



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Lola Ratham History: presented with bloat vomited 10 times increased RR
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

Canine

BREED

Bulldog

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

8 Years

WEIGHT

43 Pounds

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	--	1.1	1.1	47.1	82	0.4
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	155	1.3	1.0	--	3.2	3.4	--

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

INVOICE

12890

DATE

9/1/21

Cardiac Presentation

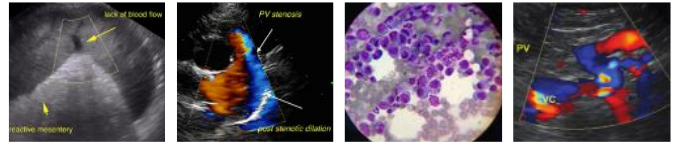
The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 separate methods of LA evaluation. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented normal linear structure, extension in systole, and union in diastole with normal kinesis. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinesis. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonary outflow** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx.1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. The cranial **mediastinum and pericardial and extra-cardiac regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. Aortic trifurcation was normal.



PATIENT	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some mild increased echogenicity and loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 6.1 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.1 cm in length.
Lola Ratham	
SPECIES	Adrenal Glands
Canine	The left adrenal gland was indistinctly visualized yet subjectively measuring 0.60 cm width caudal pole.
BREED	The right adrenal gland was not definitively visualized.
Bulldog	Spleen
SEX	The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.
Spayed Female	
AGE	Liver
8 Years	The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.
WEIGHT	Gastrointestinal
43 Pounds	The stomach presented moderate to markedly distended with retained primarily anechoic fluid. The gastric fundus was sonographically unremarkable. The gastric body wall measured 0.40 cm. Mild prominent pylorus walls were present primarily owing to subjective mild mucosal hypertrophy. No overt evidence of mechanical pyloric outflow obstruction as with obstructive pyloric mural hypertrophy or foreign material. The pylorus wall measured up to 0.70 cm.
INTERPRETED BY	The duodenum exhibited intact yet subjective mildly prominent wall layering yet without evidence of concurrent duodenal luminal fluid or duodenal ileus. Duodenum wall measured 0.48 cm. The jejunum and ileum to the level of the colon were sonographically unremarkable.
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Pancreas
Jenn	The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.
HOSPITAL NAME	Free Abdomen
Rockaway AH	No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.
REFERRING VET	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
Dr. Maniar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal echocardiogram • Hypomotile stomach
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PATIENT

- Subjective mild pyloric mucosal hypertrophy-subjectively non-obstructive

Lola Ratham

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

SPECIES

Overall, the gastric hypomotility is suspected to be metabolic in origin, potentially owing to gastric inflammation. An obvious cause of possible mechanical gastric or upper gastrointestinal obstruction, i.e., upper gastrointestinal mural pathology or foreign material was not evident. Some or all of the following protocol may be considered empirically with continued monitoring, however, given the repeated bloating episodes in this patient, upper gastrointestinal endoscopy with potential for biopsies and further clarification +/- laparotomy with stomach tacking and biopsies may be indicated. Given no overt evidence of mechanical obstruction, gastrointestinal prokinetic agents may also prove beneficial.

Canine

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Bulldog

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AGE

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Helicobacter/Gastritis protocol

A clinical trial of **Zithromax (Dogs: 5-10 mg/kg p.o. q24h. May increase dosing interval to q48h after 3-5 days of treatment), Metronidazole (10-20 mg/kg p.o. b.i.d.), Pepcid (0.5-1 mg/kg s.i.d.) and Sucralfate (0.5-2 g/dog PO) or Omeprazole (1 mg/kg p.o. s.i.d.)** over the next 3 weeks along with a **novel-protein or hydrolyzed diet** with slurry feeding b.i.d./t.i.d. over the next 2-4 days and then increase to canned diet bid. Dry food should be avoided over the next 4 weeks. A recheck sonogram to assess GI improvement or progression would be ideal in 4 weeks.

