



PATIENT

Maya Gordon

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

DRAMATIC WEIGHT LOSS FROM 15 TO 10LBS ICTERIC LETHARGY ANOREXIA

SPECIES

Feline

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CRANIAL ABDOMINAL MASS ELEVATED ALT, ALPK, GGT, BILIRUBIN -6.6, ANEMIA

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED

DSH

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with mild nondependent particulate sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

SEX

FS

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with normal increased echogenicity and corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 3.8 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.8 cm in length.

AGE

7yr

Adrenal Glands

The left and right adrenal glands were not definitively visualized.

WEIGHT

10.8lb

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

Liver

The liver presented increased in size. The parenchyma of the liver was subjectively increased in echogenicity compared to the spleen and renal cortices. The echotexture of the liver parenchyma was uniform with a mild coarse echotexture. The capsule of the liver was symmetrical in margination. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Sharkaway

HOSPITAL NAME

Kew Gardens Animal
Hospital

The gallbladder was non-distended in size with primarily anechoic luminal content and mild echogenic luminal debris. The proximal common bile duct was dilated and tortuous without overt post hepatic obstruction measuring 0.25 cm in diameter.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Sharkaway

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The gastric body wall measured 0.25 cm in width.

INVOICE

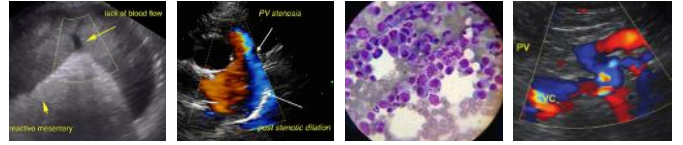
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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The duodenum measured 0.22 cm in width. The jejunum measured 0.20 cm in width.

DATE

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Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.



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Pancreas

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The pancreas was normal in size and contour with isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.

SPECIES

Free Abdomen

Feline

Intermittent small pocket of perihepatic free fluid was present. No overt omental masses or lymphadenopathy.

BREED

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

DSH

Primary

SEX

- Hepatopathy exhibiting generalized parenchyma hyperechogenicity
- Mild gallbladder debris
- Proximal non-obstructive proximal CBD dilation
- Overtly normal GI tract
- Mild heterogeneous pancreas
- Scant perihepatic free fluid

FS

AGE

Secondary

7yr

- Mild urinary bladder sediment

WEIGHT

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

10.8lb

The appearance of the liver was nonspecific but may indicate vacuolar hepatopathy, chronic hepatitis/cholangiohepatitis, lipidosis, or fibrosis while round cell hepatic neoplasia cannot be excluded. Assuming normal coagulation parameters, ultrasound guided FNA of the liver using a 25-gauge needle would be warranted for cytology, primarily to assess for evidence of inflammatory cells and to rule out round cell neoplasia such as lymphoma. Triad disease may be a possibility in this patient.

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A GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate is recommended. The urinary bladder sediment may suggest cellular / crystalline debris or mucus. Cystocentesis for UA +/- C/S if evidence of inflammatory cells is recommended.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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Empirically pending diagnostics, therapy for cholangiohepatitis with as needed GI support would be reasonable.

