN

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured – cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.7 cm in length.

**AGE**

12yr

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

**Adrenal Glands**

**WEIGHT**

8kg

The left adrenal gland exhibited mild prominent size based on caudal pole width with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.72 cm width at the caudal pole and 1.8 cm length. The right adrenal gland exhibited mild prominent size based on caudal pole width with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.71 cm width at the caudal pole and 1.8 cm length.

**INTERPRETED BY**

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

**Spleen**

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Crystal Hill

**Liver**

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Westoak Animal  
Hospital

The liver presented mild to moderately enlarged in size. The parenchyma of the liver was subjectively normal in echogenicity compared to the spleen and renal cortices. The liver parenchyma was uniform with a mildly coarse echotexture. The capsule of the liver was symmetrically rounded to mildly swollen in margination. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with primarily anechoic luminal content and mild echogenic luminal debris. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Kohlmaier

**Gastrointestinal**

**INVOICE**

11695ag

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach contained mild ingesta with areas of distal acoustic shadowing with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

**DATE**

09/26/2022

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.



**PATIENT**

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Hugo Henderson

**Pancreas**

**SPECIES**

The pancreas was normal in size and contour with isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.

Canine

**Free Abdomen**

**BREED**

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

Dachshund

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX**

- Vacuolar hepatopathy pattern-benign
- Mild gallbladder debris (non-mucocele)
- Bilateral mild prominent adrenal glands
- Mild age-related renal changes
- Heterogeneous pancreas-minor benign remodeling, age/patient variant

MN

**AGE**

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

12yr

Assuming normal clotting status, a hepatic FNA for screening cytology could be considered for further assessment. Bland novel protein or hydrolyzed diet trial along with hepatosupportive medications may prove beneficial.

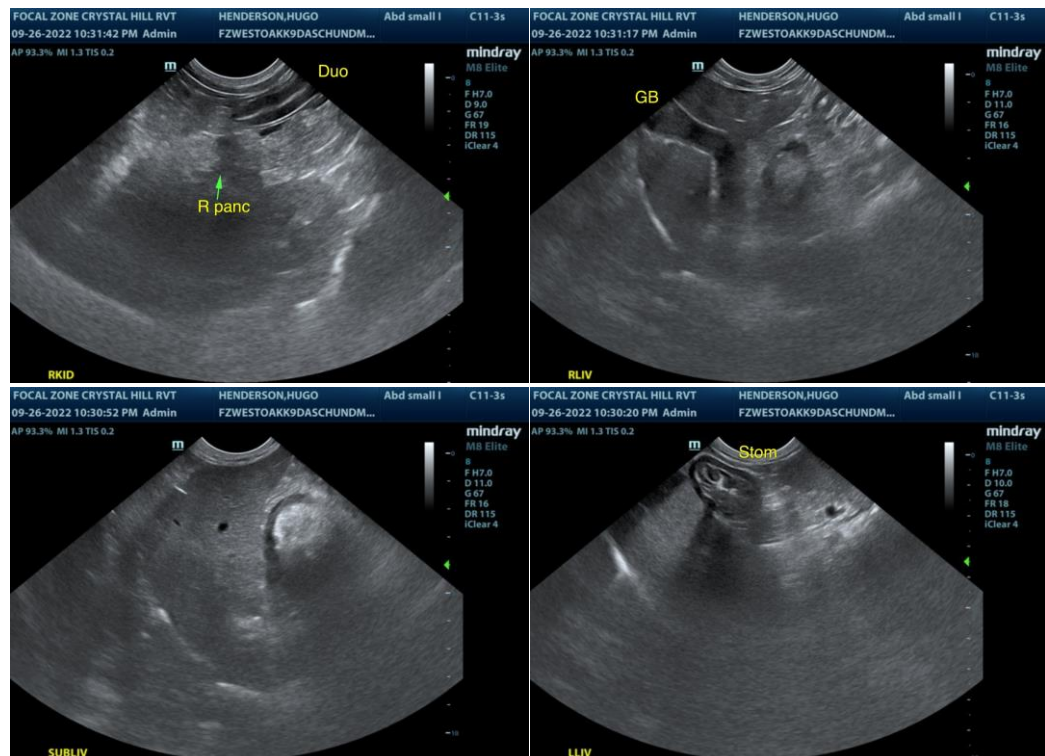
**WEIGHT**

The bilateral prominent adrenal glands are of unclear clinical significance given lack of reported clinical signs. A full adrenal workup could be considered if clinical signs suggestive of adrenal hyperfunction arise. No evidence of hepatic or adrenal neoplastic criteria was observed.