WEIGHT

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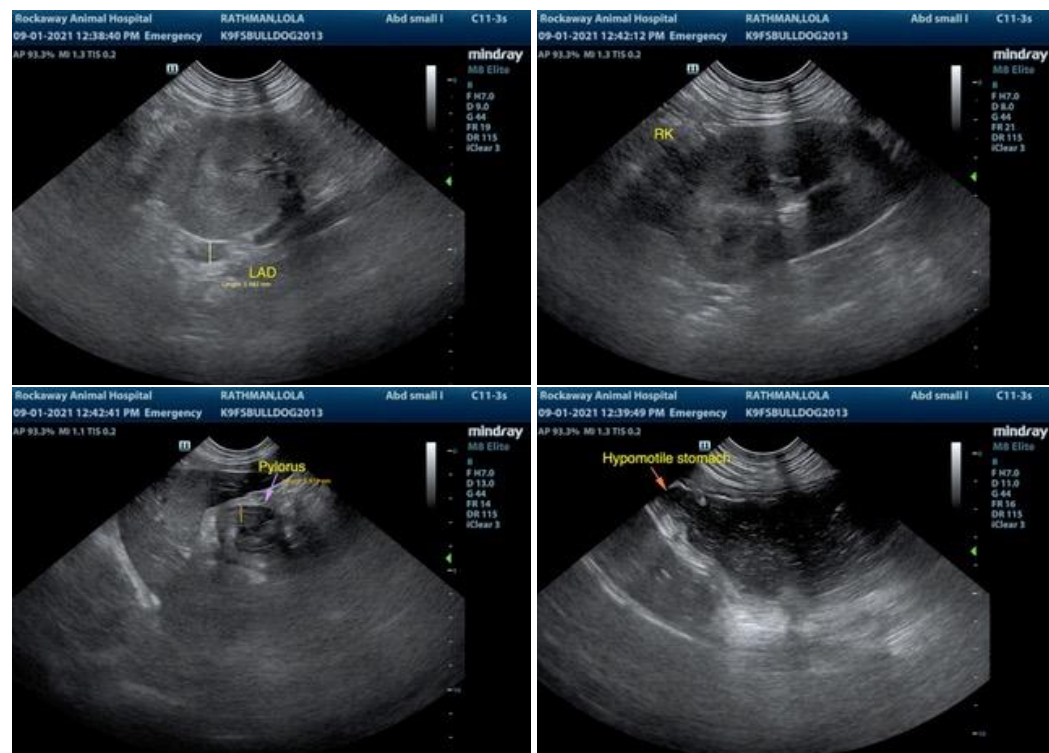
Dr. Maniar

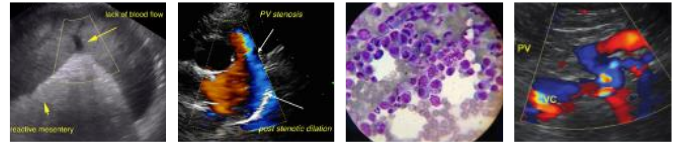
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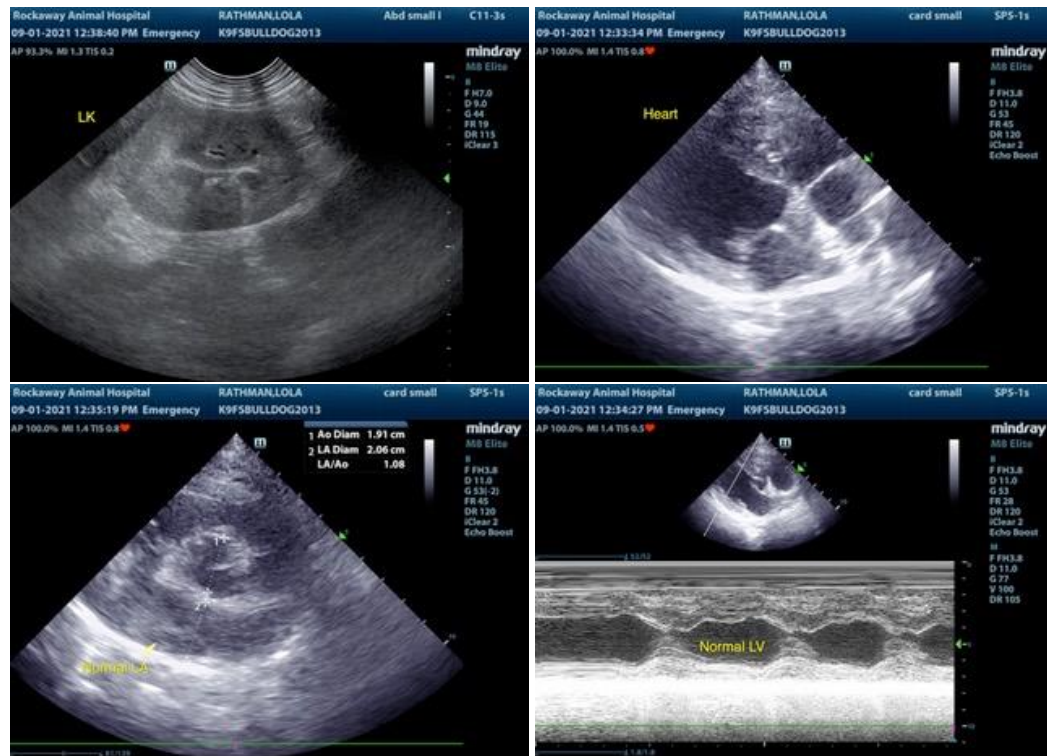
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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