



PATIENT

Patch Heim

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

61

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Trae Cutchin

HOSPITAL NAME

Friendship Springs
VC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Trae Cutchin

INVOICE

12207

DATE

9/11/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Overweight, reduced appetite for about a week, mild weight loss
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC, chems, T4, UA, HWT are wnl.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 4.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

The residual prostate was symmetrically normal in size with uniform parenchyma and slight coarse echotexture.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 5.9 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.5 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.59 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.52 cm width at the cranial pole.

The right adrenal gland was indistinctly visualized yet without overt pathology, subjectively measuring 0.7cm width at the caudal pole and 0.85 cm width at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/ Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented wall thickening secondary to echogenic mucosa hypertrophy. Intact wall layering was maintained and distinct. Mild gastric distension with mild retained anechoic fluid in the



PATIENT	gastric lumen was present. No evidence of retained ingesta, foreign material, or mechanical pyloric outflow obstruction was noted.
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SPECIES	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material. The duodenum wall width measured 0.40 cm. The jejunum wall width measured 0.37 cm.
Canine	
BREED	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
Mix	
SEX	Pancreas The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.
Neutered Male	
AGE	Free Abdomen No intraabdominal masses, lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.
11 years	
WEIGHT	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
61	Primary Findings
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gastritis with mild gastric stasis • Sonographically unremarkable small bowel
INTERPRETED BY	Secondary Findings
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mild age-related renal changes
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS
Dr. Trae Cutchin	Aside from subjective mild gastric inflammatory pattern and stasis, no overt evidence of significant visceral pathology as an obvious cause of the patient's mild weight loss was noted. A GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate as well as three-view chest radiographs and neurological / musculoskeletal examination are recommended to assess for or rule out occult disease which may cause weight loss. Empirically, some or all of the following protocol may be considered.
HOSPITAL NAME	A clinical trial of Zithromax (Dogs: 5-10 mg/kg p.o. q24h. May increase dosing interval to q48h after 3-5 days of treatment), Metronidazole (10-20 mg/kg p.o. b.i.d.), Pepcid (0.5-1 mg/kg s.i.d.) and Sucralfate (0.5-2 g/dog PO) or Omeprazole (1 mg/kg p.o. s.i.d.) over the next 3 weeks along with a novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet with slurry feeding b.i.d./t.i.d. over the next 2-4 days and then increase to canned diet bid. Dry food should be avoided over the next 4 weeks. A recheck sonogram to assess GI improvement or progression would be ideal in 4 weeks.
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com