8kg

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DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)



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**HOSPITAL NAME**

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**PATIENT**

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Canine

**BREED**

Dachshund

**SEX**

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**AGE**

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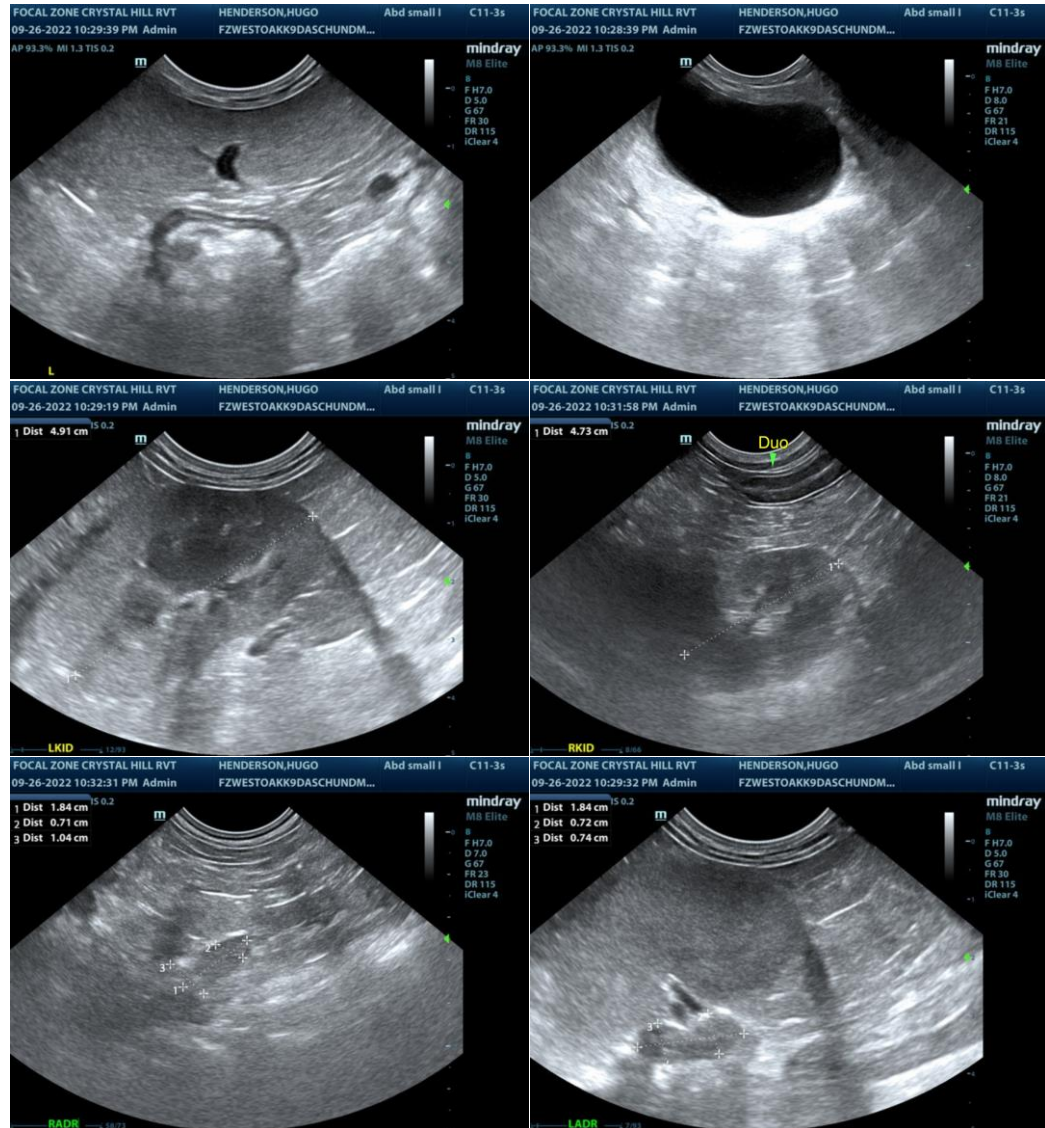
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

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