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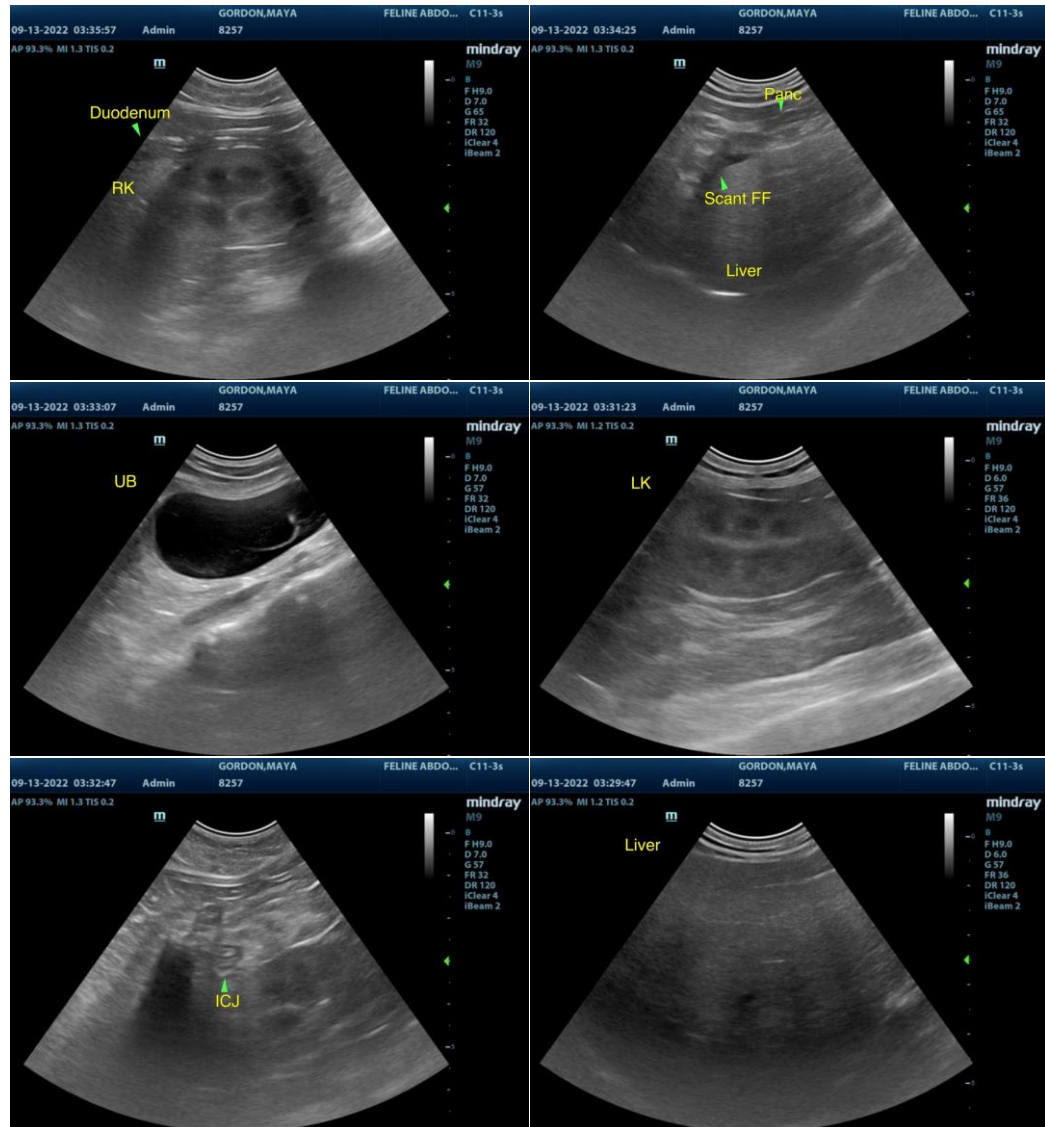
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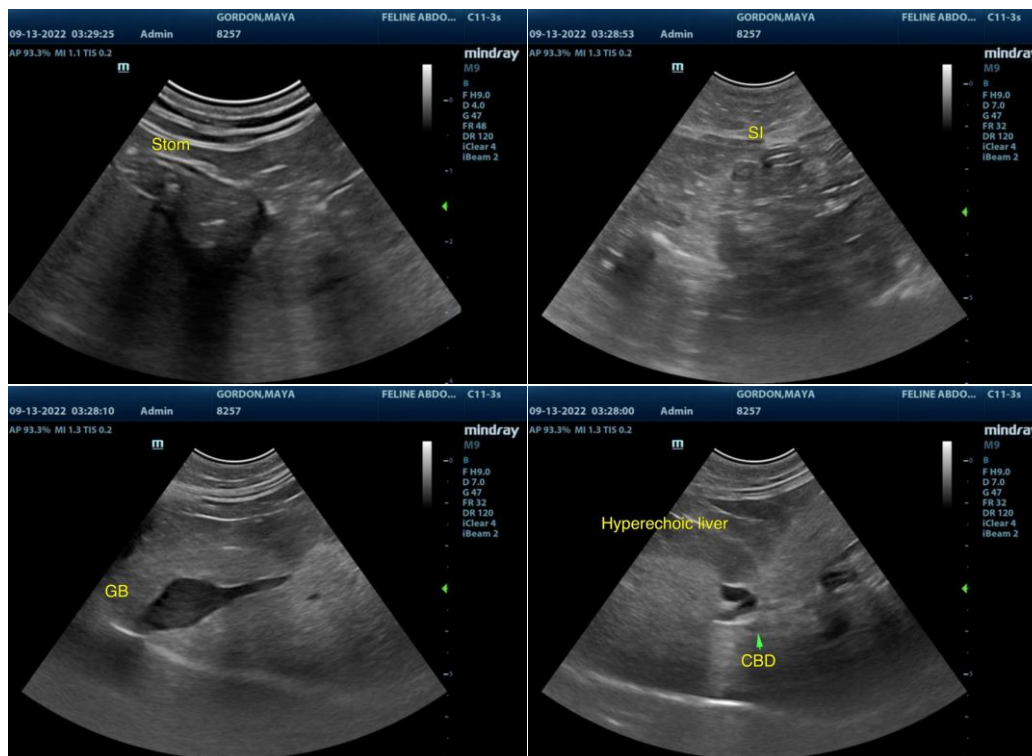
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

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